

**MAIN RECEIVER**

**TYPE**

**R 8001**

**TM. 8001/8901**



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## 1. INTRODUCTION

The R8001 is a high performance, general purpose, programmable, LF/MF/HF receiver covering the frequency range 10 kHz to 30 MHz. It is designed for surveillance, monitoring and communication applications with major emphasis placed on ease of operation. It meets the CEPT Performance Specification for Maritime Mobile Main Receivers and fulfils the SOLAS regulations for main and reserve receivers as well as the national requirements of most countries.

The Receiver consists of a Receiver Unit and a Control Unit. With the units combined they may be placed table-top or 19" rack mounted. The construction of the receiver permits the Control Unit to be separated from the Receiver Unit by up to 100 m thereby increasing installation flexibility and permitting installation in operator consoles where space is at a premium.

The Receiver Unit contains a dual conversion receiver signal path, which provides for reception of upper and lower sideband SSB, double sideband AM, CW and MCW morse telegraphy, and FSK Radiotelex signals. Duplex operation is facilitated utilizing a novel technique based on automatic front-end attenuator adjustment. A fast tuning synthesizer provides 10 Hz resolution with stability determined by a Master Oscillator, available in different grades of stability. The Receiver Unit is controlled via a microprocessor-based control circuit through a serial interface with rates of 300, 600, 1200 or 2400 Bauds. Power supply is from AC or 24 V DC with automatic switch-over to DC in case of AC power failure.

The Control Unit provides the user interface. The logical front panel design is based on a sealed membrane keyboard and easy-to-read yellow LED displays. A flywheel tuning knob is used for search and fine tuning in 1000 Hz, 100 Hz or 10 Hz steps and for manual scanning. A number of advanced operating features are provided, including storage and recall of up to 399 receiver set-ups in user-programmable non-volatile memory, automatic channel and frequency scanning capability with programmable dwell time, hold time and signal threshold level. Time of day may be displayed from a built-in crystal controlled real-time clock. Receiver settings are retained during power-down.

Audio output is available from a built-in loudspeaker or a standard phone jack on the front panel, and from a 600 ohm balanced line output. Additional outputs are available for external speaker and handset earpiece.

Maintenance of the receiver is aided by a self-test programme for fault localization down to module level. No soldering or realignment is required when replacing modules.

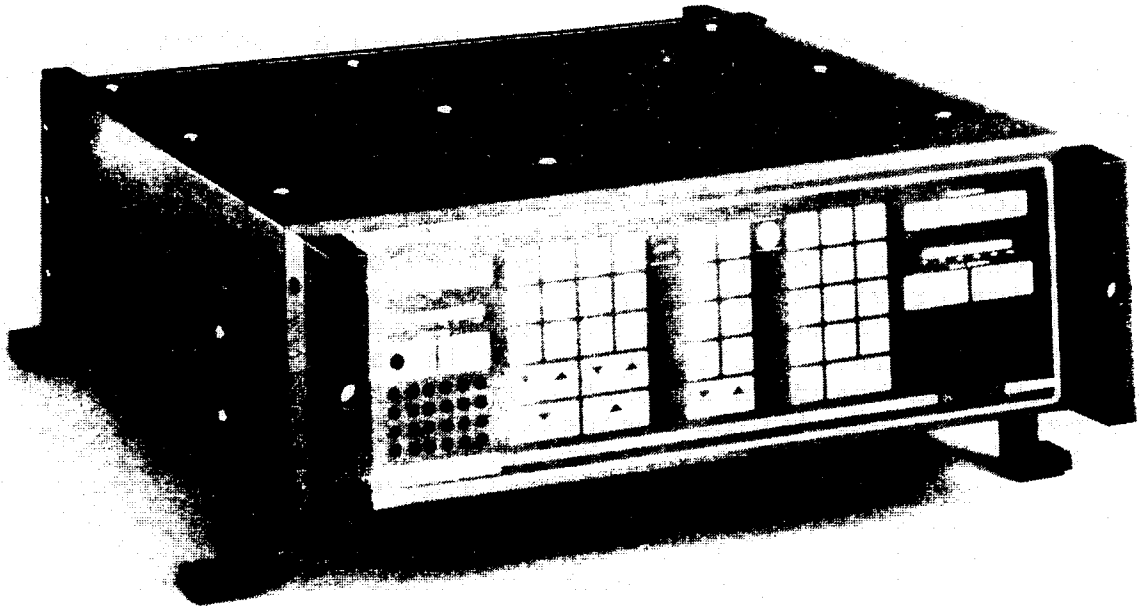


Fig. 1.1

Receiver R 8001 shown with units attached to each other.

## 2. TECHNICAL DATA

The R8001 Marine Main Communications Receiver complies with the CEPT Performance Specification for Maritime Mobile Main Receivers. It fulfils the SOLAS regulations for main and reserve receivers as well as the national requirements of most countries.

Frequency Range:	100 kHz to 30 MHz (10 kHz to 100 kHz with reduced performance).
Frequency Generation:	True digital frequency synthesis.
Frequency Selection:	Flywheel tuning knob. Direct keyboard entry. Recall of 399 user-programmable channels. Recall of ITU coast station frequencies. Automatic scanning. Remote control.
Frequency Resolution:	10 Hz.
Frequency Presentation:	Yellow LED display.
Frequency Stability:	1.5 ppm, 0 to +40 deg.C. 0.8 ppm, -20 to +40 deg.C. (optional) 0.4 ppm, 0 to +40 deg.C. (optional)
Operating Modes:	USB (upper sideband J3E, R3E, H3E) LSB (lower sideband J3E, R3E, H3E) AM (double sideband A3E, H3E) TELEX (F1B, J2B, with external AFSK demodulator) CW (A1A) MCW (A2A, H2A)
Antenna Impedance:	50 ohms. Optional below 4 MHz: High Impedance, 10 ohm+250 pF (internally selectable).
Input Protection:	30 V EMF for up to 15 min.
IF selectivity:	SSB: 350 Hz to 2700 Hz Wide: +/- 2700 Hz Intermediate: +/- 1200 Hz Narrow: +/- 250 Hz PBS (Pass Band Shift) facility in USB and LSB modes using the BFO keys.
Sensitivity:	Max. antenna input (EMF) for 10 dB SINAD, 50 ohm antenna:  SSB (350-2700 Hz): 0.8 uV AM (+/- 2700 Hz): 5 uV CW (+/- 250 Hz): 0.45 uV When RF-AMP is selected, the sensitivity is increased by approx. 6 dB.

Intermodulation:	Two 100 dBuV signals 30 kHz/60 kHz off tune produce less output than an equivalent input signal of 30 dBuV.
Cross Modulation:	An unwanted signal 118 dBuV/30%-400 Hz more than 20 kHz off tune produces cross modulation below -30 dB relative to a wanted signal of 60 dBuV (SSB).
Blocking:	With a wanted signal giving 20 dB SINAD, an unwanted signal 20 kHz off tune 80 dB above the wanted signal level will affect the output level by less than 3 dB or cause a reduction in SINAD of less than 6 dB (SSB).  With a wanted signal 60 dBuV, an unwanted signal 20 kHz off tune 110 dBuV will affect the output level by less than 3 dB or cause a reduction of SINAD of less than 6 dB (SSB).
Image Rejection:	Greater than 80 dB.
IF Rejection:	Greater than 90 dB.
Spurious Response Rejection:	Greater than 80 dB below 4 MHz. Greater than 70 dB above 4 MHz.
Internally Generated Spurious Signals:	Less than 5 dB SINAD (SSB).
Spurious Emissions:	Less than 25 pW/50 ohm at antenna connector.
RF Amplifier:	0 dB or 10 dB.
RF Attenuator:	0 dB or 20 dB.
Automatic Gain Control:	Less than 5 dB change in output for 100 dB input signal variation from 20 dB sensitivity level (SSB).  SSB, CW, MCW, TELEX: Attack time: 2 ms. Recovery time, FAST: 0.2 s. SLOW: 2 s.  AM: Attack time: 150 ms. Decay time: 300 ms.
BFO/BPS Range:	+/- 3 kHz synthesized in 100 Hz steps.
Line Output:	Internally adjustable up to +10 dBm/600 ohm, balanced.
Audio Output Power:	0.5 W in internal loudspeaker and/or 4 W in 8 ohm external loudspeaker.

Audio Squelch: Speech Operated.

Power Supply: 110-120/220-240 V AC 50-60 Hz and 24 V  
DC with automatic changeover to DC in  
the absence of AC mains supply.

Supply Voltage  
Variations: DC: -10% to +30%.  
AC: +/- 10%. AC Frequency: +/- 5%.

Consumption: 24 V battery: approx. 40 W.  
AC mains: approx. 50 VA.

Operating Temperature  
Range: -20 to +55 deg.C.

Full Performance  
Temperature Range: 0 to + 40 deg.C.

Environmental  
Specifications: Complies with CEPT and MPT 1204.

Mechanical  
Characteristics: Height: 132.5 mm  
Width: 432 mm (482 mm incl. brackets  
for 19" rack mounting)  
Depth: 553 mm (incl. handles)  
Depth into rack: 506 mm (incl. rear  
side clearance)  
Depth, Control Unit only: 135 mm  
(incl. handles)  
Depth, Receiver Unit only: 418 mm  
Weight: approx. 16 kg



### 3. OPERATION

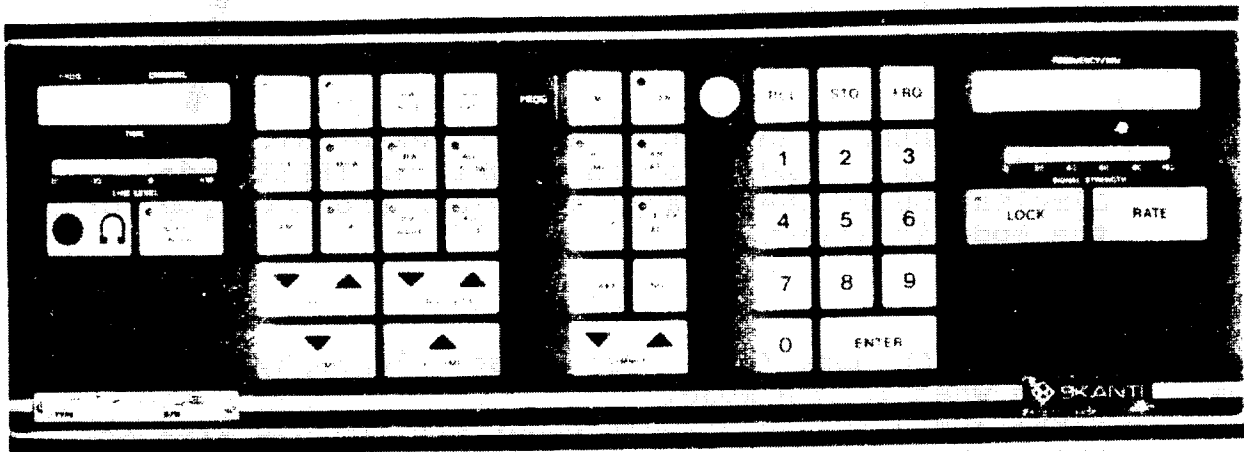


Fig. 3.1

The receiver is operated from the Control Unit (fig. 3.1) and is mainly keyboard controlled.

When supplied from AC mains the mains ON/OFF switch on the rear of the Receiver Unit must be in the ON position.

This chapter is divided into sections describing the following:

- 3.1 Description of Operating Controls
- 3.2 Description of Displays and Indicators
- 3.3 Direct Keyboard Functions
- 3.4 Programming the R 8001
- 3.5 Verification
- 3.6 Configuration

#### 3.1 DESCRIPTION OF OPERATING CONTROLS

RESERVE SUPPLY  
SUPPLY  
ON/OFF

Switches the receiver ON/OFF. When switched ON the equipment is restored to the state it was in prior to switch OFF. Indicator is ON when the receiver is supplied from battery.

USB

Selects USB mode (upper sideband J3E, R3E, H3E). Indicator is ON when in USB mode. Simultaneously the default bandwidth and AGC type for the mode is selected.

LSB

Selects LSB mode (lower sideband J3E, R3E, H3E). Indicator is ON when in LSB mode. Simultaneously the default bandwidth and AGC type for the mode is selected.



Selects AM Mode (A3E, H3E). Indicator is ON when in AM Mode.

Simultaneously the default bandwidth and AGC type for the mode is selected.



Selects TELEX mode (F1B, J2B with external AFSK demodulator). Indicator is ON when in TELEX mode. Simultaneously the default bandwidth and AGC type for the mode is selected.



Selects MCW mode (A2A, H2A morse telegraphy) Indicator is on when in MCW mode. Simultaneously the default bandwidth and AGC type for the mode is selected.



Selects CW mode (A1A morse telegraphy). Indicator is ON when in CW mode. Simultaneously the default bandwidth and AGC type for the mode is selected.



Selects WIDE IF bandwidth. Disabled in USB and LSB modes. Indicator is ON when IF bandwidth is WIDE.



Selects INTER (Intermediate) IF bandwidth. Disabled in USB and LSB modes. Indicator is ON when IF bandwidth is INTER.



Selects NARROW IF bandwidth. Disabled in USB and LSB modes. Indicator is ON when IF bandwidth is NARROW.



Selects Automatic Gain Control of the IF amplifier with FAST time constant. Indicator is ON when AGC time constant is FAST.

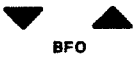


Selects Automatic Gain Control of the IF amplifier with SLOW time constant. Indicator is ON when AGC time constant is SLOW.



Switches Automatic Gain Control OFF. The IF amplifier gain is maintained on the level prior to AGC switch off and manual gain control via the SENSITIVITY keys is enabled.





Adjust the BFO frequency up and down in CW mode. The frequency display shows the BFO frequency when either of the keys are pressed.

In USB and LSB mode the keys may be used for PBS (Pass Band Shift) adjustment. By using this facility it is possible to reduce interference from adjacent signals by shifting the IF pass-band slightly up or down in frequency, thus providing clearer reception. The frequency display shows the pass band shift when either of the keys are pressed.

The pass band shift is reset when the mode is changed or when the frequency is changed more than 300 Hz.



For adjustment of receiver IF amplifier gain. Disabled in AGC FAST and AGC SLOW.



For adjustment of receiver AF amplifier gain (sound level in speaker and headphone). Two independent volume regulators are provided to facilitate quick change between two volume settings. Switching between the two regulators is accomplished by pressing both keys simultaneously.

PROG

Selects programming mode. The indicator starts flashing when PROG is pressed to indicate that further action is requested. If the PROG display shows "cc" the receiver is in the remote controlled mode. To exit this mode, press PROG.

TIME

Switches ON/OFF display of the time of day. The indicator is ON when the time is displayed. The time is shown in the left hand display (hours.minutes), with the point in the middle flashing at seconds rate.

SCAN

Starts/Stops automatic scanning. The indicator will flash when the receiver is in the scanning mode. The scan program number is shown in the PROG display and the channel number in the CHANNEL display. The receiver will automatically scan the programmed sequence of frequencies or set-ups with the programmed Dwell Time. Squelch or signal level or an external signal may be programmed to Hold the scanning in a specified time. During the Hold Time the symbol [ (c) is displayed next to the channel number. Scanning may be resumed within the Dwell Time/Hold Time by pressing SCAN twice.



Switches the RF Amplifier ON/OFF. The indicator is ON when the RF Amplifier is ON. Use of the RF Amplifier may be an advantage if the received signals are weak.



Switches the Antenna Attenuator ON/OFF. The indicator is ON when the Antenna Attenuator is ON. Use of the Antenna Attenuator may be an advantage if the received signals are affected by strong out-of-band signals.



Switches Duplex operation ON/OFF. The indicator is ON when Duplex operation is ON. With Duplex ON the receiver will not be muted when an associated transmitter is keyed. If DUPLEX ADJ has been activated, the Duplex Attenuator will be active when the transmitter is keyed. The speaker is switched off.



Initiates the Duplex Attenuator adjustment routine. The indicator will illuminate during adjustment. (During the adjustment CTL OUT 8 will be low for keying of the associated transmitter. A 1.1 kHz tone will be present at TONE OUT for modulation of the transmitter.) The adjustment routine will automatically adjust the Duplex Attenuator to the optimum setting for the receive and transmit frequencies selected taking into account the actual antenna separation.



Switches internal and/or external loudspeaker ON/OFF. The indicator is ON when the loudspeaker is ON. If headphones are connected via the front panel socket the internal loudspeaker is always switched off.



Switches the Squelch function ON/OFF. The indicator is ON when squelch is ON. The Squelch is used to eliminate noise when no speech signal is received. When Squelch is on the loudspeaker, headphone, and earpiece output is muted until a speech modulated signal with a signal-to-noise ratio above the intelligibility level is received.



For adjustment of the light intensity of the displays and indicators.

Quick selection of 2182 kHz. Pressing this key will instantly change the frequency to 2182 kHz, select AM mode, switch RF AMP off, ANT ATT off, DUPLEX off, SPEAKR on, SQL off, SCAN off, and LOCK on. Volume will be increased if below a minimum value.

RCL

For recall of stored Channel Set-ups (RCL, number, ENTER), recall of Manual Channel Scanning (RCL, RATE), recall of Scan programs (RCL, SCAN, number, ENTER), and recall of Time programs (RCL, TIME, number, ENTER).

STO

For Setting Time (STO, TIME, number, ENTER), for Storing Channel Set-ups (PROG, STO, number, ENTER), and for skipping channels temporarily from a sequential Channel Scanning Program.

FRQ

For Direct Frequency Entry (FRQ, number, ENTER) and selection of User Programmed Rate (FRQ, RATE).

ENTER

Terminates number entries. If an entered number is not valid (out of range) the number will flash. The next ENTER will restore the previous entry and stop flashing.

LOCK

Enables/disables the Tuning Wheel. The indicator is ON when the Tuning Wheel is disabled.

RATE

For selection of Tuning Rate. The rate selected is indicated below the three right hand digits of the Frequency Display. Pressing RATE will shift the Tuning Rate between 1000, 100, and 10 Hz/step. FRQ, RATE selects the User Programmed Rate, and RCL, RATE selects Manual Channel Scanning.

Tuning  
Wheel

The Tuning Wheel is enabled or disabled by pressing the LOCK key. Dependent on the rate selected, the Tuning Wheel will alter the receiver frequency in steps of 10, 100, or 1000 Hz or a programmable step size. The Tuning Wheel may also be used for Manual Channel Scanning.

### 3.2 DESCRIPTION OF DISPLAYS AND INDICATORS

#### PROG DISPLAY

Consists of the first two digits in the left-hand display field.

Shows:

Scan Program No. while scanning, during recall of a Scan Program, and when setting-up Scanning Programs.

Time Program No. during recall of a Time Program and when setting-up Time Programs.

Program No. when setting programmable functions and when using the verification facilities.

Configuration Function No. when in Configuration Mode.

Remote Control Indicator. When "cc" is displayed then the receiver is in the remote controlled mode. In this mode all front panel control is inhibited. To enable normal operation, press PROG.

#### CHANNEL DISPLAY

Consists of the last four digits in the left hand display field.

Shows:

Channel No. when storing/recalling a set-up. The number will remain in the display until a frequency is entered, the frequency is changed by more than +/- 300 Hz, the mode is changed, or another channel number is entered. When TIME is active the channel number is shown during entry only. A flashing point indicates than entering a channel has not been completed. A flashing number indicates that it is not valid.

Parameter No. when setting-up Scanning Programs and Time Programs and when selecting certain Configuration Functions.

Test No. when running the self test programmes.

Version No. when verifying version and date of Configuration PROM, CU Program and RU Program.

#### TIME DISPLAY

Consists of the four middle digits in the left-hand display field (hours. minutes). The point in the middle flashes at seconds rate. The TIME key indicator lights when the Time Display is active.

### FREQUENCY DISPLAY

Consists of the right-hand display field.

Shows:

Receiver frequency in kHz. A Flashing decimal point indicates if entering a new frequency has not been completed. A flashing number indicates that an illegal frequency has been entered.

BFO frequency in kHz in CW mode and Pass Band Shift in kHz in USB and LSB mode when either of the BFO keys are pressed.

User Programmed Rate in kHz when programming.

Parameter Values when setting-up Scanning and Time Programs, when programming certain functions and when in configuration mode.

### RATE INDICATORS

Located below the 1000 Hz, 100 Hz, and 10 Hz digits in the Frequency Display. Indicate the tuning step size. Extinction of all indicators indicates that the User Programmed Rate is selected. Illumination of all Rate Indicators simultaneously indicates that Manual Channel Scanning has been selected.

### LINE LEVEL METER

Located below the left-hand display field. Indicates Line Output Level in dBm.

### SIGNAL STRENGTH METER

Located below the right-hand display field. Gives a relative indication of the signal strength of the received signal.

### RESERVE SUPPLY INDICATOR

Located at the SUPPLY ON/OFF key. Indicator is ON when the receiver is supplied from the 24 V input.

### KEY INDICATORS

Located at keys. An indicator is ON when the function shown on the key is selected.

A flashing PROG indicator shows that the receiver is in the Programming Mode. If the PROG display shows "cc" the receiver is in the remote controlled mode. A quick-flashing PROG indicator shows that the receiver is in the Configuration Mode. A flashing SCAN indicator shows that the receiver is in the Scanning Mode.

### AUDIBLE INDICATORS

A beep is generated to give an acoustical feed-back when a key is pressed.

A high-note beep indicates that the key is active.

A low-note beep indicates that the key is not active in the particular sequence or set-up.

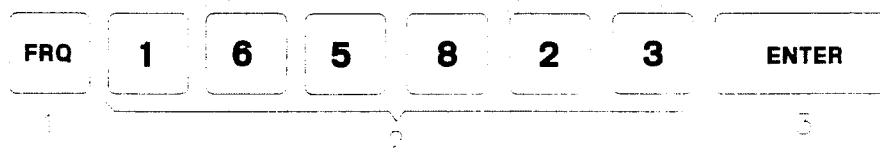
Alternating beep-tones sounding for 4 seconds indicate that the user programmable memory is full, see section 3.4.

### 3.3 DIRECT KEYBOARD FUNCTIONS

This section gives the operating instructions by visual representation of keying sequences, followed by a short description of the action caused by each key. Parentheses around key-numbers indicates that the corresponding keys should only be pressed under the conditions described below.

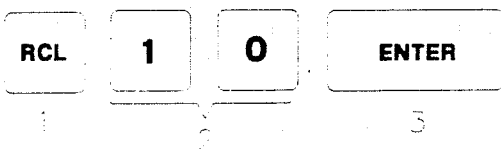
#### 3.3.1 SETTING RECEIVER FREQUENCY

##### 3.3.1.1 DIRECT ENTRY (e.g. 16582.3 kHz)



- 1 Press "FRQ"  
The frequency display is erased with the exception of its decimal point which starts flashing.
- 2 Enter desired frequency in the frequency display via the numeric keys. The last digit is always interpreted as the "100 Hz" digit.
- 3 Press "ENTER"  
The decimal point stops flashing if the frequency is valid. The whole display starts flashing if the frequency is invalid. In this case pressing "ENTER" again will restore the old frequency.

##### 3.3.1.2 RECALLING A STORED SET-UP (e.g. channel 10)



- 1 Press "RCL"  
The CHANNEL display is erased and the point starts flashing.
- 2 Enter the channel number in the CHANNEL display.  
User programmable channels 1-399 are available.

3 Press "ENTER"

The receiver starts reception on the specified channel. If the channel number entered does not correspond to a channel number in the memory, the CHANNEL display will start flashing, and the receiver will continue to receive and display the frequency in use prior to the recall operation. Pressing ENTER will restore the CHANNEL display.

The number will remain in the display until either a frequency is entered, the frequency is changed more than  $\pm 300$  Hz, the mode is changed, or another channel number is entered. If the TIME display is active, the channel number is shown during entry only. Recalling "0" will set the frequency to zero and mute the Receiver Unit. When a user programmed memory cell is recalled, the frequency is always recalled. By configuration it may be determined whether mode, bandwidth, AGC FAST/SLOW, BFO, RF AMP, ANT ATT, Duplex, Speaker, Squelch, CTL OUT, and Signal Threshold status are recalled.

3.3.1.3 RECALLING A PRE-PROGRAMMED (ITU) FREQUENCY  
(e.g. channel 1639)

USB	TELEX	RCL	1	6	3	9	ENTER
-----	-------	-----	---	---	---	---	-------

(1) Select USB mode if the desired channel is a single-sideband channel

(2) Select TELEX mode if the desired channel is a telex channel

3 Press "RCL"

The CHANNEL display is erased and the point starts flashing

4 Enter the channel number in the CHANNEL display

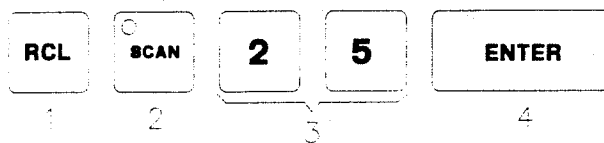
5 Press "ENTER"

The receiver starts reception on the specified channel. If the channel number entered does not correspond to a channel number in the memory, the CHANNEL display will start flashing, and the receiver will continue to receive and display the frequency in use prior to the recall operation. Pressing ENTER will restore the CHANNEL display.

The number will remain displayed until either a frequency is entered, the frequency is changed more than  $\pm 300$  Hz, the mode is changed, or another channel number is entered. If the TIME display is active, the channel number is shown during entry only.

When a preprogrammed memory cell (channel number 400-9999, from Configuration PROM) is recalled, only the frequency is recalled. The same channel no. may be used to recall two different frequencies, dependent on the mode setting.

### 3.3.2 RECALLING A SCAN PROGRAM (e.g. scan program number 25)



- 1 Press "RCL"  
The TIME display is erased
- 2 Press "SCAN"  
The current scan program number is shown in the PROG display
- 3 To change the scan program number press a number (1-40)  
The number is entered in the PROG display
- 4 Press "ENTER"  
The PROG display is restored to its initial state

Recalling a scan program will reset the scan pointer to the start channel number and reinsert skipped frequencies.

### 3.3.3 START/STOP OF AUTOMATIC SCANNING



- 1 Press "SCAN"  
The scanning function is switched on/off by pressing the "SCAN" key. If "TIME" is on it will be turned off when "SCAN" is pressed. The "SCAN" annunciator will flash when the receiver is in the scanning mode. The Scan Program number (1-40) is shown in the PROG display. The current channel number is shown in the CHANNEL display. The receiver will automatically scan the programmed sequence of frequencies or set-ups. During the Hold Time the symbol "[" is displayed in the PROG display next to the Scan Program number.
- (2) Press "SCAN"  
Scanning may be resumed within the Dwell Time/Hold Time by pressing the "SCAN" key again.
- (3) Press "STO"  
Frequencies may be temporarily skipped from sequential channel scanning programs by pressing "STO" during the Dwell Time/Hold Time. The full scanning sequence will be resumed the next time a scan program is recalled.



### 3.3.4 MANUAL CHANNEL SCANNING

RCL	RATE	RATE
	2	(3)

- 1 Press "RCL"  
The TIME display is erased.
  - 2 Press "RATE"  
This mode is indicated by illuminating all three rate LEDs. The current channel number will be displayed in the CHANNEL display. Turning the tuning wheel clockwise/counterclockwise will recall the next higher/lower channel number at a rate of 7.5 channels/turn.  
The current channel number is defined as the last recalled channel. User programmed as well as pre-programmed channels may be recalled. Pre-programmed channels are arranged by mode i.e. all USB channels are recalled first, then LSB, AM, TELEX, MCW, and CW.
- (3) Press "RATE"  
Pressing "RATE" will reset Frequency Tuning.

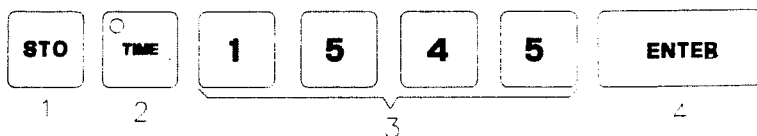
### 3.3.5 RECALLING A TIME PROGRAM

RCL	TIME	3	6	ENTER
		3	6	

- 1 Press "RCL"  
The TIME display is erased
- 2 Press "TIME"  
The current Time Program number is shown in the PROG display
- 3 To change the Time Program number, press a number (0-40).  
The number is entered in the PROG display
- 4 Press "ENTER"  
The number entered is now the current Time Program.  
The display is restored to its initial state

The Time Program becomes active when recalled and will change the setting of the receiver at selected times of day as determined by the program. For programming, see 3.4.3. Program number 0 is always unprogrammed and used when no time control is desired.

### 3.3.6 SETTING TIME (e.g. 15.45)



- 1 Press "STO"  
The TIME display is erased and the point starts flashing
- 2 Press "TIME"  
The current setting is shown in the TIME display
- 3 To change the setting, press a number.  
The first two digits are hours. The last two digits are minutes.
- 4 Press "ENTER"  
This will update the clock. If an illegal time is entered, the TIME display will start flashing. Pressing "ENTER" again will restore the old value.

### 3.4 PROGRAMMING

This section specifies the facilities available for programming various functions in the receiver. All key sequences start with "PROG". Pressing the "PROG" key puts the receiver in the programming mode which is indicated by a flashing PROG annunciator. The TIME display will be deactivated, if ON. The receiver will continue operation during programming. The programming mode can be aborted at any time by pressing "PROG".

Please note that memory space is shared between user programmable channels, scanning programs and time programs. If, in an extreme case, all space is used alternating beep-tones will sound for 4 seconds and the last entry is disregarded.

Superfluous channels may be deleted to make room for scanning programs or time programs and vice versa. Following list shows the relative memory space demands.

One user programmable channel:	9
One consecutive channel scanning program:	10
One frequency scanning program:	12
One sequential channel scanning program:	6 + 2 per channel
One time program:	2 + 4 per channel

#### 3.4.1 STORING A SET-UP



- 1 Press "PROG"  
The storage operation may be aborted at any time by pressing "PROG" once more during this sequence.

- 2 Press "STO"
- 3 Press a number in the range 1-399
- 4 Press "ENTER"  
The following parameters are stored: Frequency, mode, bandwidth, AGC FAST/SLOW, BFO, RF AMP, ANT ATT, Duplex, Speaker Squelch, CTL OUT, and Signal Threshold status.

When a user attempts to store a set-up in a cell in which modification has been inhibited by configuration, or attempts to store a set-up using a number outside the 1-399 range, no storage will take place, and the CHANNEL display will start flashing.

A stored set-up is deleted when a new set-up is stored on the same number. A memory cell can be cleared by storing the recalled channel "0".

#### 3.4.2 SETTING-UP SCANNING PROGRAMS

A scanning program contains following parameters:

1. Dwell Time, i.e. the time the receiver dwells on each frequency.
2. Hold Time, i.e. the time the receiver will remain on a frequency where a signal has triggered the Hold function.
3. Hold Trigger Source, i.e. squelch, signal threshold or external signal.
4. Hold Mode, i.e. Hold specified time or Hold during signal plus specified time.
5. Scanning Type, i.e. Consecutive Channel Scanning, Frequency Scanning or Sequential Channel Scanning including Frequency Step size.
6. Start Channel number.
7. Stop Channel number/Next Channel number.
8. Linking, i.e. another Scanning Program can be addressed and thus included in the program.

PROG	SCAN	2	5	ENTER
------	------	---	---	-------

- 1 Press "PROG"
- 2 Press "SCAN"  
The current Scan Program number is shown in the PROG display
- (3) To change the Scan Program number, press a number in the range 1-40.

#### 4 Press "ENTER"

The Scan Program number is displayed in the PROG display, the parameter number in the CHANNEL display and the value in the FREQUENCY display. A new value may be selected by means of the numeric keys or the value may be accepted by pressing "ENTER". The next parameter will then be displayed and so on. When the last parameter has been accepted the program mode will be terminated. The programming may be terminated at any step by pressing "SCAN".

#### 3.4.2.1 PARAMETER VALUES TO BE ENTERED

1 Dwell Time (0.1 s)	1 - 250
2 Hold Time (s)	0 - 99
Infinite Hold Time	100
3 Trigger Source:	
None	0
Squelch	1
Signal Threshold	2
Squelch or Signal Threshold	3
External Signal	4
4 Hold Mode:	
Hold scanning until Hold Time has elapsed	1
or	
Hold scanning while signal is present and until Hold Time has elapsed after signal disappeared	2
5 Scanning Type:	
Consecutive Channel Scanning	0
Frequency Scanning, Step Frequency (10Hz)	1 - 9999
Sequential Channel Scanning	10000
6 Consecutive Channel Scanning and Frequency Scanning:	
Start Channel number	1 - 399
or	
Delete program	0
Sequential Channel Scanning Programs:	
First channel number	1 - 399
Delete channel number *	0
7 Consecutive Channel Scanning and Frequency Scanning:	
Stop Channel number	1 - 399
Sequential Channel Scanning:	
Next Channel number **	1 - 399
or	
End/Delete Channel number	0

\*) When deleted the next channel number in the sequence will be displayed. When all channel numbers are deleted a "0" is displayed. Entering this will delete the program.

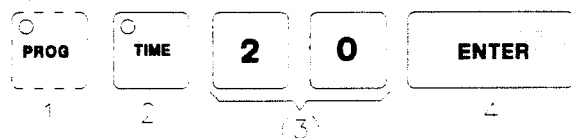
\*\*) More Channel numbers can be inserted. Pressing "ENTER" will

insert the displayed channel number and recall the next channel number in the sequence. A "0" ends the sequence. Entering this will recall parameter 8.

8 Linked Scanning, Scan Program number	1 - 40
Not linked	0

### 3.4.3 SETTING-UP TIME PROGRAMS

A Time Program can enable the receiver to automatically recall channel set-ups, recall scan programs, or start scanning at selected times in 1 hour or 24 hour cycles.



- 1 Press "PROG"
- 2 Press "TIME"  
The current Time Program number is shown in the PROG display
- (3) To change the Time Program number, press a number in the range 1-40.
- 4 Press "ENTER"

The Time Program number is displayed in in the PROG display, the parameter number is displayed in the CHANNEL display and the value in the FREQUENCY display. A new value may be selected with the numeric keys or the value may be accepted by pressing "ENTER". The next parameter will then be displayed and so on.

#### 3.4.3.1 PARAMETER VALUES TO BE ENTERED

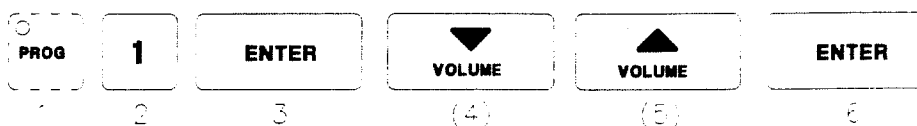
- 1 Time:
 

1-hour cycles, minutes (last two digits)	8800 - 8859
24-hour cycles, hours.minutes	0 - 2359
End of Program/Delete	99
- 2 Action:
 

Recall Channel	1
Store current set-up	2
Recall stored set-up	3
Recall Scan Program	4
Start Scan Program	5
Recall Time Program	6
- 3 Channel number/Program number 0 - 399

The next "ENTER" will recall parameter 1 in the next parameter set. After the last set the FREQUENCY display will display "99" and the function will be terminated at the following "ENTER" unless a value is entered. "99" entered as parameter 1 will delete the displayed parameter set. In case of identical time values the actions will be executed in the order entered. A recalled Time Program becomes active at the next minute-update.

#### 3.4.4 SETTING BEEP LEVEL



- 1 Press "PROG"
- 2 Press "1"
- 3 Press "ENTER"  
The number is shown in the PROG display and a continuous beeping is started.
- (4) Press "VOLUME DOWN"  
Pressing "VOLUME DOWN" will decrease the sound level.
- (5) Press "VOLUME UP"  
Pressing "VOLUME UP" will increase the sound level.
- 6 Press "ENTER"  
Pressing "ENTER" will preserve the new beep level and terminate the programming function.

#### 3.4.5 SETTING SIGNAL THRESHOLD LEVEL

The signal threshold level may be used as a criterion for holding scanning. This section describes how to view or change the setting of the threshold level. The setting is stored as part of the receiver set-up when the store function is used. The threshold level is thus set individually for each channel in a channel scanning program. In frequency scanning the threshold level of the start channel is determining.

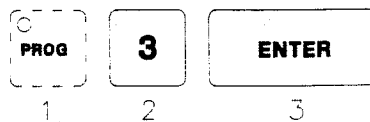


- 1 Press "PROG"
- 2 Press "2"
- 3 Press "ENTER"  
The number is shown in the PROG display and the bar that corresponds to the Threshold Level starts flashing in the Signal Strength Meter.
- (4) Pressing "SENSITIVITY UP" will move the bar to the left.
- (5) Pressing "SENSITIVITY DOWN" will move the bar to the right.
- 6 Press "ENTER"  
Pressing "ENTER" will terminate the programming function.

Note: The setting is stored as part of the receiver set-up when

the store function is used.

#### 3.4.6 SETTING CTL OUT 1-7 OUTPUT TERMINALS IN RU 8010



1 Press "PROG"

2 Press "3"

3 Press "ENTER"

The number is shown in the PROG display and the setting is shown in the FREQUENCY display. The 'cursor' will flash the rightmost digit which corresponds to CTL OUT 1 output terminal in RU 8010.

The value may be changed by keying-in 0 or 1 or be accepted by pressing "ENTER". The cursor is then moved to the next digit, corresponding to CTL OUT 2, etc. The function is terminated when value number 7 is accepted. 0 means LOW output level. 1 means HIGH.

#### 3.4.7 SETTING USER-PROGRAMMABLE RATE (e.g. 3.00 kHz)



1 Press "PROG"

2 Press "4"

3 Press "ENTER"

The number is shown in the PROG display, and the rate is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

4 Press the numeric keys to change the value. Rates between 10 Hz and 99990 Hz can be selected.

5 Pressing "ENTER" will terminate the programming function.

#### 3.4.8 ERASE MEMORY

This function erases all information from the user-programmable memory.



1 Press "PROG"

2 Press "9" and "0"

3 Press "ENTER"

The number is shown in the PROG display and 7 zeroes are shown in the FREQUENCY display with the right-most digit flashing.

Press "1" "ENTER" seven times. When the last "1" is entered all frequencies are erased from the memory and channel "0" recalled. The programming function is terminated. If one or more digit are "0" when the programming function is aborted, the function is ignored.

### 3.5 VERIFICATION

This section specifies the verification facilities incorporated in the receiver. The key sequence for all verification functions is: "PROG", "number", "ENTER". The number will be shown in the PROG display and the requested information in the CHANNEL and FREQUENCY displays. The Verification Function is aborted by pressing "PROG" or "ENTER".

#### 3.5.1 SELF TEST

The self test includes two programs:

Program number 10: Automatically Stepped Self Test

Program number 11: Manually Stepped Self Test

Please refer to chapter 7: Trouble Shooting and Service, where a description of the self test programs is found together with a detailed description of each test that is performed in order to ease trouble shooting on the equipment.

#### 3.5.2 ACCUMULATED ON TIME

PROG	1	2	ENTER
------	---	---	-------

The FREQUENCY display will show the total number of operating hours with one hour resolution.

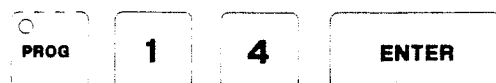
#### 3.5.3 CONFIGURATION PROM VERSION AND DATE

PROG	1	3	ENTER
------	---	---	-------

The CHANNEL display will show version number and the FREQUENCY display will show release date (year/month/day).

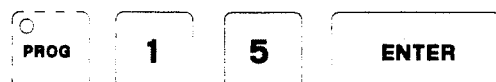


#### 3.5.4 CU PROGRAM VERSION AND DATE



The CHANNEL display will show version number and the FREQUENCY display will show release date (year/month/day).

#### 3.5.5 RU PROGRAM VERSION AND DATE



The CHANNEL display will show version number and the FREQUENCY display will show release date (year/month/day).

### 3.6 CONFIGURATION

This section specifies the facilities available for changing the configurable parameters of the receiver using the CU 8010 keyboard.

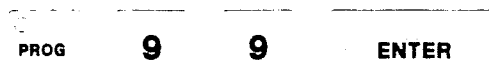
The configuration parameters are pre-programmed in the configuration PROM and copied into the RAM. Parameters may be protected by pre-programming. These values cannot be changed using the Configuration Functions.

The receiver cannot be used normally, when in configuration mode.

A password must be entered to gain access to the configuration functions to prevent unintentional or unauthorized changes.

#### 3.6.1 SELECTING CONFIGURATION MODE

Configuration Mode is selected by pressing:



The number is shown in the PROG display and the FREQUENCY display is cleared. The receiver is now ready for entry of the password.

#### 3.6.2 PASSWORD

The password consists of a sequence of three key-strokes. The default password is 999. The password is not displayed. For each key-stroke a "]" sign is displayed. When the correct password is entered by pressing "ENTER" the PROG LED starts flashing at a quicker rate and the PROG display shows the configuration function number.

Entry of an incorrect password is indicated by a flashing "99" in

the PROG display. After five unsuccessful attempts of entering the correct password further attempts are prevented for a period of 60 minutes.

The password may be changed by using configuration function number 99. Any key may be used in the sequence, even disabled keys, "PROG" and "ENTER". The use of the latter, however, is not recommended.

In case the password is forgotten it is possible to reset the user programmable memory hardwarewise (see description of Control and Audio Board 677) whereby the default password is selected. At the same time, however, all user programmed set-ups, scanning programs, etc. are erased and the configurable parameters are set to their default values.

### 3.6.3 CHANGING CONFIGURABLE PARAMETERS

The function number in question is entered by pressing a number from 1 to 99 followed by ENTER. The number will be displayed in the PROG display and when ENTER is pressed the current value(s) of the configurable parameter(s) is(are) shown in the FREQUENCY display. A parameter number may be shown in the CHANNEL display. The value may be accepted by pressing ENTER or changed by entering a new value. If an illegal value is entered it will flash. An ENTER will stop the flashing, and a new value may be entered.

Where more parameters are displayed simultaneously, the right-most value is accepted/changed first, and at each ENTER the "cursor" (quick-flashing of the digit) is shifted one digit to the left.

When all parameters in the function has been changed the configuration function number is terminated at the last ENTER, and the FREQUENCY display will be blank. A new function number may be entered or the configuration mode may be terminated by pressing PROG. The configuration mode may be aborted at any time by pressing PROG.

### 3.6.4 CONFIGURATION FUNCTIONS

No.	Function	Parameter	Value
1	USB Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
2	LSB Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
3	AM Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
4	TELEX Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
5	MCW Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
6	CW Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
7	BW WIDE Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
8	BW INTER Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
9	BW NARR Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
10	AGC FAST Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
11	AGC SLOW Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
12	AGC OFF Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
13	BFO Keys	Disable/Enable	0/1
14	SENSITIVITY Keys	Disable/Enable	0/1
15	VOLUME Keys	Disable/Enable	0/1

16	TIME Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
17	SCAN Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
18	RF AMP Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
19	ANT ATT Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
20	DUPLEX Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
21	DUPLEX ADJ Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
22	SPEAKR Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
23	SQL Key	Disable/enable	0/1
24	DIMMER Keys	Disable/Enable	0/1
25	2182 Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
26	RCL Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
27	STO Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
28	FRQ Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
29	LOCK Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
30	RATE Key	Disable/Enable	0/1
45	Display of Frequency	Disable/Enable	0/1
47	Pass Band Shift (PBS)	Disable/Enable	0/1
50	"Recall Scan Program"		
	Function (from keyboard)	Disable/Enable	0/1
51	"Recall Time Program"		
	Function (from keyboard)	Disable/Enable	0/1
52	"Set Time" Function	Disable/Enable	0/1
53	"Store" Function	Disable/Enable	0/1
54	"Program Rate" Function	Disable/Enable	0/1
55	"Scan Programming" Function	Disable/Enable	0/1
56	"Time Programming" Function	Disable/Enable	0/1
57	"Beep Level" Function	Disable/Enable	0/1
58	"Signal Threshold Level" Function	Disable/Enable	0/1
59	"CTL OUT 1-7 Setting" Function	Disable/Enable	0/1
60	"Erase Memory" Function	Disable/Enable	0/1
61	Legal Settings in USB Mode	1: AGC FAST	0/1
	(Illegal = 0; Legal = 1)	2: AGC SLOW	0/1
		3: AGC OFF	0/1
		4: BW WIDE	0/1
		5: BW INTER	0/1
		6: BW NARR	0/1
		7: BW VNARR	0/1
62	Legal Settings in LSB Mode	1: AGC FAST	0/1
		2: AGC SLOW	0/1
		3: AGC OFF	0/1
		4: BW WIDE	0/1
		5: BW INTER	0/1
		6: BW NARR	0/1
		7: BW VNARR	0/1
63	Legal Settings in AM Mode	1: AGC FAST	0/1
		2: AGC SLOW	0/1
		3: AGC OFF	0/1
		4: BW WIDE	0/1
		5: BW INTER	0/1
		6: BW NARR	0/1
		7: BW VNARR	0/1

64	Legal Settings in TELEX Mode	1: AGC FAST	0/1
		2: AGC SLOW	0/1
		3: AGC OFF	0/1
		4: BW WIDE	0/1
		5: BW INTER	0/1
		6: BW NARR	0/1
		7: BW VNARR	0/1
65	Legal Settings in MCW Mode	1: AGC FAST	0/1
		2: AGC SLOW	0/1
		3: AGC OFF	0/1
		4: BW WIDE	0/1
		5: BW INTER	0/1
		6: BW NARR	0/1
		7: BW VNARR	0/1
66	Legal Settings in CW Mode	1: AGC FAST	0/1
		2: AGC SLOW	0/1
		3: AGC OFF	0/1
		4: BW WIDE	0/1
		5: BW INTER	0/1
		6: BW NARR	0/1
		7: BW VNARR	0/1
68	Direct Frequency Selection	Inhibited/Enabled	0/1
69	Storage in Protected Memory Cells	Inhibited/Enabled	0/1
	Cells programmed while inhibited will be unprotected.		
	Cells programmed while enabled will be "protected cells".		
71	Default Settings in USB Mode (Default = 1; All other = 0)	1: AGC FAST	0/1
		2: AGC SLOW	0/1
		3: not used	
		4: BW WIDE	0/1
		5: BW INTER	0/1
		6: BW NARR	0/1
		7: BW VNARR	0/1
72	Default Settings in LSB Mode	1: AGC FAST	0/1
		2: AGC SLOW	0/1
		3: not used	
		4: BW WIDE	0/1
		5: BW INTER	0/1
		6: BW NARR	0/1
		7: BW VNARR	0/1
73	Default Settings in AM Mode	1: AGC FAST	0/1
		2: AGC SLOW	0/1
		3: not used	
		4: BW WIDE	0/1
		5: BW INTER	0/1
		6: BW NARR	0/1
		7: BW VNARR	0/1

74 Default Settings in TELEX Mode	1: AGC FAST	0/1
	2: AGC SLOW	0/1
	3: not used	
	4: BW WIDE	0/1
	5: BW INTER	0/1
	6: BW NARR	0/1
	7: BW VNARR	0/1
75 Default Settings in MCW Mode	1: AGC FAST	0/1
	2: AGC SLOW	0/1
	3: not used	
	4: BW WIDE	0/1
	5: BW INTER	0/1
	6: BW NARR	0/1
	7: BW VNARR	0/1
76 Default Settings in CW Mode	1: AGC FAST	0/1
	2: AGC SLOW	0/1
	3: not used	
	4: BW WIDE	0/1
	5: BW INTER	0/1
	6: BW NARR	0/1
	7: BW VNARR	0/1
78 Default Settings for		
Priority Channel (2182) key	1: Frequency (100Hz)	100-300000
	2: Mode,	
	USB	1
	LSB	2
	AM	3
	TELEX	4
	MCW	5
	CW	6
	3: 1: RF AMP Off/on	0/1
	2: ANT ATT Off/On	0/1
	3: DUPLEX Off/On	0/1
	4: SPEAKR Off/On	0/1
	5: SQL Off/On	0/1
	6: LOCK Off/On	0/1
80 Settings of Disabled Keys	1: RF AMP	0/1
(OFF = 0; ON = 1)	2: ANT ATT	0/1
	3: DUPLEX	0/1
	4: SPEAKR	0/1
	5: SQL	0/1
	6: LOCK	0/1
81 Setting of Disabled Rate Key	10 Hz	1
	100 Hz	10
	1000 Hz	100
	Programmable	111
	Channels	0
82 Speaker status in Duplex	OFF	0
	Don't care	1

83 Selection of RCL parameters	1:	1: Mode	0/1
		2: Bandwidth	0/1
(Not recalled = 0		3: AGC	0/1
Recalled = 1)		4: BFO	0/1
		5: RF AMP	0/1
		6: ANT ATT	0/1
		7: DUPLEX	0/1
	2:	1: SPEAKR	0/1
		2: SQL	0/1
		3: CTL OUT 1-7	0/1
		4: Signal Threshold	0/1
85 Scan Hold Input		Hold scan on low/high levels	0/1
86 Squelch routed to CTLOUT 7		Disable/Enable	0/1
90 CU-RU Serial Interface *)		Baudrate (Bits/sec)	300 600 1200 2400
91 Audio Subcarrier Frequency in TELEX Mode (Hz)			1500 1600 . . 2500
93 Remote Control Serial Interface *)		Baudrate (Bits/sec)	300 600 1200 2400

\*) The supply must be switched OFF/ON to accomplish a change.

94 Remote Control Serial Interface  
Word Selection \*)

7 bits  
even parity  
2 stop bits 0

7 bits  
odd parity  
2 stop bits 1

7 bits  
even parity  
1 stop bit 2

7 bits  
odd parity  
1 stop bit 3

8 bits  
2 stop bits 4

8 bits  
1 stop bit 5

8 bits  
even parity  
1 stop bit 6

8 bits  
odd parity  
1 stop bit 7

96 Remote Control Type

Disabled 0

Autotelex 1

Autotelex with  
TX commands  
retransmitted 2

Autotelex with  
TX commands  
retransmitted  
and embedded  
acknowledge 3

Remote frequency  
selection 4

99 Changing Password

1:	Old password	3 keys
2:	New password	3 keys
3:	New password	same

\*) The supply must be switched OFF/ON to accomplish a change.





#### 4. INSTALLATION

Correct installation of the equipment is important for maximum performance and reliability. Antennas and earth connections must be installed with the greatest care using corrosion resistant materials. Cable routing shall be made so that the cables are protected from physical damage. Cable bends especially on coaxial cables must not be sharp and a sufficient number of clips or straps should be used for securing the cables.

##### 4.1 MOUNTING THE CONTROL UNIT

The Control Unit may be rack mounted, or it may be mounted directly on the Receiver Unit. In the latter case the unit is bolted to the Receiver Unit through two holes in the cabinet. When attached to each other the units may be regarded as one. This is also called a local control installation. The MR1481 is delivered in this way. Interconnection between the units is by means of a 37 pole ribbon cable which is always fitted when delivered.

When separated, the units may be mounted up to 100 metres from each other. This is called an extended local control installation. A screened 2 x 8 pole cable (not delivered) is then used between the units.

Installation diagrams 995 578 21 and 995 578 31 (at the back of this chapter) show both ways of installing the equipment.

Drawing no. 995 577 21 shows overall dimensions and a drilling plan for the necessary holes for rack mounting of CU 8010/RU 8010. The Rack Flange Kit 107 621 20 may be used for this purpose. An example of rack mounting by using slide rails is shown on drawing 995 577 01 (slide rails are not delivered).

Table-top mounting of the equipment is effected by use of the Mounting Brackets Kit 107 620 24, see drawing 995 577 11.

The CU/RU communication takes place by means of the above mentioned interconnection cable. This is connected to the "INTERCON"-connector at the back of both units. Communication rate is depending of the length of the cable. The rate is factory-set to 2400 baud.

The connectors on the Control Unit may be used for connection to external equipment. The connectors are listed below with a description of signal names and levels. The connectors "INTERCON" and "AUX 1" are equivalent to the connectors with the same names on RU 8010.

CU/RU INTERCONNECTION SOCKET "INTERCON"  
37-pole type D connector.

Pin	Name	Remarks
1	GND	To AUX 1 pin 1
2	TXREM	To AUX 1 pin 2
3	RXREM	To AUX 1 pin 3
4	CONTROL IN	To AUX 1 pin 4
5	CONTROL OUT	To AUX 1 pin 5
6	SPEAKER+	To AUX 1 pin 6
7	AF OUT	To AUX 1 pin 7
8	CENTER (LINE)	To AUX 1 pin 8
9	SIGNAL OUT+	To AUX 1 pin 9
10	GND	To AUX 1 pin 10
11	CUDATA	
12	RUDATA	
13	-15V	
14	+24V	
15	BATNEG	
16	AF-	
17	-15V	
18	+15V	
19	GND	
20	SIDETONE IN	To AUX 1 pin 14
21	GND	To AUX 1 pin 15
22	GND	To AUX 1 pin 16
23	GND	To AUX 1 pin 17
24	SCAN S/S	To AUX 1 pin 18
25	SPEAKER-	To AUX 1 pin 19
26	LINE+	To AUX 1 pin 20
27	LINE-	To AUX 1 pin 21
28	SIGNAL OUT-	To AUX 1 pin 22
29	GND	
30	GND	
31	RXRATE	
32	+24V	
33	PWRON	
34	AF+	
35	-15V	
36	+15V	
37	GND	

# AUXILIARY SOCKET 1 "AUX 1"

25-pole type D connector.

This is a multipurpose connector used for connection of auxiliary equipment to the Control Unit. The connector is accessible on the Control Unit in Extended Local Control applications. In Local Control applications where the Control Unit is attached to the Receiver Unit the "AUX 1" connector of the Receiver Unit is used.

Pin	Designation	I/O	Signal Level	Description
1	GND			
2	TXREM	In	RS-232-C	Remote Control Data
3	RXREM	Out	RS-232-C	Remote Control Data
4	CONTROL IN	In		Not used
5	CONTROL OUT	Out		Not used
6	SPEAKER+	Out	0 to 5 W	8 ohm load pin 6-19
7	AF OUT	Out	0 to 10 mW	500 ohm load. Controlled by VOL.
8	CENTER (LINE)			Line out center tap
9	SIGNAL OUT+	Out		Not used
10	GND			
11	not used			
12	not used			
13	not used			
14	SIDETONE IN	In	0dBm/600 ohm	For 5mW in built-in speaker. Independent of VOLUME.
15	GND			
16	GND			
17	GND			
18	SCAN S/S	In	0/12 V	Scan Hold Signal
19	SPEAKER-	Out	See pin 6	
20	LINE+	Out	} 0 to 10 dBm {	Balanced 600 ohm audio output. Internally adjustable
21	LINE-	Out		
22	SIGNAL OUT-	Out		Not used
23	not used			
24	not used			
25	not used			

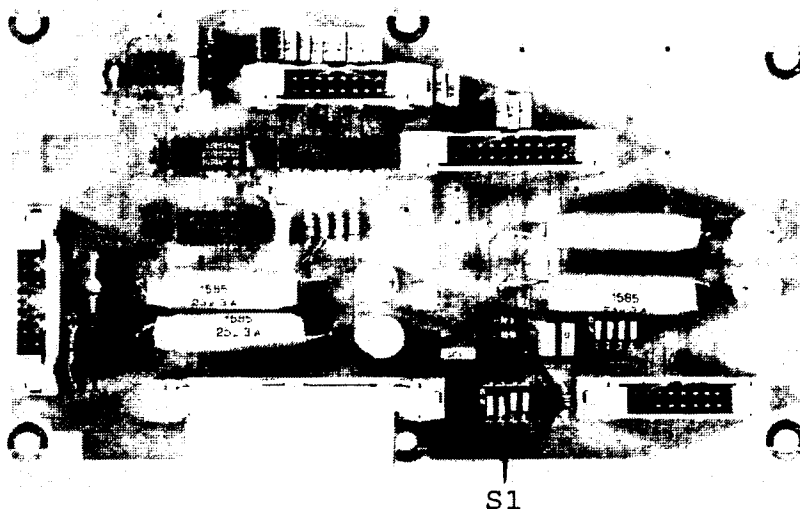
HEADPHONE SOCKET  
6.35 mm Jack-socket.

Pin	Designation	I/O	Signal Level	Description
1	-	Out	> 10 mW	Mono or stereo headphones may be used.
2	-			4 ohm to 3 kohm
3	-			Dependent on VOLUME. Built-in speaker is disconnected when jack-plug is inserted.

#### 4.2 MOUNTING THE RECEIVER UNIT

The Receiver Unit may be mounted up to 100 metres from the Control Unit using a screened 2' x 8 x 0.25 mm sq. multiwire cable for interconnection. The unit should be installed in a dry place and consideration should be given to accessibility for servicing. The brackets supplied allow for tabletop or rack mounting. Drawings no. 995 577 21 and 995 577 01 show mounting details. It is important to provide sufficient of airspace below and above the unit, for adequate air circulation through the heatsink at the back of the unit.

When used in an extended local control installation the RU/CU communication rate must be set to the correct value. In the Control Unit the baud rate is changed from the keyboard by configuration function no 90, see section 3.6.3. In the Receiver Unit the rate is determined by the setting of dip-switch S1 on the RU Interconnection Board. Below picture shows the location of S1 on RU Interconnection Board. This is accessible by removing the bottom cover of the unit.



The baud rate is depending of the maximum cable length between the units as shown below.

Max. cable length (metres)	S1-1	S1-2	Rate (baud)
12.5	OFF	OFF	2400
25	OFF	ON	1200
50	ON	OFF	600
100	ON	ON	300

#### AUXILIARY SOCKET 2 "AUX 2"

15-pole type D connector.

This connector is used for connecting auxiliary equipment to the Receiver Unit.

Pin	Designation	I/O	Signal Level	Description
1	TX KEYED IN	In	0/10 V	Rx is muted (simplex) or duplex attenuator activated (duplex) when connected to GND
2	GND			
3	CONTROL IN	In	0/5 V	Not used
4	GND			
5	TONE OUT	Out	0 dBm/600ohm	1.1 kHz tone to transmitter for Duplex Adjustment
6	GND			
7	+24 V	Out	Max. 100 mA	+24 V available when Rx is ON.
8	CONTROL OUT 1	Out	-	
9	CONTROL OUT 2	Out	Open collector outputs. Closed: Max. 2V @ 50mA Open: Min. 100 kohm @ 32V	CTL OUT 1 to 7 controlled by > "PROG 3"-function
10	CONTROL OUT 3	Out		
11	CONTROL OUT 4	Out		
12	CONTROL OUT 5	Out		
13	CONTROL OUT 6	Out		
14	CONTROL OUT 7	Out		Used to key transmitter for Duplex Adjustment.
15	CONTROL OUT 8	Out	-	

#### 4.2.1 POWER SUPPLY

The R 8001 operates at mains voltages of 110-120 or 220-240 VAC 50-60 Hz, or from a separate 24 VDC reserve supply. The supply cables are connected to the Receiver Unit at the rear of the cabinet.

Attention should be paid to CCIR Rec. 218-1 which recommends that cables in the vicinity of the receiving antennas or the radio receiving room, and cables within the radio room, are screened by enclosing them in metal conduits, unless the cables themselves are effectively screened.

#### 4.2.2 EARTH CONNECTION

The receiver earth terminal is located at the back of the receiver cabinet and should be connected to earth using a length of 2.5 sq. mm wire. This wire should be connected to a separate earth screw, which must not be shared by any other equipment. The earth lead should be run as far from the transmitter earth lead as is practicable. Other cables should be run as far away from the receiver earth leads as possible and under no circumstances parallel with it, closer than 0.2 metres.

#### 4.2.3 ANTENNA

The antenna should be erected well in the clear, away from any objects whose influence on the antenna could vary, such as derricks etc. Insulators should be of high quality having low leakage even when wet. Stays, wires, steel masts etc. should be either effectively earthed or insulated.

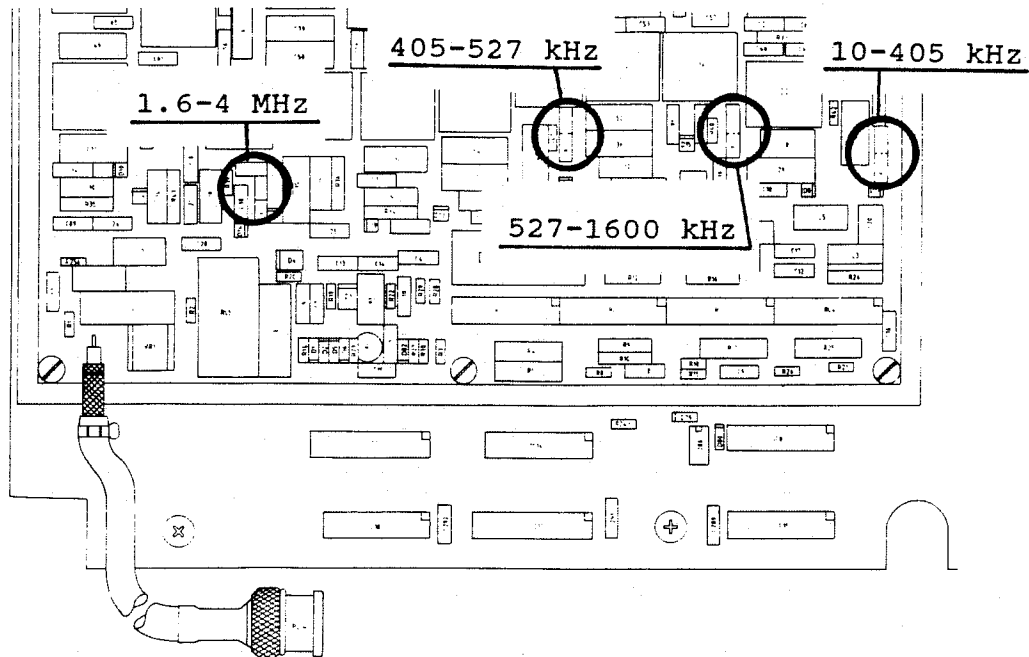
The antenna should be kept as far as possible from electrical equipment in order to minimize noise. Electrical installation such as cable braiding (screens) and instruments in the vicinity of the antenna should be earthed effectively, and the instruments in question should be fitted with noise-interference suppression devices, effective in the range 0.1 MHz to 30 MHz.

Length: 7-30 m. The antenna feed-in should be coaxial cable, which should be as short as possible, especially in the case of short antennas.

If a long cable is used an impedance matching transformer should be inserted at the antenna end of the feeder.

The receiver is normally delivered to 50 ohms input impedance. In the frequency range below 4 MHz it is possible to change the input to high impedance, which can be advantageous when using a short receiving antenna with no impedance matching transformer and a short feed-in.

Selection of high input impedance in the range below 4 MHz is carried out, by means of a soldering iron, by moving the jumper from L to H in the desired frequency range. Below figure shows a section of Receiver signal Path 668 with the location of the jumpers.



#### 4.3 INTERCONNECTION OF UNITS

When the units are mounted together it is called a local control installation. In this case the units are interconnected by the 37-way ribbon cable included with the equipment. See installation diagram no. 995 578 31 for information.

If the installation is to be made with the units separated it is called an extended local control installation. The 37-way ribbon cable is then substituted by a length of 2 x 8 x 0.25 mm sq. screened multiwire cable (max. 100 metres). For further information see installation diagram no. 995 578 21.

#### 4.4 REMOTE CONTROL

The receiver is equipped with a serial interface for remote control. The remote control terminals are pin 2 and pin 3 of the "AUX 1" socket. Pin 2, TXREM, is the input terminal. Pin 3, RXREM, is the output terminal, which is used for acknowledge purposes or for re-transmission of commands.

The interface circuit conforms electrically to the EIA standard RS-232-C. Baud rates of 300, 600, 1200, or 2400 bps may be selected by configuration function number 93, whereas word length, parity and number of stop bits are selected by configuration function number 94, see section 3.6.

#### 4.4.1 REMOTE CONTROL TYPES

The remote control input is enabled by selecting the desired type of remote control using configuration function number 96.

1. Autotelex:

The receiver responds to a receiver command by switching to a remote frequency control mode in which the TELEX mode is automatically selected. A status word is transmitted as an acknowledge.

2. Autotelex with TX commands re-transmitted:

The receiver responds to a receiver command by switching to a remote frequency control mode in which the TELEX mode is automatically selected. Transmitter commands are transferred to the RXREM output terminal for control of an associated transmitter.

3. Autotelex with TX commands re-transmitted and embedded acknowledge:

The receiver responds to a receiver command by switching to a remote frequency control mode in which the TELEX mode is automatically selected. Transmitter commands are transferred to the RXREM output terminal for control of an associated transmitter. An embedded status word is transmitted as an acknowledge.

This remote control type is used if the controller requires an acknowledge. The transmitter must then re-transmit the receiver status word to the controller.

4. Remote frequency selection:

The receiver responds to a receiver command by switching to a remote frequency control mode. A status word is transmitted as an acknowledge.

When a remote control command is received then "cc" will be displayed in the PROG Display to show that the receiver is in the remote controlled mode. At the same time the PROG Key Indicator is flashing. In this mode all front panel control is inhibited. The receiver will remain in the remote controlled mode until the PROG Key is pressed. This will enable normal operation.

#### 4.4.2 DATA FORMAT

Address word: This word, when transmitted to the receiver, initiates the command cycle. To identify the address word bits 6 and 7 shall both be set to 1. Thus, any other word type used will have to be less than C0h/192d.

Reserved addresses:  
C2h/194d : Receiver  
C3h/195d : Transmitter



The receiver only responds to receiver commands; transmitter commands are retransmitted dependent on the remote control type selected.

Command word: The word immediately following the address word contains the command.

Reserved commands:

00h/0d : Reset

The receiver will run the power-up sequence.

14h/20d : Frequency input.

The next 4 words will be interpreted as frequency.

Frequency words: After a frequency command 4 words are used to specify the frequency in packed BCD:

1.	10 MHz		1 MHz
2.	100 kHz		10 kHz
3.	1 kHz		100 Hz
4.	10 Hz		0

Status word: After having received the frequency command and all four frequency words, the receiver may, dependent on the remote control type selected, transmit a status word having the following format:

Bit

7 : Interface error.

When set to 1 this bit identifies either a parity, framing, overrun or data format error. The command cycle must be repeated.

6 : Always 0.

5 : Busy.

When set to 1 this bit identifies that the receiver is not ready. The command cycle must be repeated.

0-4 : Address echo.

This field contains the five LSB's of the received address word.

Embedded  
acknowledge:

Dependent on the remote control type selected the status word may be preceded by the following words:

C3h/195d (address word)

11h/17d (command word)



## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

### Power Supply Assembly (PSA)

The Power Supply Assembly is a 50 Watts DC-DC converter which offers output voltages of +24 V, +15 V, +7.5 V and -15 V. The converter is supplied from 110/220 VAC mains which is transformed and rectified or it is supplied from a 24 VDC reserve battery. Both inputs are equipped with noise filters. The converter will automatically switch to battery power in case of mains power failure.

The PSA includes two printed circuit boards, Converter Board 671 and Control Board 672, connected by a ribbon cable.

A relay switches between AC and DC input, thus the DC input is only loaded in case of mains power absence.

The converter is supplied via a bistable relay controlled by an on/off circuit which in turn is controlled from the keyboard.

The bistable function works as an on/off memory preserving the state of the converter after the recovery from a power interruption.

The on/off circuit may be disabled by moving the jumper on the solderside of Converter Board 671. The on/off circuit is disabled when the jumper shortcircuits the traces, and the converter is in ON-state in this condition. This is only used for service purposes.

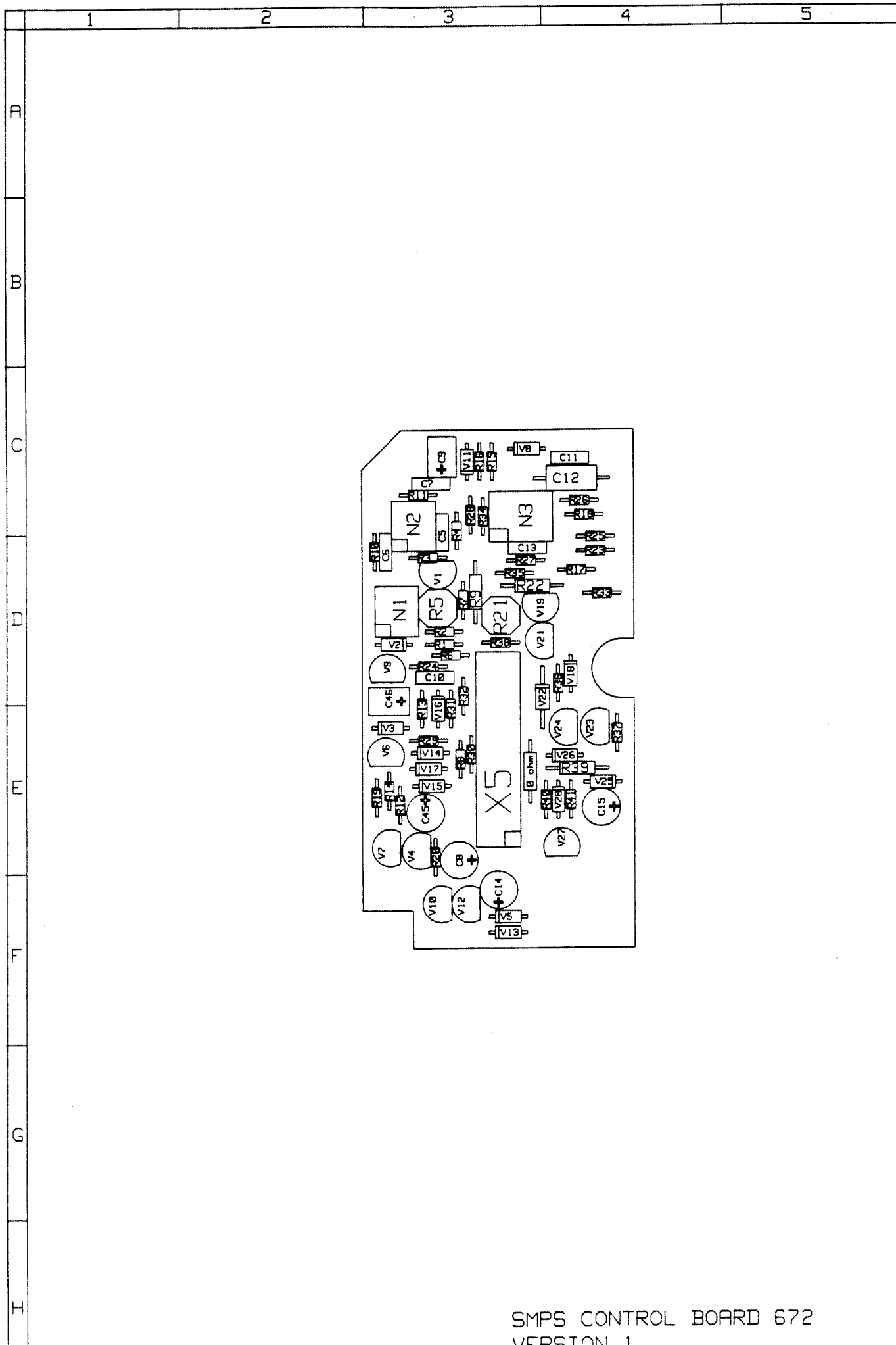
The converter is of the forward type with pulse amplitude modulation. Functionally it consists of three parts: a modulator circuit, a switch and transformer-circuit and finally a part handling rectification and output filtering.

The modulator circuit incorporates an oscillator (approx. 38 KHz), a turn-off circuit, a driver and a voltage stabilizer. The oscillator and turn-off circuits control the duty-cycle, since the switch-on time is locked by the oscillator and switch-off time is controlled by the turn-off circuit.

The modulator circuit contains an overvoltage protection which interrupts the input power to the modulator by detection of more than 34 Volts at the +/-15 Volts outputs. Recovery of the converter is then only possible when the power supply inputs has been disconnected for at least 20 seconds.

The Power Supply Assembly is protected against reverse polarisation at the input, doing so will only blow the fuse F3.





SMPS CONTROL BOARD 672  
VERSION 1



# PARTS LIST FOR SMPS CONVERTER BOARD 671 VERSION 1

Printed Circuit Board Complete					107	567	11
C16	10nF		63V	Poly	602	410	01
C17	10uF		63V	Elyt	652	710	02
C18	100nF		100V	Poly	623	510	03
C19	47nF		400V	Poly	624	447	02
C20	2200uF		40V	Elyt	652	922	02
C21	1uF		63V	poly	622	610	02
C22	2.2nF		63V	poly	602	322	00
C23	2.2nF		63V	poly	602	322	00
C24	2.2nF		63V	poly	602	322	00
C25	2.2nF		63V	poly	602	322	00
C26	2.2nF		63V	poly	602	322	00
C27	2.2nF		63V	poly	602	322	00
C28	2.2nF		63V	poly	602	322	00
C29	0.22uF		100V	poly	623	522	01
C30	0.22uF		100V	poly	623	522	01
C31	2.2nF		63V	poly	602	322	00
C32	4700uF		40V	Elyt	652	947	04
C33	100nF		100V	Poly	623	510	03
C34	470uF		40V	Elyt	652	847	01
C35	470uF		40V	Elyt	652	847	01
C36	640uF		25V	Elyt	652	864	00
C37	470uF		40V	Elyt	652	847	01
C38	220uF		40V	Elyt	652	822	03
C39	220uF		40V	Elyt	652	822	03
C40	220uF		40V	Elyt	652	822	03
C41	220uF		40V	Elyt	652	822	03
C42	100nF		100V	Poly	623	510	03
C43	100nF		100V	Poly	623	510	03
C44	100nF		100V	Poly	623	510	03
F4	Varistor		47V		539	000	00
K1	Bistable relay		9V	10A	780	000	39
K2	Relay		32.5V	10A	780	000	40
L2	6uH	2A		RF choke	740	060	00
L3				inductor	375	577	81
L4				inductor	375	577	51
L5				inductor	375	577	51
L6				inductor	375	577	61
L7				inductor	375	577	61
L8				inductor	375	577	61
L9				inductor	375	577	61
L10				inductor	375	577	71
R50	3.9ohm	PR37	PF	1.6W	514	039	00
R51	1kohm	PR37	PF	1.6W	514	310	00
R52	10ohm	CR25	CF		501	110	00
R53	10ohm	CR25	CF		501	110	00
R54	10ohm	NTC			591	110	00
R55	100ohm	CR25	CF		501	210	00
R56	100ohm	CR25	CF		501	210	00
R57	100ohm	CR25	CF		501	210	00
R58	100ohm	CR25	CF		501	210	00

# PARTS LIST FOR SMPS CONVERTER BOARD 671 VERSION 1

R59	100ohm	CR25	CF	501	210	00
R60	100ohm	CR25	CF	501	210	00
R61	100ohm	CR25	CF	501	210	00
R62	100ohm	CR25	CF	501	210	00
T2	current transformer			385	577	91
T3	switch transformer			385	578	01
V29	BUZ21	power mos fet		843	002	10
V30	1N4148	diode		830	414	80
V31	1N4148	diode		830	414	80
V32	TLR224	LED		823	000	08
V33	BYV28	diode		831	002	80
V34	BYV28	diode		831	002	80
V35	BYV28	diode		831	002	80
V36	BYV28	diode		831	002	80
V37	BYV28	diode		831	002	80
V38	BYS26	diode		310	269	00
V39	BYS26	diode		310	269	00
V40	BYS26	diode		310	269	00
V41	BYV28	diode		831	002	80
X8	connector	5 pol molex		751	001	55
X9	connector	1/12 36 pol (3 pol)		751	001	25
X11	connector	2 pin shuntconn.		750	000	31



## PARTS LIST FOR SMPS CONTROL BOARD 672 VERSION 1

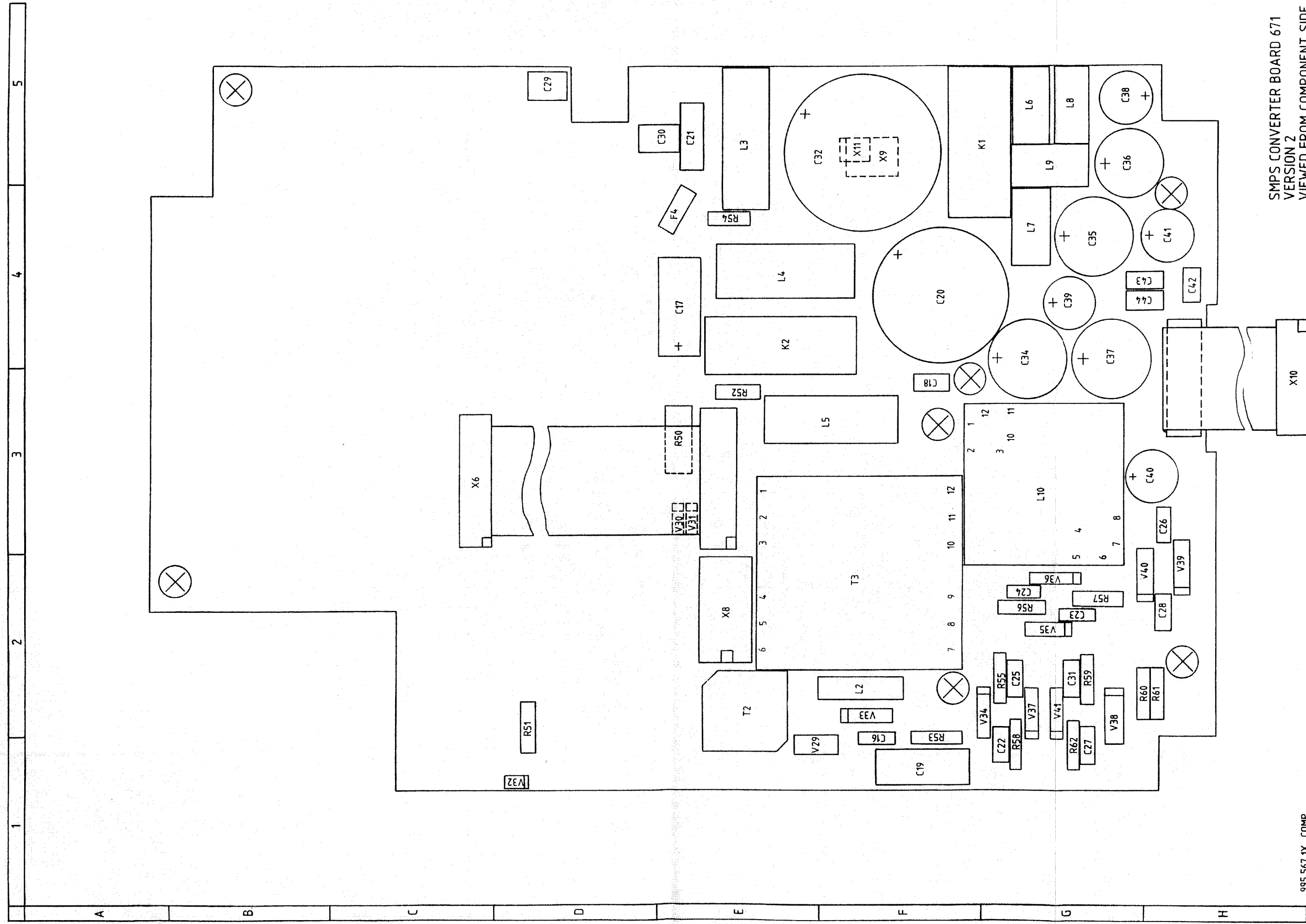
## Printed Circuit Board Complete

107 567 21

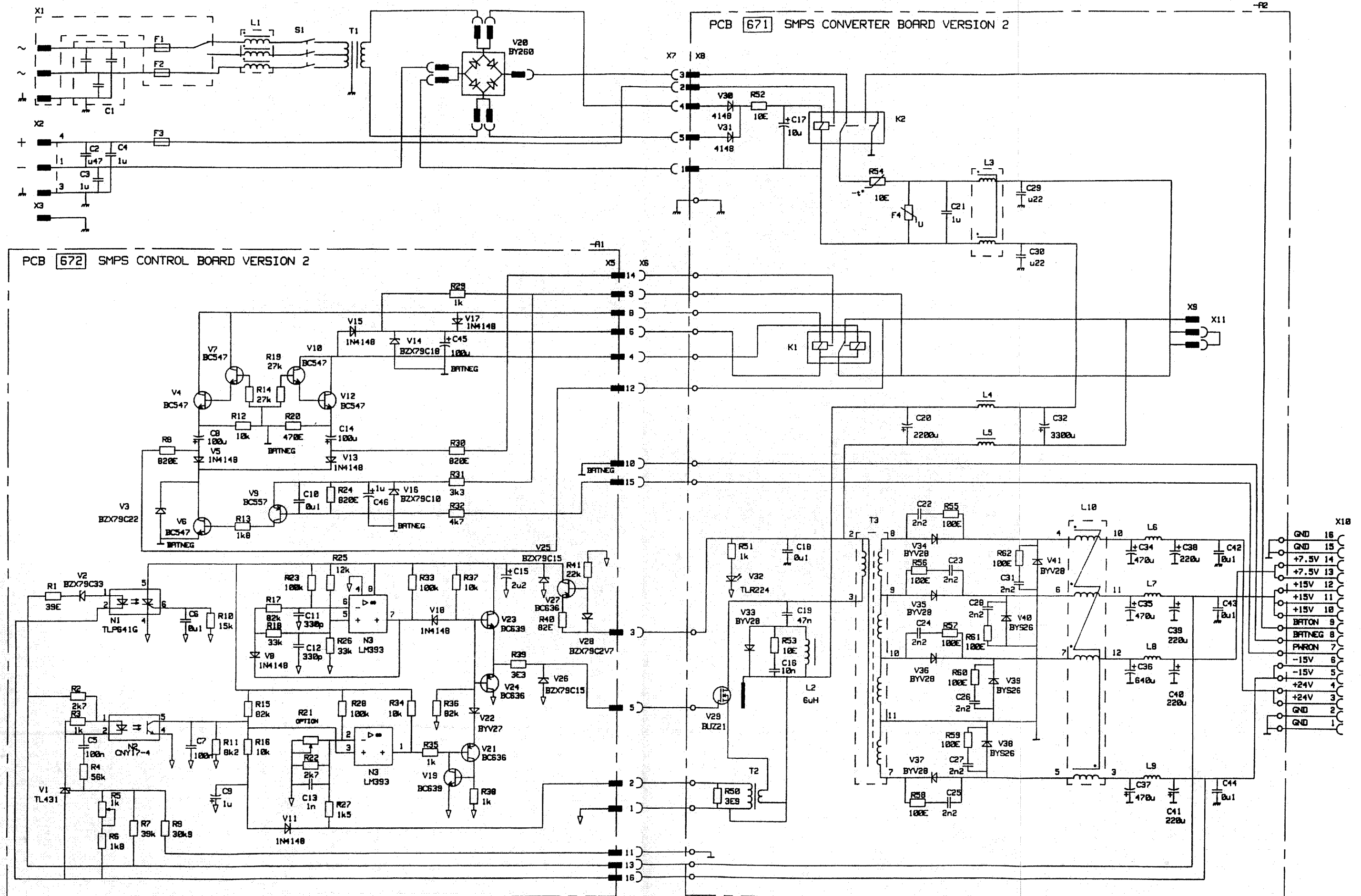
C5	100nF		63V	Poly	622	510	00
C6	100nF		63V	Poly	622	510	00
C7	100nF		63V	Poly	622	510	00
C8	100uF		25V	Elyt	652	810	02
C9	1uF		40V	S.Alu	652	610	03
C10	100nF		63V	Poly	622	510	00
C11	330pF		63V	Poly	602	233	00
C12	330pF	1%	125V	Poly	613	233	00
C13	1nF		63V	Poly	602	310	02
C14	100uF		25V	Elyt	652	810	02
C15	2.2uF		25V	S. Alu	652	622	03
C45	100uF		25V	Elyt	652	810	02
C46	1uF		40V	S.Alu	652	610	03
N1	TLP641	opto thyristor			850	064	10
N2	CNY17F	opto coupler			825	000	02
N3	LM393	Dual Comparator			850	039	30
R1	39ohm		SFR16	MF	500	139	00
R2	2.7kohm		SFR16	MF	500	327	00
R3	1kohm		SFR16	MF	500	310	00
R4	56kohm		SFR16	MF	500	456	00
R5	1kohm			Potm.	582	310	00
R6	1.8kohm		SFR16	MF	500	318	00
R7	39kohm		SFR16	MF	500	439	00
R8	820ohm		SFR16	MF	500	282	00
R9	30k9ohm		MR25	MF	511	430	90
R10	15kohm		SFR16	MF	500	415	00
R11	8.2kohm		SRF16	MF	500	382	00
R12	10kohm		SFR16	MF	500	410	00
R13	1.8kohm		SFR16	MF	500	318	00
R14	27kohm		SFR16	MF	500	427	00
R15	82kohm		SFR16	MF	500	482	00
R16	10kohm		SFR16	MF	500	410	00
R17	82kohm		SFR16	MF	500	482	00
R18	33kohm		SFR16	MF	500	433	00
R19	27kohm		SFR16	MF	500	427	00
R20	470ohm		SFR16	MF	500	247	00
R21	option			Potm.			
R22	2.7kohm		SFR16	MF	500	327	00
R23	100kohm		SFR16	MF	500	510	00
R24	820ohm		SFR16	MF	500	282	00
R25	12kohm		SFR16	MF	500	412	00
R26	33kohm		SFR16	MF	500	433	00
R27	1.5kohm		SFR16	MF	500	315	00
R28	100kohm		SFR16	MF	500	510	00
R29	1kohm		SFR16	MF	500	310	00
R30	820ohm		SFR16	MF	500	282	00
R31	3.3kohm		SFR16	MF	500	333	00
R32	4.7kohm		SRF16	MF	500	347	00
R33	100kohm		SFR16	MF	500	510	00
R34	10kohm		SFR16	MF	500	410	00
R35	1kohm		SFR16	MF	500	310	00
R36	82kohm		SFR16	MF	500	482	00

## PARTS LIST FOR SMPS CONTROL BOARD 672 VERSION 1

R37	10kohm	SFR16	MF	500 410 00
R38	1kohm	SFR16	MF	500 310 00
R39	3.3ohm	CR25	CF	501 033 00
R40	82ohm	SFR16	MF	500 182 00
R41	22kohm	SFR16	MF	500 422 00
R42	0ohm		jumper	501 000 00
V1	TL431	contr. zenerdiode		850 043 10
V2	33V BZX79C	zenerdiode		832 793 30
V3	22V BZX79C	zenerdiode		832 792 20
V4	BC547	nnp transistor		840 054 70
V5	1N4148	diode		830 414 80
V6	BC547	nnp transistor		840 054 70
V7	BC547	nnp transistor		840 054 70
V8	1N4148	diode		830 414 80
V9	BC557	pnnp transistor		840 055 70
V10	BC547	nnp transistor		840 054 70
V11	1N4148	diode		830 414 80
V12	BC547	nnp transistor		840 054 70
V13	1N4148	diode		830 414 80
V14	22V BZX79C	zenerdiode		832 792 20
V15	1N4148	diode		830 414 80
V16	10V BZX79C	zenerdiode		832 791 00
V17	1N4148	diode		830 414 80
V18	1N4148	diode		830 414 80
V19	BC639	nnp transistor		840 063 90
V21	BC636	pnnp transistor		840 063 60
V22	BYV27	diode		831 272 00
V23	BC639	nnp transistor		840 063 90
V24	BC636	pnnp transistor		840 063 60
V25	15V BZX79C	zenerdiode		832 791 50
V26	15V BZX79C	zenerdiode		832 791 50
V27	BC636	pnnp transistor		840 063 60
V28	2.7V BZX79C	zenerdiode		832 792 70
X5	stik	16 pol molex		756 016 00



SMPS CONVERTER BOARD 671  
VERSION 2  
VIEWED FROM COMPONENT SIDE



POWER SUPPLY ASSEMBLY

## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

### RU Control Board 674

This module implements the following functions: Communication with Control and Audio Board 677 as a slave by receiving and executing command messages in order to control Receiver Signal Path 668, Synthesizer Board 611 and by transmitting acknowledge and status messages back to 677.

The RU Control Board communicates with Control and Audio Board in the Control Unit via an RS 232C interface.

The outputs PL4-9 (CTLLOAD), PL4-19 (CTLCLOCK) and PL4-20 (CTLDATA) controls the serial/parallel shift-register on the RU Interconnection Board. The input PL4-13 (BATON) is used for indicating battery operation. PL4-16 (CTLIN) is an external control input.

PL4-23 (RATE) is connected to RXRATE via the RU Interconnection Board. Signal strength information may then be transferred via the serial interface.



## Examples of Scan Programs.

### Example 1:

This example shows in detail how to key-in a scan program which scans the channel numbers from 100 to 110 with 2 seconds of dwell time on each channel, and holds the scanning for 10 seconds in case a speech signal is recognized.

#### 1. Key-in the Scan Program:

○  
PROG

The PROG Indicator flashes.

○  
SCAN

The SCAN Indicator turns ON.

1

We name the Scan Program number 1.  
"1" is shown in the PROG display.

ENTER

The figure 1 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 1 (Dwell Time) may be keyed-in:

2

0

2 seconds is selected.  
"20" ( $20 \times 0.1 \text{ s} = 2 \text{ s}$ ) is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The figure 2 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 2 (Hold Time) may be keyed-in:

1

0

10 seconds is selected.  
"10" (10 s) is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The figure 3 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 3 (Hold Source) may be keyed-in:

1

Squelch is selected.  
"1" is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The figure 4 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 4 (Hold Mode) may be keyed-in:

The scanning starts on channel 100. After 2 seconds the receiver switches to channel 101, after further 2 seconds to channel 102, etc. If a speech signal is detected by the squelch circuit, scanning is held for 10 seconds. Stored information on frequency, mode, bandwidth, etc. is recalled in the same way as when recalling a stored set-up manually. If, on a channel number, no set-up has been stored, this number is omitted in the scanning sequence. If none of the channel numbers are programmed, the Scan Program Number flashes.

Scanning may be interrupted at any time by pressing the SCAN key, whereupon the receiver returns to its normal state. When pressing the SCAN key again, scanning continues immediately from the next channel number.

During scanning, only VOLUME and DIMMER controls are active.

The data that was keyed-in under paragraph 1 is contained in a stack in the user-programmable memory as illustrated below:

#### SCAN PROGRAM NO.1

1 (Dwell Time)	20 (2 seconds)
2 (Hold Time)	10 (10 seconds)
3 (Hold Source)	1 (Squelch)
4 (Hold Mode)	1 (Hold Time Only)
5 (Scan Type)	0 (Consecutive Channel Scan)
6 (Start Channel)	100 (Ch 100)
7 (Stop Channel)	110 (Ch 110)
8 (Linking)	0 (none)

The stack may be read by keying  
PROG - SCAN - 1 - ENTER - ENTER ... ENTER

The parameter numbers will then be shown in the CHANNEL display and the corresponding values in the FREQUENCY display. Each ENTER will call the next parameter in the stack.

It is possible to edit in a program by keying-in new data for a parameter before pressing ENTER. E.g. to change the dwell time to 0.5 seconds, just key-in '5' while the figure 1 is shown in the CHANNEL display. The value "20" in the FREQUENCY display is then changed to "5". If a wrong figure is keyed-in it may be corrected by pressing 0 - 0 - new figure.

If there are no more changes to be made, programming may be terminated by pressing SCAN, whereupon the receiver immediately returns to the normal state, or ENTER - ENTER ... ENTER by which we step through the remainder of the stack.

Programming mode may be aborted at any time by pressing the PROG key. The receiver will then return to its normal state without carrying out any program changes.

#### Example 2:

This Scan Program will scan the channels from 100 to 110 and stop if a speech signal is recognized. Scanning will continue if the speech signal vanishes for more than 10 seconds.



1

Hold Time Only is selected.  
"1" is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The figure 5 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 5 (Scan Type) may be keyed-in:

0

Consecutive Channel Scan is selected.  
"0" is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The figure 6 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 6 (Start Channel) may be keyed-in:

1

0

0

Channel no.100 is selected.  
"100" is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The figure 7 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 7 (Stop Channel) may be keyed-in:

1

1

0

Channel no.110 is selected.  
"110" is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The figure 8 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 8 (Linking) may be keyed-in:

0

No linking is selected.  
"0" is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The programming is finalized and the receiver returned to its normal state.

2. Select Scan Program number 1 by keying  
RCL - SCAN - 1 - ENTER
3. Store the channels to be scanned on channel numbers 100 to 110.
4. Start scanning by pressing:

o  
SCAN

The SCAN Indicator flashes and scanning starts.

Compared with the previous example the Hold Mode has been changed into 'Signal Time + Hold Time'. This causes the scanning to be held as long as a signal is present and until the specified Hold Time has elapsed after the signal disappears. If the signal reappears in the Hold period the timing restarts.

1 (Dwell Time)	5 (0.5 seconds)
2 (Hold Time)	10 (10 seconds)
3 (Hold Source)	1 (Squelch)
4 (Hold Mode)	2 (Signal Time + Hold Time)
5 (Scan Type)	0 (Consecutive Channel Scan)
6 (Start Channel)	100 (Ch 100)
7 (Stop Channel)	110 (Ch 110)
8 (Linking)	0 (none)

### Example 3:

This example shows how to program the receiver to scan the frequency range between 9500 kHz and 9775 kHz in 5 kHz steps in the AM mode, and to stop the scanning for 5 seconds on frequencies where the signal level exceeds 60 on the Signal Strength meter.

We name this Scan Program number 3: PROG - SCAN - 3 - ENTER.

### SCAN PROGRAM NO. 3

1 (Dwell Time)	1 (0.1 seconds)
2 (Hold Time)	5 (5 seconds)
3 (Hold source)	2 (Signal Threshold)
4 (Hold Mode)	1 (Hold Time Only)
5 (Scan Type)	500 (Frequency Step, 5kHz)
6 (Start Channel)	30 (Ch 30)
7 (Stop Channel)	31 (Ch 31)
8 (Linking)	0 (none)

The start and stop channels have been arbitrarily selected to 30 and 31 respectively. Before running the program the desired settings must be stored on these channels as follows.

The receiver is set to the desired start frequency (9500 kHz) and mode (AM). The Signal Threshold Level is set by keying

PROG - 2 - ENTER

and with the SENSITIVITY keys move the flashing bar in the Signal Strength meter to 60 and then press ENTER .

This set-up is now stored on channel 30 by keying

PROG - STO - 3 - 0 - ENTER .

The stop frequency is stored on channel 31 by selecting the desired frequency (9775 kHz) and key

PROG - STO - 3 - 1 - ENTER .

During Frequency Scan the setting of the receiver is determined by the Start Channel. The Stop Channel determines the frequency only.

To activate this Scan Program remember to key-in

RCL - SCAN - 3 - ENTER

after which Scan Program number 3 will run when the SCAN key is pressed.

**Example 4:**

In this example the receiver is programmed to scan the frequency ranges 9500 kHz to 9775 kHz and 11700 kHz to 12050 kHz in steps of 5 kHz and hold scan for 5 seconds on frequencies where the signal strength exceeds 60 respectively 70 in the two frequency ranges.

This is done by linking two Scan Programs together, i.e. they are programmed to mutually call each other.

We use the program from the previous example, but modify it to call Scan Program no. 4:

**SCAN PROGRAM NO. 3**

1	(Dwell Time)	1	(0.1 seconds)
2	(Hold Time)	5	(5 seconds)
3	(Hold Source)	2	(Signal Threshold)
4	(Hold Mode)	1	(Hold Time Only)
5	(Scan type)	500	(Frequency Step, 5kHz)
6	(Start Channel)	30	(Ch 30)
7	(Stop Channel)	31	(Ch 31)
8	(Linking)	4	(Scan Program no. 4)
		-	

Scan Program no. 4 in turn is made to call Scan Program 3:

**SCAN PROGRAM NO. 4**

1	(Dwell Time)	1	(0.1 seconds)
2	(Hold Time)	5	(5 seconds)
3	(Hold Source)	2	(Signal Threshold)
4	(Hold Mode)	1	(Hold Time Only)
5	(Scan type)	500	(Frequency Step, 5kHz)
6	(Start Channel)	32	(Ch 32)
7	(Stop Channel)	33	(Ch 33)
8	(Linking)	3	(Scan Program no. 3)

The start set-up on 11700 kHz inclusive the threshold value of 70 must be stored on channel 32, and the stop frequency 12050 kHz must be stored on channel 33.

**Example 5:**

This Scan Program will scan the channels 30, 32, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105. Dwell Time is 5 seconds, scanning stops on speech signals but continues if the speech vanishes for more than 5 seconds.

**SCAN PROGRAM NO. 5**

1	(Dwell Time)	50	(5 seconds)
2	(Hold Time)	5	(5 seconds)
3	(Hold Source)	1	(Squelch)
4	(Hold Mode)	2	(Signal Time + Hold Time)
5	(Scan Type)	10000	(Sequential Channel Scan)
6	(Start Channel)	30	(Ch 30)
7	(Next Channel)	32	(Ch 32)
7	(Next Channel)	100	(Ch 100)
7	(Next Channel)	101	(Ch 101)
7	(Next Channel)	102	(Ch 102)
7	(Next Channel)	103	(Ch 103)
7	(Next Channel)	104	(Ch 104)
7	(Next Channel)	105	(Ch 105)
7	(Next Channel)	0	(end of sequence)
8	(Linking)	0	(none)

The program is keyed-in in the same way as the previous examples, but as the scan type Sequential Channel Scan (10000) is selected as parameter 5, an arbitrary long list of channel numbers may be entered under parameter 7 (Next Channel). To end this sequence a "0" must be entered after which parameter 8 comes up.

Channel numbers may be added or deleted from the list. E.g. to add channel number 33 after channel 32, just step through the stack by pressing ENTER until the FREQUENCY display shows 32 and then enter the desired number: 3 - 3 - ENTER. On ENTER the next number appears in the FREQUENCY display, here number 100.

To delete a channel number from the list you step through the stack until that channel number appears in the FREQUENCY display and then you enter a zero: 0 - ENTER. On ENTER the next number appears in the FREQUENCY display.

When running a Sequential Channel Scan Program, a channel number may be temporarily skipped from the list by pressing the STO key while the receiver dwells or is held on that channel. The receiver will then immediately switch to the next channel and in the next lap skip the channel in question. To include skipped channels in the scan sequence again, recall the Scan Program by keying:

RCL - SCAN - 5 - ENTER.

**Example 6:**

This example shows how scanning may be synchronized by an external control signal.

The control signal is connected between terminal AUX1-18 (SCAN S/S) and AUX1-17 (GND). Dwell Time is set to maximum, Hold Time to zero, and Hold Mode to 2. This causes scanning to be held while the control signal is low (input short circuited) and to step to the next channel on each low-to-high transition. The synchronization pulses must be shorter than the Dwell Time.

1	(Dwell Time)	250	(25 seconds)
2	(Hold Time)	0	(0 seconds)
3	(Hold Source)	4	(External Signal)
4	(Hold Mode)	2	(Signal Time + Hold Time)
5	(Scan Type)	0	(Consecutive Channel Scan)
6	(Start Channel)	100	(Ch 100)
7	(Stop Channel)	110	(Ch 110)
8	(Linking)	0	(none)

The control signal may be inverted so channel shift takes place on high-to-low transitions by changing configuration parameter 85, see section 3.6, Configuration.

**Example 7:**

This Scan Program will scan the channels from 1 to 6 and stop on an external signal. The dwell time on each channel is 0.2 seconds and scanning is held when the signal on SCAN S/S (AUX1-18) is low and continues immediately when the signal goes high.

1	(Dwell Time)	3	(0.2 seconds)
2	(Hold Time)	0	(0 seconds)
3	(Hold Source)	4	(External Signal)
4	(Hold Mode)	2	(Signal Time + Hold Time)
5	(Scan Type)	0	(Consecutive Channel Scan)
6	(Start Channel)	1	(Ch 1)
7	(Stop Channel)	6	(Ch 6)
8	(Linking)	0	(none)

Channels may be protected by using Configuration Function number 69. The procedure is to enable the function, store the set-ups, and then disable the function again.

All the channels which have been stored while the function was enabled are now protected against overwriting. If storage is attempted, the channel number will flash. Storage on an unprotected channel number however is still possible.

Example 8:

The audio squelch circuit of the receiver may be utilized to start an associated tape recorder when speech signals are being received. This may be achieved by setting the configuration function number 86 to "1". The output from the squelch circuit is then routed to the terminal "CTL OUT 7" of the "AUX2" socket at the rear of the receiver. The output is an open collector output which is low when no speech signal is present.

Example 9:

The last example describes how to change the password.

This is done by means of Configuration Function number 99. When this function is selected the figure 1 is shown in the CHANNEL display. The old password must now be entered:

9 - 9 - 9 - ENTER .

The figure 2 is shown in the CHANNEL display and the new password must be entered.

The password consists of a sequence of three key-strokes. Any key may be used in the sequence. As an example we may select the keys RCL, STO and FRQ:

RCL - STO - FRQ - ENTER .

For each key in the password a "]" sign is shown in the FREQUENCY display. At ENTER the figure in the CHANNEL display is changed to 3. The new password must now be entered once more:

RCL - STO - FRQ - ENTER .

The new password is now valid and must be used next time that Configuration Mode is selected.

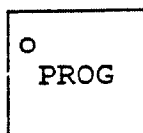
It is of course important to register or remember the password, as there are no ways in which the password can be read out.

## Examples of Configuration Functions.

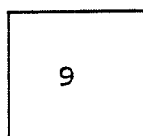
### Example 1:

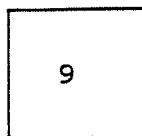
This example shows how to disable the function of a key. The full keying sequence is illustrated, including the selection of Configuration Mode. Say you want to disable the LSB key, you proceed as follows.

1. Select Configuration Mode by keying:

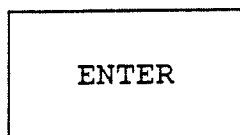


The PROG Indicator flashes.

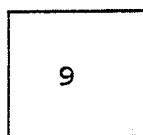


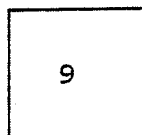


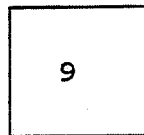
"99" is shown in the PROG display.



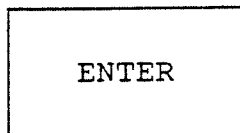
The FREQUENCY display is cleared.  
Ready for entry of the password.





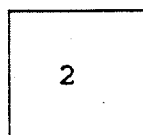


"]]]]" is shown in the FREQUENCY display.  
(999 is the default password. In case another password has been selected, this must be entered instead).

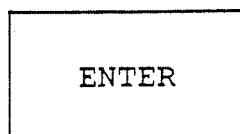


The FREQUENCY display is cleared. The CHANNEL display shows a configuration function number.  
The PROG indicator starts flashing at a faster rate to indicate that configuration mode has now been selected.

2. Find the number of the LSB key in the list of Configuration Functions in section 3.6. Enter the number (2):



"2" is shown in the CHANNEL display.



The figure 1 is shown flashing in the FREQUENCY display indicating that the LSB key is enabled.

3. Disable the LSB key by keying:

0

"0" is flashing in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The FREQUENCY display is cleared.

4. Terminate the Configuration Mode by pressing:

o  
PROG

The PROG Indicator turns off and the receiver returns to its normal state.

The LSB key is now disabled which you can convince yourself of by pressing the key. To re-enable the key you follow the same procedure except that the value '1' must be entered instead of '0'.

If more functions are to be changed it is not necessary to leave Configuration Mode between each function. When a value is entered by pressing the ENTER key and the FREQUENCY display is cleared, a new function number may be selected by pressing the desired number followed by ENTER. The new function number will then be shown in the CHANNEL display.

Example 2:

Not only single keys, but also key sequences may be disabled. As an example of this say you want to prevent Scan Programs from being changed.

This is done by selecting Configuration Function 55. Disabling this function by entering a '0' causes the sequence PROG - SCAN to have no effect in the receiver.

If more Scan Programs have been prepared, the operator can still choose between these programs by means of the 'RCL-SCAN' function. In case it is desired to limit the possibilities to only one Scan Program, the 'RCL-SCAN' function may be disabled as well, using configuration function number 50.

It may also be relevant to disable the 'RCL-SCAN' function in case a Time Program is asked to recall certain Scan Programs at selected times, but manual selection is undesired.



Example 3:

This example shows how to change the configuration of the receiver to allow only BW WIDE in AM mode.

You start by selecting Configuration Function number 63. When this function is selected the FREQUENCY display shows a row of 0's and 1's, one for each parameter, e.g.

0 1 1 1 1 1 1  
-

with the right-most figure flashing to indicate that this figure may be changed. Pressing ENTER will move the flashing to the next figure in the row.

We want to change the parameters 5, 6, and 7 which must be set to '0' to disable BW INTER, BW NARR, and BW VNARR (see the list of configuration functions in section 3.6). This is done by accepting the first four values by pressing ENTER. The display still shows six 1's but now the fifth is flashing:

0 1 1 1 1 1 1  
-

This figure is changed to a zero by pressing 0 - ENTER:

0 1 0 1 1 1 1  
-

The next value is changed in the same way and the display shows:

0 0 0 1 1 1 1  
-

The last value is accepted by pressing ENTER by which the FREQUENCY display is cleared.

Before leaving the Configuration Mode it may be a good idea to check Configuration Function number 73, which determines the default settings in AM mode to see if the default values conform to the legal values just entered. The FREQUENCY display in this case may show

0 0 0 1 0 0 1  
-

which indicates that AGC FAST and BW WIDE are default values, i.e. will be selected whenever AM mode is selected by pressing the AM key. This is as desired and the function may be aborted by pressing PROG. Configuration Mode may be left by pressing PROG once more.

When this change in the configuration has been made, it is no longer possible to change the bandwidth in AM mode by means of the BW keys. If, however, a set-up is stored in advance with another bandwidth, this bandwidth is still valid when the set-up is recalled.

Example 4:

When a receiver set-up is stored on a channel number, not only the frequency, but also the remaining setting is saved. When a set-up is recalled it may not be desirable to recall the complete setting. Configuration Function number 83 makes it possible to select which stored parameters shall be recalled.

This example shows how to change the configuration so RF AMP and ANT ATT settings are recalled.

We select Configuration Function 83 which causes the CHANNEL display to show the figure 1, and the FREQUENCY display to show a row of 0's and 1's which may look like this:

0 0 0 0 1 1 1  
-

Using the ENTER key we step to parameter 5 (RF AMP) and change the figure to '1' by keying 1 - ENTER. Parameter 6 (ANT ATT) is also changed to '1' and the FREQUENCY display now shows:

0 1 1 0 1 1 1  
-

At the next ENTER the figure in the CHANNEL display changes to '2' and at the same time the next parameter values shows up in the FREQUENCY display. We do not want to change any of these so the function is terminated by pressing ENTER the sufficient number of times.

#### Example 5:

In this example we shall configure the receiver to operate in channel mode only, with no display of operating frequency.

The frequency display is disabled by setting Configuration Function number 45 to '0'.

To protect stored set-ups the "Store" function is disabled by setting Configuration Function number 53 to '0'.

Finally, Direct Frequency Selection is disabled by setting Configuration Function number 68 to '0'.

#### Example 6:

This example describes how to change the Audio Subcarrier frequency in TELEX mode to 1500 Hz.

In the TELEX mode a received FSK signal with center frequency equal to the receiver frequency is converted to an AFSK signal the center frequency of which must match the AFSK demodulator used.

Using Configuration Function number 91, this frequency may be selected between 1500 and 2500 Hz in steps of 100 Hz. When the function is selected, the current audio subcarrier frequency is shown in the FREQUENCY display. The new value is entered by keying:

1 - 5 - 0 - 0 - ENTER.

An illegal value will cause the display to flash when entered. A new value may be keyed-in after pressing ENTER or PROG.

#### Example 7:

It is sometimes desirable to be able to protect some stored set-ups against unintended overwriting, which may happen by accidental storage on an already used channel number.

## Examples of Time Programs.

### Example 1:

This example shows key-by-key how to program the R8000 to twice a day (at 9.00 and 13.00) to select a certain station:

1. Tune the receiver to the desired frequency, select mode etc.
2. Save the set-up by storing it on a channel number (eg. 20) by pressing

PROG - STO - 2 - 0 - ENTER .

3. Key-in the Time Program:

○  
PROG

The PROG Indicator flashes.

○  
TIME

The SCAN Indicator turns ON.

1

We name the Time Program number 1.  
"1" is shown in the PROG display.

ENTER

The figure 1 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 1 (Time) may be keyed-in:

9

0

0

"900" is shown in the  
FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The figure 2 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 2 (Action) may be keyed-in:

1

"1" (Recall Channel) is shown in the  
FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The figure 3 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 3 (Channel Number) may be keyed-in:

2

0

"20" (Ch 20) is shown in the

ENTER

The figure 1 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 1 (Time) may be keyed-in:

1

3

3

0

"1330" is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The figure 2 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 2 (Action) may be keyed-in:

1

"1" (Recall Channel) is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The figure 3 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 3 (Channel Number) may be keyed-in:

2

0

"20" (Ch 20) is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

The figure 1 is shown in the CHANNEL display to indicate that parameter 1 (Time) may be keyed-in:

9

9

"99" (End of Program) is shown in the FREQUENCY display.

ENTER

Provided Time Program no.1 does not contain previously programmed times the programming is now finalized and the receiver returned to its normal state.

Previously programmed times are deleted by keying 9 - 9 - ENTER until all are deleted.

4. Activate the time control by keying-in  
RCL - TIME - 1 - ENTER .

Time Program no.1 which we have just prepared is now active, i.e. every time the hour of the built-in clock equals the programmed times, the set-up that was stored on channel 20 will be recalled, irrespective of the operation of the receiver in the mean time.

The time control may be de-activated without deleting the program by pressing

RCL - TIME - 0 - ENTER .

To check if a Time Program is active, press

More Time Programs may be prepared (No.1 to 40) and activated when desired.

The program in paragraph 3 is an example of a simple Time Program. The data that was keyed-in is contained in a file in the user-programmable memory, as illustrated below.

#### TIME PROGRAM NO.1

1	(Time)	900	(9.00 o'clock)
2	(Action)	1	(Recall Channel)
3	(No.)	20	(CH 20)
1	(Time)	1330	(13.30 o'clock)
2	(Action)	1	(Recall Channel)
3	(No.)	20	(CH 20)
1	(Time)	99	(End of program)

The file may be read by pressing

PROG - TIME - 1 - ENTER - ENTER ... ENTER .

The parameter numbers will then be shown in the CHANNEL display and the corresponding values in the FREQUENCY display. Each ENTER will call the next parameter in the file.

Editing is possible by keying-in new data for a parameter before pressing ENTER. More time/actions may be added. The order may be arbitrary. If an incident must be repeated once every hour then it is sufficient to enter 88 + the desired minutes at parameter 1.

A time indication and the action belonging to it may be deleted by pressing

9 - 9 - ENTER

whereupon the next time indication in the stack moves up.

Please note, that the receiver may be operated normally even if a Time Program is active. The effect of the Time Program is, that the programmed activity takes place at the programmed time.

In addition to recalling channels it is possible to recall Scan Programs or start Scan Programs. It is also possible to store the current set-up of the receiver for later recall. A Time Program may even call another Time Program. Some additional examples may be appropriate.

#### Example 2:

This program will on the hours and half-hours switch to channel number 100. Three minutes later it returns to the previously used setting.

1	(Time)	8800	(XX:00)
2	(Action)	2	(Store current set-up)
1	(Time)	8800	(XX:00)
2	(Action)	1	(Recall Channel)
3	(No.)	100	(CH 100)
1	(Time)	8803	(XX:03)
2	(Action)	3	(Recall stored set-up)
1	(Time)	8830	(XX:30)
2	(Action)	2	(Store current set-up)
1	(Time)	8830	(XX:30)
2	(Action)	1	(Recall Channel)
3	(No.)	100	(CH 100)
1	(Time)	8833	(XX:33)
2	(Action)	3	(Recall stored set-up)
1	(Time)	99	(End of program)

Example 3:

This program will set the receiver to channel number 10 from 8:00 to 8:15 and to channel number 11 from 12:00 to 12:30.

The rest of the time the receiver is muted, which is done by recalling channel number 0.

1	(Time)	800	(8:00)
2	(Action)	1	(Recall Channel)
3	(No.)	10	(CH 10)
1	(Time)	815	(8:15)
2	(Action)	1	(Recall Channel)
3	(No.)	0	(CH 0 = muted)
1	(Time)	1200	(12:00)
2	(Action)	1	(Recall Channel)
3	(No.)	11	(CH 11)
1	(Time)	1230	(12:30)
2	(Action)	1	(Recall Channel)
3	(No.)	0	(CH 0 = muted)
1	(Time)	99	(End of program)

Example 4:

This program will on the hours start a tape recorder and watch channel number 37. Five minutes past, channel 20 is selected and the tape recorder is stopped.

The tape recorder is controlled from the terminal "CTL OUT 1" of the "AUX2" socket. The output is operated as described in section 3.4. '0' or '1' is selected so as to cause the tape recorder to run. This setting is stored together with the remaining set-up on channel 37. Then the opposite setting of CTL OUT 1 is selected (tape recorder stopped). This setting is stored on channel no.20 together with the remaining set-up on that channel.

1	(Time)	8800	(XX:00)
2	(Action)	1	(Recall Channel)
3	(No.)	37	(CH 37)
1	(Time)	8805	(XX:05)
2	(Action)	1	(Recall Channel)
3	(No.)	20	(CH 20)
1	(Time)	99	(End of program)

Example 5:

This program will switch between two Scan Programs. Scan Program no.1 is called at 4 a.m. (4:00) and Scan Program no.2 is called at 8 p.m. (20:00).

The effect of this program is that whenever the operator presses the SCAN key, Scan program no.1 will run in the period from 4:00 to 20:00 and Scan Program 2 will run in the period from 20:00 to 4:00.

1	(Time)	400	(4:00)
2	(Action)	4	(Recall Scan Program)
3	(No.)	1	(Scan Program 1)
1	(Time)	2000	(20:00)
2	(Action)	4	(Recall Scan Program)
3	(No.)	2	(Scan Program 2)

Example 6:

This is an example on how Time Programs may be combined.

These two programs together will select channel 20 every hour in the period from 8:00 to 16:00.

TIME PROGRAM NO.1:

1	(Time)	8800	(XX:00)
2	(Action)	1	(Recall Channel)
3	(No.)	20	(CH 20)
1	(Time)	1600	(16:00)
2	(Action)	6	(Recall Time Program)
3	(No.)	2	(Time Program 2)
1	(Time)	99	(End of program)

TIME PROGRAM NO.2:

1	(Time)	759	(7:59)
2	(Action)	6	(Recall Time Program)
3	(No.)	1	(Time Program 1)
1	(Time)	99	(End of program)

## Operating Sequences, Summary

---

### Direct Frequency Entry:

FRQ	Frequency 10.0-30000.0 kHz	ENTER
-----	-------------------------------	-------

### Recall Channel:

RCL	Number	ENTER
-----	--------	-------

### Manual Channel Scan:

RCL	RATE	<Tuning Wheel>
-----	------	----------------

### Store Set-up:

PROG	STO	Number 1-399	ENTER
------	-----	-----------------	-------

### User-programmable Rate:

FRQ	RATE	<Tuning Wheel>
-----	------	----------------

### Setting User-programmable Rate:

PROG	4	ENTER	Step Size 0.01-99.99 kHz	ENTER
------	---	-------	-----------------------------	-------

### View/change Scan Program Number:

RCL	SCAN	Number	ENTER
-----	------	--------	-------

### View/change Time Program Number:

RCL	TIME	Number	ENTER
-----	------	--------	-------

### View/change FSK Set-up Number (R8003):

RCL	FSK	Number	ENTER
-----	-----	--------	-------



# SCAN PROGRAMS

PROG	SCAN	Number 1-40	ENTER	Value see below	ENTER	do. do.
------	------	----------------	-------	--------------------	-------	---------

Parameter (CHANNEL display)	Value (FREQUENCY display)
1 Dwell Time	1-250 (x 0.1 s)
2 Hold Time	0-99 (s), 100=infinite
3 Hold Source	0 = None 1 = Squelch 2 = Signal Threshold 3 = Squelch or Signal Threshold 4 = External Signal
4 Hold Mode	1 = Hold Time Only 2 = Signal Time + Hold Time
5 Scan Type	0 = Consecutive Channel Scan 1-9999 Frequency Step (x10 Hz) 10000 Sequential Channel Scan
6 Start Channel	1-399 0=delete
7 Stop Channel/ Next Channel	1-399 0=delete/end of sequence
8 Linking	1-40 0=None

# TIME PROGRAMS

PROG	TIME	Number 1-40	ENTER	Value see below	ENTER	do. do.
------	------	----------------	-------	--------------------	-------	---------

Parameter (CHANNEL display)	Value (FREQUENCY display)
1 Time, 1-hour cycles 24-hour cycles End of program/delete	8800-8859 XX:minutes 0-2359 hours:minutes 99
2 Action	1 = Recall Channel 2 = Store current set-up 3 = Recall stored set-up 4 = Recall Scan Program 5 = Start Scan Program 6 = Recall Time Program
3 Channel/Program No.	0-399

# FSK DEMODULATOR (R8003)

PROG	FSK	Value see below	ENTER	do. do..
------	-----	--------------------	-------	----------

Parameter (CHANNEL display)	Value (FREQUENCY display)
1 Mark Frequency	1000-3000 (Hz)
2 Space Frequency	1000-3000 (Hz)
3 Data Rate	50, 100, 150, ..750 (Baud)

Set Time:

STO	TIME	hours.minutes	ENTER
-----	------	---------------	-------

Set Beep Level:

PROG	1	ENTER	VOLUME	ENTER
------	---	-------	--------	-------

Set Signal Threshold Level:

PROG	2	ENTER	SENSITIVITY	ENTER
------	---	-------	-------------	-------

Set CTL OUT 1-7:

PROG	3	ENTER	0/1	ENTER	0/1 ...	ENTER
------	---	-------	-----	-------	---------	-------

Start Automatic Self-test:

PROG	1	0	ENTER
------	---	---	-------

Manual Self-test:

PROG	1	1	ENTER	Test Number	ENTER	DIMMER
------	---	---	-------	-------------	-------	--------

Read Accumulated On-time:

PROG	1	2	ENTER	Read Time (hours)	ENTER
------	---	---	-------	-------------------	-------

Read CU Configuration PROM Version and Date:

PROG	1	3	ENTER	Read	ENTER
------	---	---	-------	------	-------

Read CU Program PROM Version and Date:

PROG	1	4	ENTER	Read	ENTER
------	---	---	-------	------	-------

Read RU Program PROM Version and Date:

PROG	1	5	ENTER	Read	ENTER
------	---	---	-------	------	-------

Delete Memory (R8001):

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

## PARTS LIST FOR RU CONTROL BOARD 674 VERSION 1

## Printed Circuit Board Complete

107 567 41

C1	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C2	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C3	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C4	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C5	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C6	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C7	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C8	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C9	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C10	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C11	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C12	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C13	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C14	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C15	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C16	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C17	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C18	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C19	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C20	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C21	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C22	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C23	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C24	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C25	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C26	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C27	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C28	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C29	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C30	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C31	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C32	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C33	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C34	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C35	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C36	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C37	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C38	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C39	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C40	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C41	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C42	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C43	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C44	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C45	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C46	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C47	10 nF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 410 01
C48	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C49	39 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 139 01
C50	1.2 nF	10%	63V	Cer.	602 312 00
C51	180 pF	10%	63V	Cer.	602 218 00
C52	10 nF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 410 01
C54	10 nF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 410 01
C55	10 nF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 410 01

## PARTS LIST FOR RU CONTROL BOARD 674 VERSION 1

C56	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C57	6.8 uF	20%	25V	Sol.al.	652 668 01
C58	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C59	220 pF	10%	100V	Cer.	603 222 00
C60	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C61	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C62	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C63	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C64	220 pF	10%	100V	Cer.	603 222 00
C65	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C66	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C67	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C68	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C69	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C78	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C79	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C80	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C81	10 nF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 410 01
C82	6.8 uF	20%	25V	Sol.al.	652 668 01
C83	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C84	2.2 nF	1%	125V	Polyst.	613 322 00
C85	10 nF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 410 01
C86	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C87	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C88	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C89	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C90	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C94	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C95	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C96	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C97	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C98	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C99	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C100	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C101	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C102	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C103	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C104	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C105	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C106	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C107	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C108	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C109	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C128	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C129	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C130	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C131	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C133	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C134	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C135	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C136	220 pF	10%	100V	Cer.	603 222 00
C137	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C138	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C139	220 pF	10%	100V	Cer.	603 222 00
C140	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 310 02
C141	6.8 uF	20%	25V	Sol.al.	652 668 01

# PARTS LIST FOR RU CONTROL BOARD 674 VERSION 1

C142	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622	510	00
C143	0.47 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622	547	01
C144	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602	310	02
C145	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602	310	02
C146	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602	310	02
C147	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602	310	02
C148	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602	310	02
C149	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602	310	02
C150	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602	310	02
C151	100 uF	20%	25V	W.alum.	652	810	00
C152	100 uF	20%	25V	W.alum.	652	810	00
C153	100 uF	20%	25V	W.alum.	652	810	00
C154	0.47 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622	547	01
C155	6.8 uF	20%	25V	Sol.al.	652	668	01
C156	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602	310	02
C157	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602	310	02
C160	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622	510	00
D1	1N4148				830	414	80
D2	1N4148				830	414	80
D3	1N4148				830	414	80
D4	1N4148				830	414	80
D5	1N4148				830	414	80
D7	1N4148				830	414	80
D8	1N4148				830	414	80
D10	1N4148				830	414	80
D11	AA143				830	014	30
D12	AA143				830	014	30
D13	1N4148				830	414	80
D26	LM329DZ				830	032	90
D30	4V7	BZX79C4V7			832	794	70
D31	4V7	BZX79C4V7			832	794	70
IC10	1489P				850	148	90
IC11	1488P				850	148	80
IC12	6803U4				856	803	40
IC13	74LS373				857	437	30
IC14	74LS138				857	413	80
IC16	9124C				850	912	40
IC18	74LS32				850	743	20
IC1	74C904				857	490	40
IC20	74LS32				850	743	20
IC21	74LS20				850	740	21
IC22	74LS04				850	740	41
IC25	74C374				857	437	40
IC26	NE5007				850	500	70
IC28	MC1458N				850	145	80
IC29	MC1458N				850	145	80
IC2	74C904				857	490	40
IC30	NE555				850	055	50
IC31	74C374				857	437	40
IC32	74C374				857	437	40
IC33	74C374				857	437	40
IC34	UDN2981				850	298	10
IC35	ULN2003				850	200	30
IC36	74C374				857	437	40
IC37	74HC27				850	742	70
IC38	74C904				857	490	40

# PARTS LIST FOR RU CONTROL BOARD 674 VERSION 1

01	IC3	74C904				857	490	40
02	IC4	MC1458N				850	145	80
03	IC48	74C374				857	437	40
04	IC49	74C904				857	490	40
05	IC50	74C150				857	415	00
06	IC51	MA7805				850	780	50
07	IC52	MA7805				850	780	50
08	IC5	4070BC				850	407	00
09	IC6	4020B				850	402	00
10	IC7	74LS93				850	749	32
11	IC8	74C04				850	740	42
12	IC9	4066BC				850	406	60
13	L1	22 uH	1582			740	122	00
14	L2	100 uH				740	210	06
15	L3	22 uH	1582			740	122	00
16	PL1	3M	40	pol		756	040	04
17	PL3	3M	10	pol		756	010	02
18	PL4	3M	34	pol		756	034	01
19	Q1	BF240				840	024	00
20	Q2	BF240				840	024	00
21	Q3	BF240				840	024	00
22	Q4	BF240				840	024	00
23	R1	1 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	310	00
24	R2	10 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	410	00
25	R3	10 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	410	00
26	R4	10 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	410	00
27	R5	2.2 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	322	00
28	R6	1 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	310	00
29	R7	3.3 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	333	00
30	R8	6.8 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	368	00
31	R9	220 E	5%	1/8W	MF	500	222	00
32	R10	100 E	5%	1/8W	MF	500	210	00
33	R11	330 E	5%	1/8W	MF	500	233	00
34	R12	3.9 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	339	00
35	R13	820 E	5%	1/8W	MF	500	282	00
36	R16	3.3 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	333	00
37	R17	3.3 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	333	00
38	R18	220 E	5%	1/8W	MF	500	222	00
39	R24	5.62 k	1%	1/4W	MF	511	356	20
40	R25	5.62 k	1%	1/4W	MF	511	356	20
41	R26	10 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	410	00
42	R27	3.3 M	5%	1/4W	Car.	501	633	00
43	R28	10 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	410	00
44	R29	22 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	422	00
45	R30	5.6 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	356	00
46	R32	22 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	422	00
47	R35	10 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	410	00
48	R36	31.6 k	1%	1/4W	MF	511	431	60
49	R37	2.2 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	322	00
50	R38	61.9 k	1%	1/4W	MF	511	461	90
51	R39	330 E	5%	1/8W	MF	500	233	00
52	R41	56 E	5%	1/2W	MF	512	156	00
53	R42	56 E	5%	1/2W	MF	512	156	00
54	R43	56 E	5%	1/2W	MF	512	156	00
55	R44	56 E	5%	1/2W	MF	512	156	00
56	R86	8.2 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500	382	00

# PARTS LIST FOR RU CONTROL BOARD 674 VERSION 1

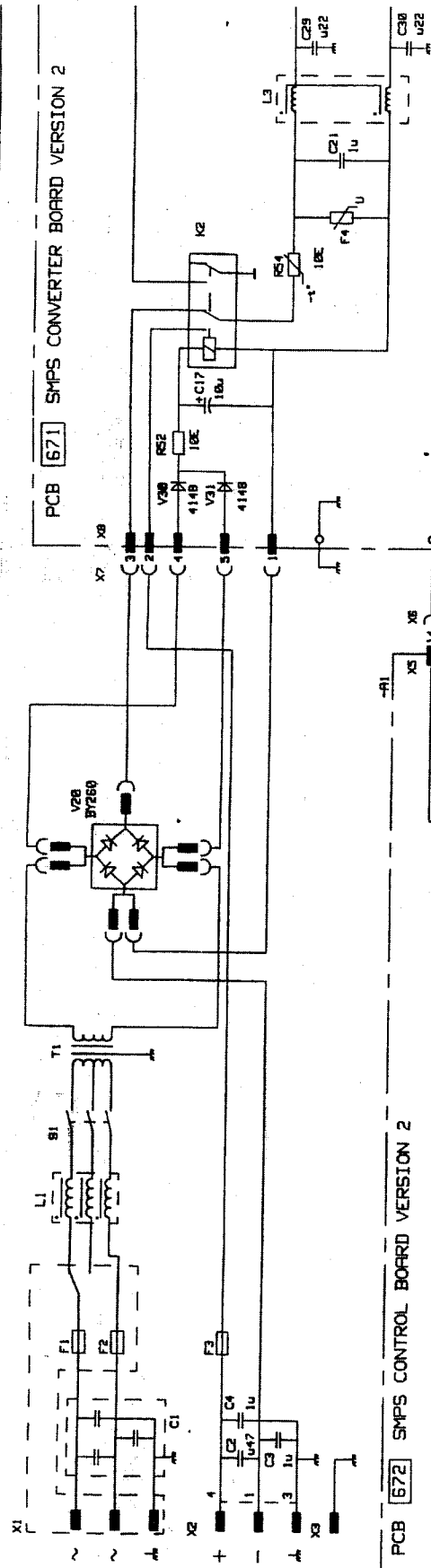
REVISION 1.0

R87	6.81 k	1%	1/4W	MF	511 368 10
R88	2.74 k	1%	1/4W	MF	511 327 40
R89	5 k	Pot.			582 310 02
R90	10 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 410 00
R92	10 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 410 00
R93	10 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 410 00
R94	10 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 410 00
R95	10 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 410 00
R96	10 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 410 00
R98	1 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 310 00
R99	1 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 310 00
R100	47 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 447 00
R101	56 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 456 00
R102	15 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 415 00
R103	220 E	5%	1/8W	MF	500 222 00
R107	56 E	5%	1/2W	MF	512 156 00
R109	2.2 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 322 00
R111	2.2 k	Sil.			530 000 08
R112	47 k	Sil.			530 000 07
R113	47 k	Sil.			530 000 07
R114	2.2 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 322 00
R118	2.2 k	5%	1/8W	MF	500 322 00
X1	2,4576M	CRYSTAL	2,4576MHz		812 000 02

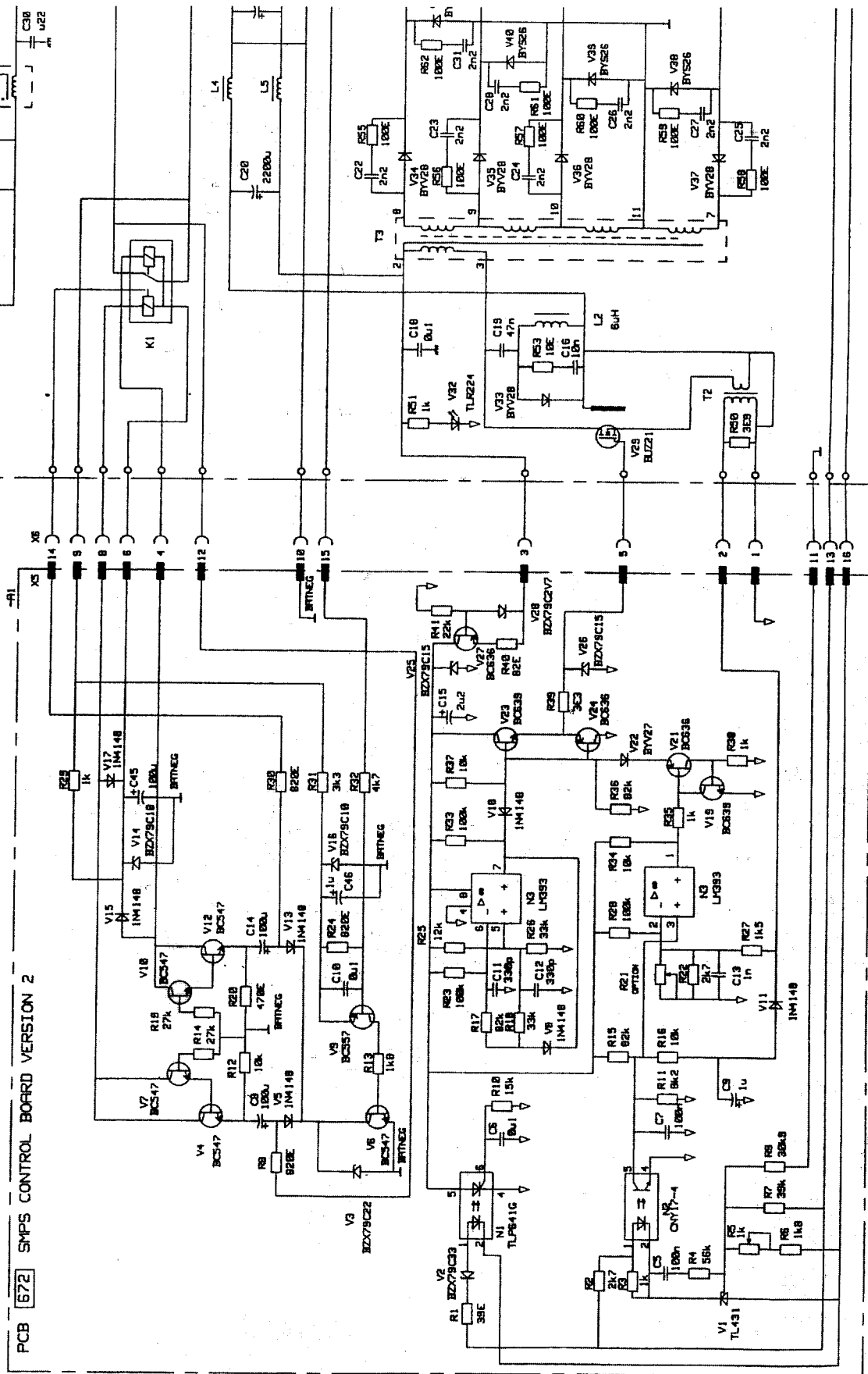




# PCB 671 SMPS CONVERTER BOARD VERSION 2



# PCB 672 SMPS CONTROL BOARD VERSION 2

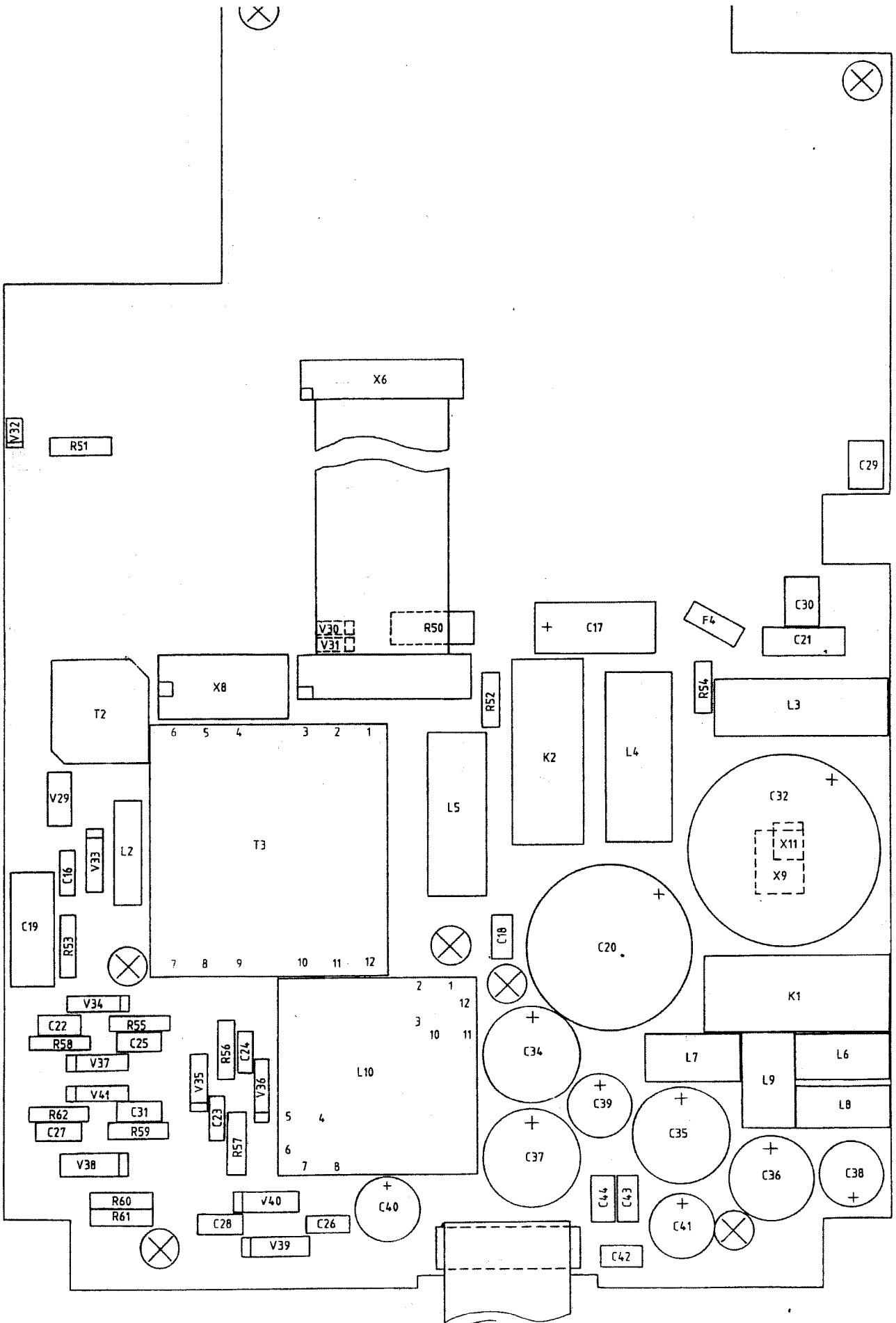


NOV 30 1964

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI  
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK  
SUBJECT: [illegible]

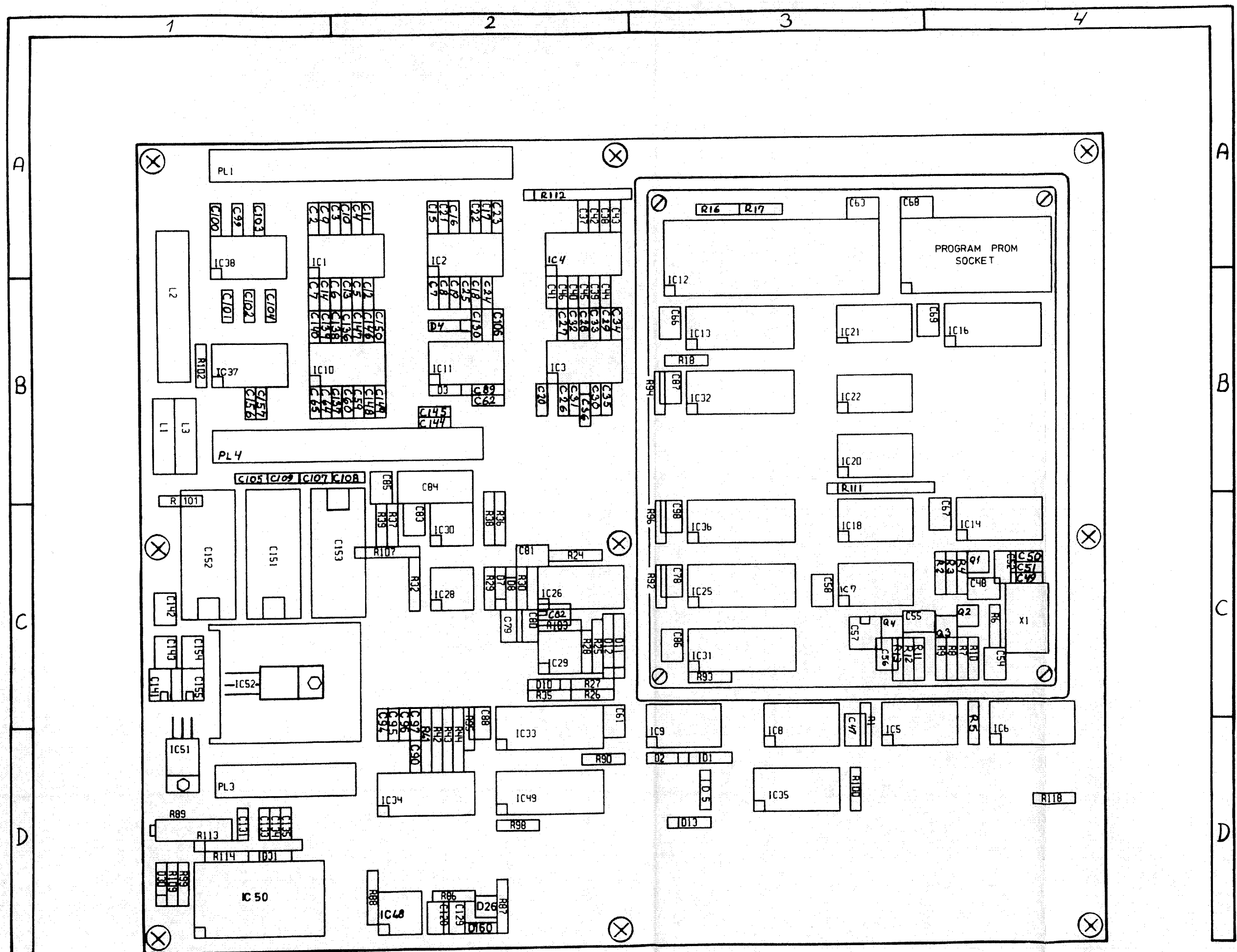
NEW YORK  
11/30/64

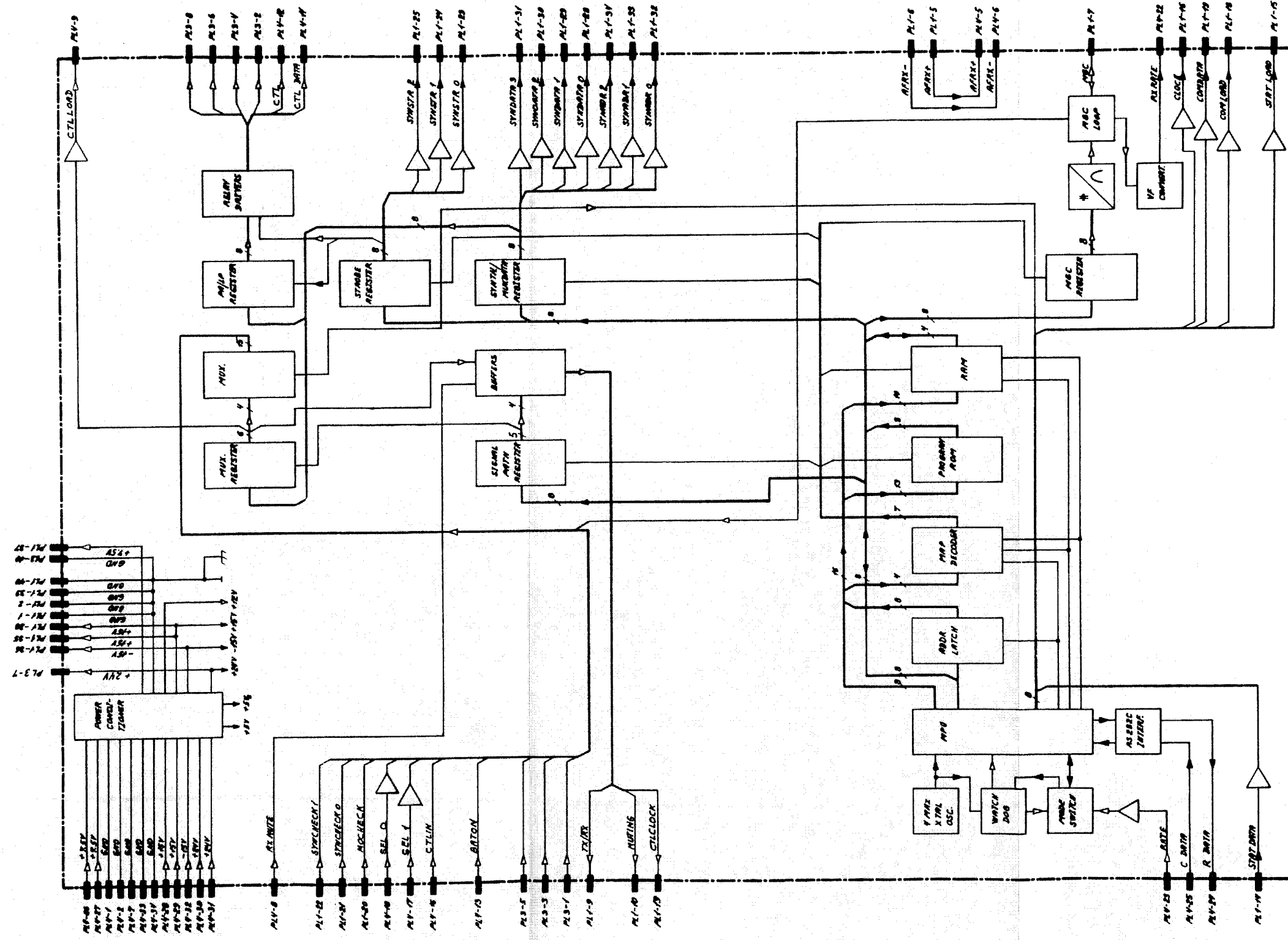




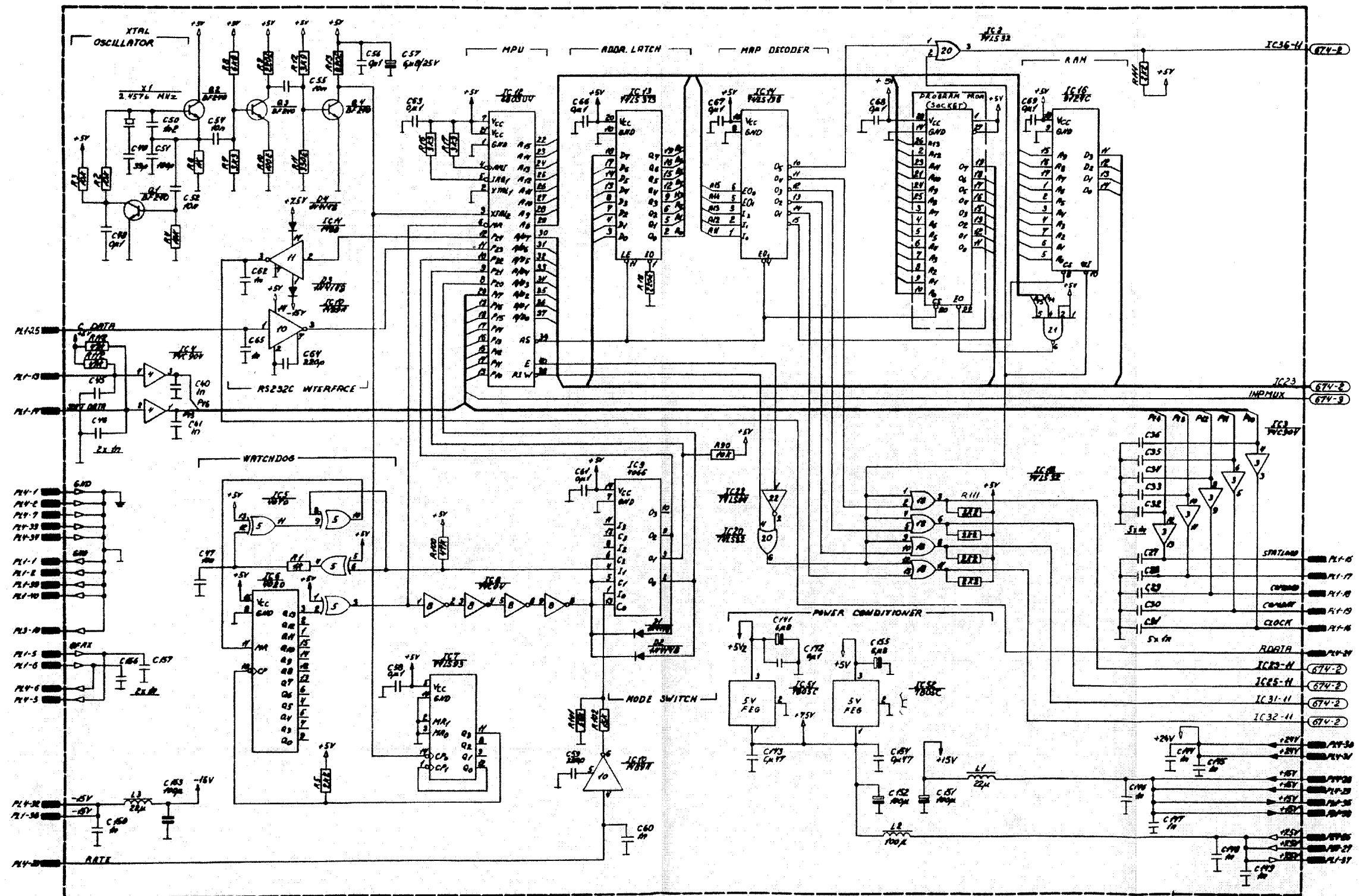
**9. AMENDMENTS**



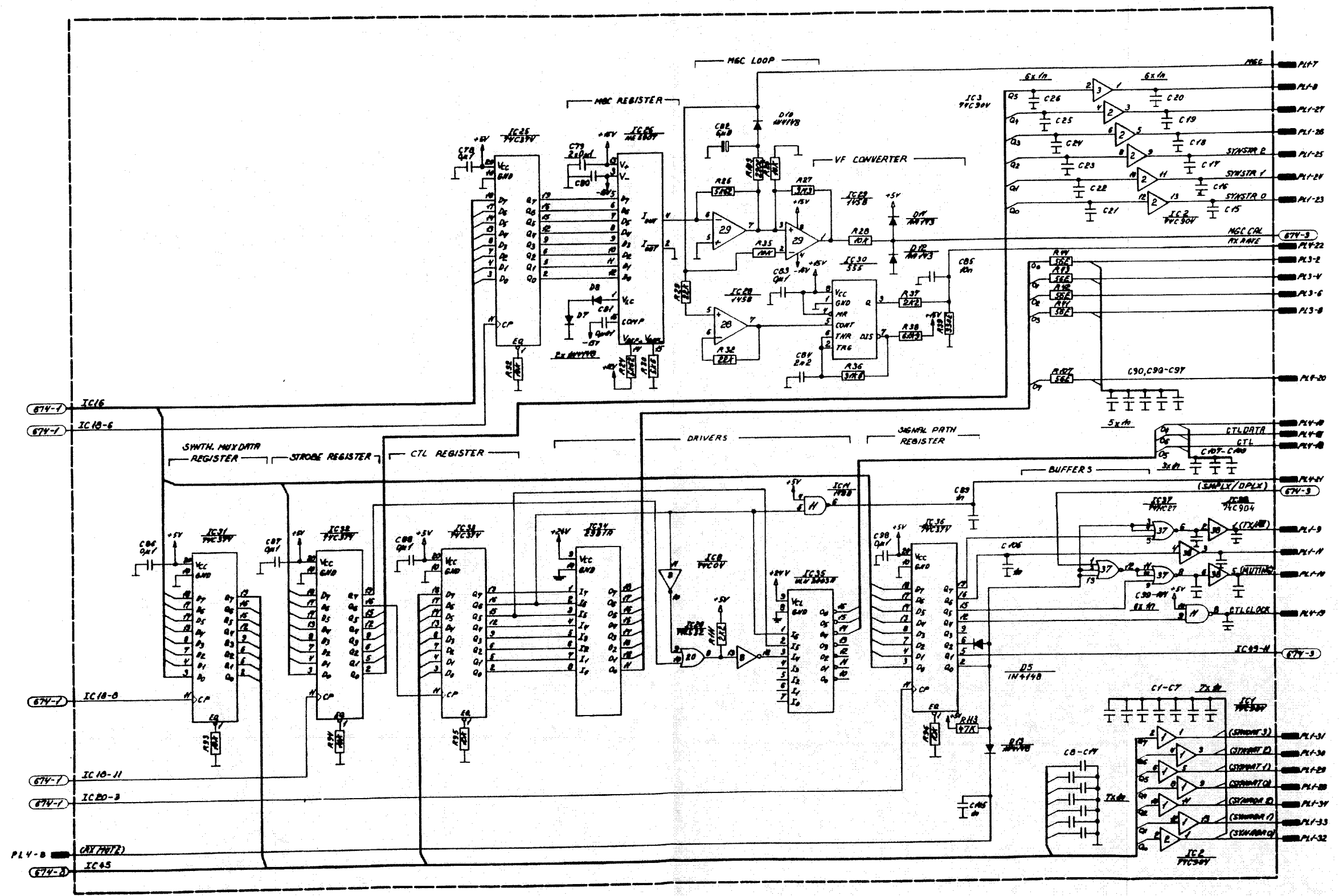




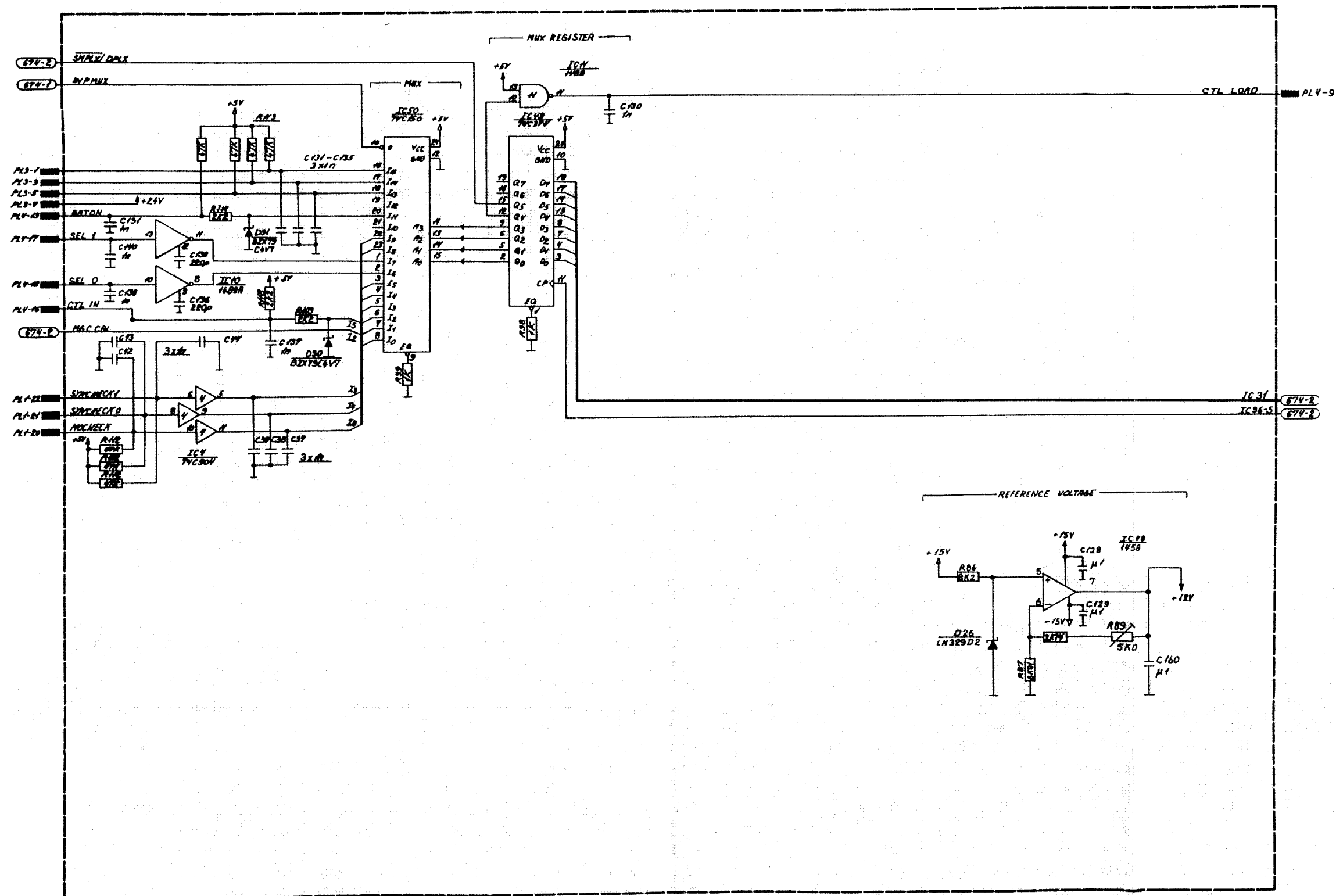




PCB 674 RU CONTROL BOARD  
VERSION 1 SUBDIAGRAM 1 OF 3



PCB 674 RU CONTROL BOARD  
VERSION 1 SUBDIAGRAM 2 OF 3



PCB 674 RU CONTROL BOARD  
VERSION 1 SUBDIAGRAM 3 OF 3

## 5. TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

### 5.1 CONTROL UNIT 8010

The Control Unit consists of Audio and Control Board 107 567 71, Display Board 107 567 51 and Sensor Board 107 567 61.

The Control and Audio Board comprises the AF signal path except the squelch circuit which is part of the Display Board. The audio output signal is fed to the built-in loudspeaker and to an external speaker output available at the "AUX1" connector as well as the "HEADPHONE" socket on the front of the unit. The microprocessor part of Audio and Control Board communicates via an RS-232C interface with its counterpart on RU Control Board in the Receiver Unit. The rate can be configured to 300, 600, 1200 or 2400 baud dependent on the length of the interconnection cable between the Control and Receiver Unit.

The Display Board consists of a squelch circuit as mentioned above. Further, as the name indicates, it includes a display and keyboard interface. The control signals from the keyboard/display controller on Audio and Control Board are decoded here.

The Sensor Board detects the turning of the tuning wheel. The signals produced here are fed to the processor part of Audio and Control Board.

The Control Unit is power supplied via the interconnection cable from the Receiver Unit.

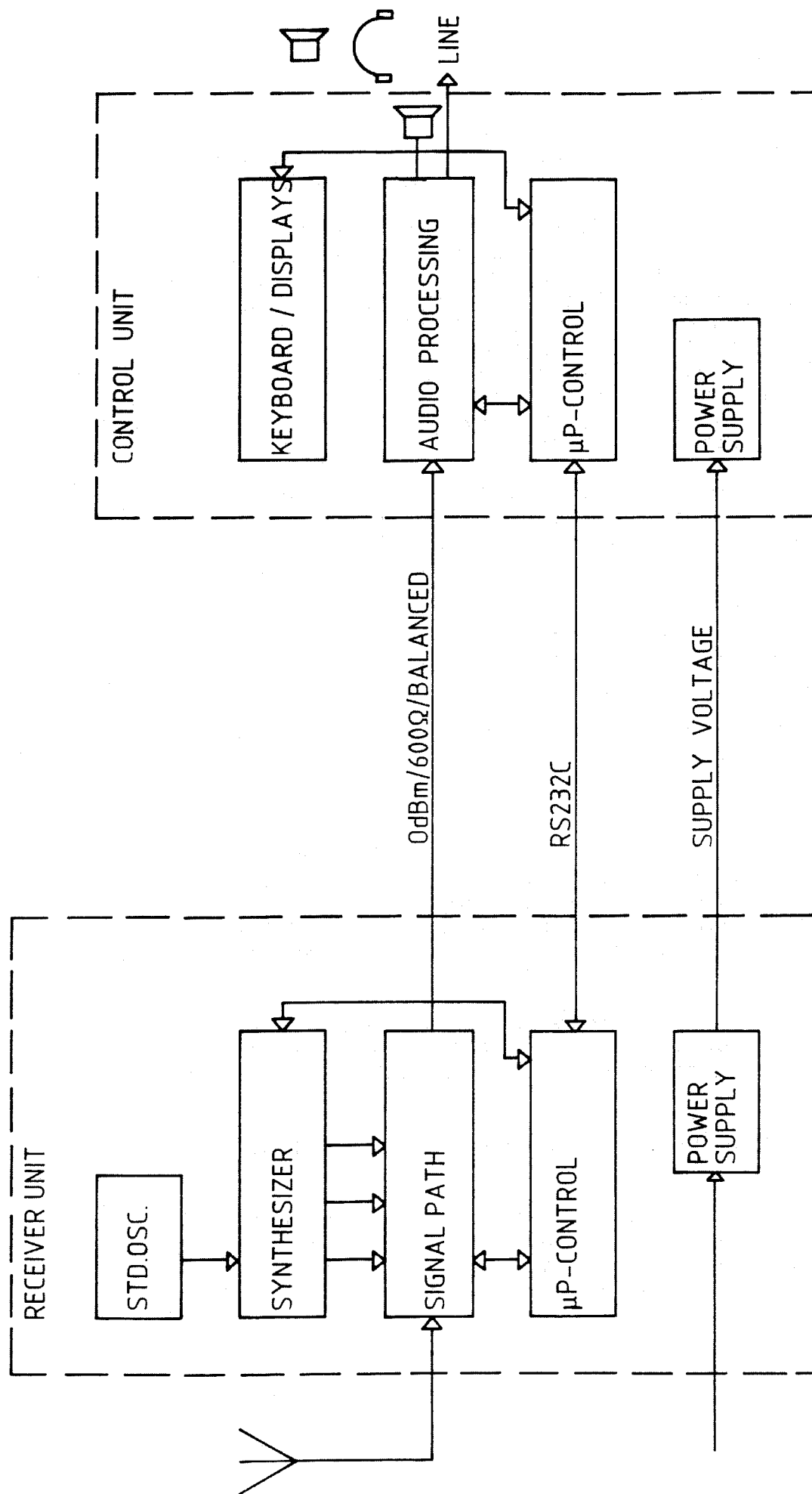
### 5.2 RECEIVER UNIT

The Receiver Unit contains the Receiver Signal Path 107 566 81 and the Synthesizer Board 107 561 11. These are located in the top half of the cabinet, screened from the bottom part which contains RU Interconnection Board 107 567 01, RU Control Board 107 567 41, Power Supply Assembly 107 620 00 and at last the Master Oscillator Board 107 561 21.

The Power Supply Assembly produces various supply voltages necessary in the equipment. Supply voltages, signals and control voltages are distributed via the RU Interconnection Board.

The RU Control Board performs the central control of the Receiver Unit.

The Master Oscillator determines the overall frequency stability of the receiver, which is 1.5 ppm in the standard version. Two other Master Oscillators are available: 107 561 31 with a frequency stability of 0.8 ppm and 107 561 41 with 0.4 ppm.



R8001 : **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

## 6. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Due to the modern design of the R 8001 preventive maintenance can be reduced to a minimum provided the equipment is correctly installed. To ensure maximum performance and minimum repair trouble we recommend you to follow the procedures below for preventive maintenance.

1. The condition of the supply battery should be checked at frequent intervals. The battery must always be fully charged and should be topped up frequently with distilled water (liquid should be 5 to 10 mm above the plates).
2. Check the condition of antenna installation, ground connection and cables at regular intervals.
3. Keep antenna feed-through insulators clean and dry.

### 6.1 Realignment of Master Oscillator 612/613/614

The Master Oscillator frequency should be checked at least once a year. The Master Oscillator determines the exact receive frequency of the equipment. The oscillator tends to age very slowly with time, typically with the highest drift rate the first year. The check should be performed by a qualified technician with the necessary test equipment at his disposal.

#### 1. Measuring Equipment:

- 1.1 Frequency Counter:      Frequency range  $\geq 100$  MHz  
                                 Input impedance = 50 ohm  
                                 Sensitivity at least  $> 0.2$  V  
                                 Accuracy better than 0.04 ppm.

- 1.2 Thermometer:              Range 0-50 deg. Celcius.

#### 2. Preparations:

- 2.1 Switch on the power at least 30 minutes before adjustment.
- 2.2 Remove the bottom plate and the top cover of the Receiver Unit. Disconnect all sockets from the shielding cover of the Master Oscillator, which is located in the bottom half of the cabinet. Remove the shielding cover by unscrewing the 4 screws.
- 2.3 Note if the TCXO is marked with a frequency offset.
- 2.4 Connect all sockets again.
- 2.5 Measure the temperature close to the Master Oscillator and take the necessary arrangements to keep it at 25 deg. Celsius. Be sure that thermal equilibrium has taken place before adjustment.

#### 3. Realignment of Master Oscillator:

- 3.1 Disconnect the socket from PL2 on the Synthesizer Board 611 carrying the injection signal to the 1st. mixer on 668. Connect the frequency counter to PL2 on 611.
- 3.2 Key-in AM mode, WIDE BW and a receiver frequency of 26.68000 MHz on the Control Unit.

3.3 Adjust R1 on Master Oscillator Board until the counter reads  $f = 71.680000 \text{ MHz} \pm 1 \text{ Hz}$ . If the TCXO is marked with a frequency offset, multiply the offset by 7 and add to the frequency stated above. For example:

Frequency offset +2 Hz

Add  $7 * 2 = 14 \text{ Hz}$

Adjust to  $f = 71.680014 \text{ MHz} \pm 1 \text{ Hz}$

3.4 Replace all covers and sockets again.

## 6.2 Replacement of backup battery

The lithium backup battery should be changed within ten years after its date of manufacture. The date of manufacture is marked on the battery. If the time is exceeded the battery voltage may become too low which causes the real-time clock to default to 00:00 and the contents of the user programmable memory to be erased when the equipment is switched OFF. The battery is located in the Control Unit on Control and Audio Board 677 and should be changed by a qualified technician.

## 7. TROUBLE SHOOTING AND SERVICE

### 7.1 MALFUNCTION

If the equipment is not functioning correctly a check should be made that it is being operated properly, see chapter 3. The power lamp on the rear of the Receiver Unit must be illuminated. If not, the cause could be a blown fuse.

### 7.2 REPLACEMENT OF FUSES

The Receiver Unit contains three replaceable fuses located at the back of the Power Supply Assembly. The two fuses are placed in the mains power inlet, and one fuse is used for the 24 VDC Battery input.

Fuse ratings:

Input Voltage	Fuse (slow)
AC Mains input:	
110-120 VAC	2 x 2 Amp.
220-240 VAC	2 x 1 Amp.
Battery input:	
24 VDC	6.3 Amp.

Spare fuses are located on the rear of the Receiver Unit.

### 7.3 SELF TEST FUNCTIONS

Self test can be done in two different modes, auto mode and step mode.

The auto mode is intended for a quick verification of all functions, it will execute all tests in sequence and stop if a malfunction is detected.

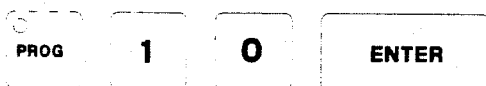
The manually stepped mode is intended for service purposes. It allows step-by-step testing from an arbitrary test number and makes it possible to take measurements during the test and to repeat tests.

If the self test can't even be executed, the possible cause could be either a defective Control and Audio Board 677, a defective RU Interconnection Board 670 or the interconnection cable RU 8010/CU 8010.



### 7.3.1 AUTOMATICALLY STEPPED SELF TEST

The self test is executed by pressing:



During the test the CHANNEL display will show the Test Number, indicating which test has been performed, and the FREQUENCY display will show the Error Code, indicating the result of the test.

The error codes are to be interpreted as follows:

Error Code	Meaning
0	The test has passed
1	}
2	} A malfunction has been detected,
-	} refer to specific test description
-	} for precise information.
97	}
98	Communication Error
	The test has failed due to communication error between CU and RU.
99	The test cannot be executed due to missing options. (special filters etc.)

### 7.3.2 MANUALLY STEPPED SELF TEST

The self test mode is selected by pressing:



Test Numbers and Error Codes are displayed as in the auto mode. The desired Test Number may be entered from the numeric keyboard. The test set-up will remain until "DIMMER" is pressed. Then the next test will be performed. Pressing "ENTER" will repeat the test. The receiver will return to normal operation when "PROG" is pressed.

### 7.3.3 TEST 1

Test 1 will test Control and Audio Board 677, audio signal path. Microprocessor beep generator is set to no tone, AF input switch is set to OFF, and speaker is set ON. AF AMP is checked for silence. The test is OK if CHECK 1 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. CHECK 1 was "0" Possible cause: Fault on Control and Audio Board 677

#### 7.3.4 TEST 2

Test 2 will test Control and Audio Board 677 , audio signal path. Microprocessor tone generator is set to ON, AF input switch is set to OFF, and speaker is set ON. AF AMP is checked for tone.

The test is OK if CHECK 1 = "0"  
A tone is heard during the test.

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. Check 1 was "1" Possible cause: Fault on Control and Audio Board 677 or loudspeaker shortcircuited

#### 7.3.5 TEST 5

Display test.

This test will turn all displays, annunciators and bargraph's ON for 10 seconds.

The microprocessor can not test the displays, the operator must inspect the displays visually.

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK, the microprocessor can not detect any faults in this test

If some displays, annunciators or bar-graph's do not turn ON, exchange or repair Display Board 675.

#### 7.3.6 TEST 6

Test 6 will test Master Oscillator and reference dividers on board 612, 613 or 614.

Test 6 will test that M.O.CHECK = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. M.O.CHECK was "0" Fault on: Master Oscillator 612, 613 or 614 or cable connecting 611 and 612 or Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.7 TEST 7

Test 7 will test Synthesizer Board 611.

It will set all synthesizers mid-range and test for lock.

1.LO is set to 50 MHz range = 45-52.5 MHz

2.LO is set to 43.6 MHz

3.LO is set to 1.4 MHz

The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.8 TEST 8

Test 8 will test Synthesizer Board 611.

It will bring 1.LO out of lock to check that it can be controlled by the microprocessor.

The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "0"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "1" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.9 TEST 9

Test 9 will test Synthesizer Board 611.

It will set 1.LO to 45 MHz to check if it can lock.

The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.10 TEST 10

Test 10 will test Synthesizer Board 611.

It will set 1.LO to 52.5 MHz, using the 45-52.5 MHz band, to check if it can lock.

The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.11 TEST 11

Test 11 will test Synthesizer Board 611.

It will set 1.LO to 52.5 MHz, using the 52.5-60 MHz band, to check if it can lock.

The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.12 TEST 12

Test 12 will test Synthesizer Board 611.

It will set 1.LO to 60 MHz, using the 52.5-60 MHz band, to check if it can lock.

The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.13 TEST 13

Test 13 will test Synthesizer Board 611.  
It will set 1.LO to 60 MHz, using the 60-67.5 MHz band, to  
check if it can lock.  
The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.14 TEST 14

Test 14 will test Synthesizer Board 611.  
It will set 1.LO to 67.5 MHz, using the 60-67.5 MHz band, to  
check if it can lock.  
The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.15 TEST 15

Test 15 will test Synthesizer Board 611.  
It will set 1.LO to 67.5 MHz, using the 67.5-75 MHz band, to  
check if it can lock.  
The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.16 TEST 16

Test 16 will test Synthesizer Board 611.  
It will set 1.LO to 75 MHz, using the 67.5-75 MHz band, to  
check if it can lock.

The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.17 TEST 17

Test 17 will test Synthesizer Board 611.  
It will set 2.LO to 43.597 MHz to check if it can lock.  
The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.18 TEST 18

Test 18 will test Synthesizer Board 611.  
It will set 2.LO to 43.603 MHz to check if it can lock.  
The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.19 TEST 19

Test 19 will test Synthesizer Board 611.  
It will set 3.LO out of lock to check if it can be controlled by the microprocessor.

The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "0"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "1" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.20 TEST 20

Test 20 will test Synthesizer Board 611.  
It will set 3.LO to 1.3955 MHz to check if it can lock.  
The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.21 TEST 21

Test 21 will test Synthesizer Board 611.  
It will set 3.LO to 1.403 MHz to check if it can lock.  
The test is OK if SYNCHECK 0 = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error. SYNCHECK 0 was "0" Fault on: Synthesizer Board 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or RU Control Board 674
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.22 TEST 25

Test 25 will test Receiver Signal Path 668.  
It will set 668 to J3E (USB) reception and set the synthesizer to make a 1 kHz beat frequency, AGC voltage and AF signal level will be tested by the CU.

The synthesizer frequencies are: 1.LO = 45.0 MHz, 2.LO = 43.601 MHz, 3.LO = 1.4 MHz.

A clear 1 kHz tone will be heard during this test.

The test is OK if RX RATE ( 674 ) < 9.1 kHz

and CHECK 0 ( 677 ) = "0"

and CHECK 1 ( 677 ) = "0"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error, RX RATE > 9.1 kHz AGC voltage is too low Fault on: Receiver Signal Path 668 or RU Control Board 674 or cable connecting 668 and 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or cable connecting CU and RU or Control and Audio Board 677
02	Error, CHECK 0 was "1" no AF signal on Control and Audio Board 677 Fault on: Receiver Signal Path 668 or cable connecting 668 and 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or cable connecting CU and RU or Control and Audio Board 677
03	Error, CHECK 1 was "1" no AF signal on loudspeaker Fault on: Display Board 675 or Control and Audio Board 677
99	The test can not be executed because either: filter X5 is not installed or this is not a standard version
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674



### 7.3.23 TEST 26

Test 26 will test Receiver Signal Path 668.

It will set 668 to H3E (AM) reception and set the synthesizer to generate an unmodulated carrier. The CU will test AGC voltage and that no AF signal is detected.

The synthesizer frequencies are: 1.LO = 45 MHz, 2.LO = 43.6 MHz, 3.LO = 1.4 MHz

The test is OK if RX RATE ( 674 ) < 9.1 kHz

and CHECK 0 ( 677 ) = "1"

and CHECK 1 ( 677 ) = "1"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error, RX RATE > 9.1 kHz AGC voltage is too low Fault on: Receiver Signal Path 668 or 674 RU Control Board or cable connecting 668 and 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or cable connecting CU and RU or Control and Audio Board 677
02	Error, CHECK 0 was "0" AF was detected on Control and Audio Board 677 Fault on: Receiver Signal Path 668 or cable connecting 668 and 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or cable connecting CU and RU or Control and Audio Board 677
03	Error, CHECK 1 was "0" AF was detected on loudspeaker Fault on: Control and Audio Board 677
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674
99	The test can not be executed because this is a special version

### 7.3.24 TEST 27

Test 27 will test Receiver Signal Path 668.  
It will set 668 to telex reception and set the synthesizer to generate a 1500 Hz tone. The CU will check AGC voltage and AF signal.

The synthesizer frequencies are: 1.LO = 45.0005 MHz, 2.LO = 43.602 MHz and 3.LO = 1.4 MHz.

The test is OK if RX RATE ( 674 ) < 9.1 kHz  
and CHECK 0 ( 677 ) = "0"  
and CHECK 1 ( 677 ) = "0"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error, RX RATE > 9.1 kHz AGC voltage is too low Fault on: Receiver Signal Path 668 or RU Control Board 674 or cable connecting 668 and 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or cable connecting CU and RU or Control and Audio Board 677
02	Error, CHECK 0 was "1" no AF signal on Control and Audio Board 677 Fault on: Receiver Signal Path 668 or cable connecting 668 and 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or cable connecting CU and RU or Control and Audio Board 677
03	Error, CHECK 1 was "1" no AF signal on loudspeaker Fault on: Display Board 675 or Control and Audio Board 677
99	The test can not be executed because either filter X3 is not installed or this is not a standard version
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.25 TEST 28

Test 28 will test Receiver Signal Path 668. It will set 668 to CW reception, intermediate bandwidth, and set the synthesizer to generate a 1 kHz tone. The CU will check AGC voltage and AF signals. A clear 1 kHz tone will be heard during this test. The synthesizer frequencies are: 1.LO = 45 MHz, 2.LO = 43.601 MHz, 3.LO = 1.4 MHz.

The test is OK if RX RATE ( 674 ) < 9.1 kHz

and CHECK 0 ( 677 ) = "0"

and CHECK 1 ( 677 ) = "0"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error, RX RATE > 9.1 kHz AGC voltage is too low Fault on: Receiver Signal Path 668 or RU Control Board 674 or cable connecting 668 and 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or cable connecting CU and RU or Control and Audio Board 677
02	Error, CHECK 0 was "1" no AF signal on Control and Audio Board 677 Fault on: Receiver Signal Path 668 or cable connecting 668 and 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or cable connecting CU and RU or Control and Audio Board 677
03	Error, CHECK 1 was "1" no AF signal on loudspeaker Fault on: Display Board 675 or Control and Audio Board 677
99	The test can not be executed because either filter X5 is not installed or this is a special version.
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.26 TEST 29

Test 29 will test Receiver Signal Path 668.

It will set 668 to CW reception, wide bandwidth, and set the synthesizer to generate a 1 kHz tone. The CU will check AGC voltage and AF signals. A clear 1 kHz tone will be heard during this test.

The synthesizer frequencies are 1.LO = 45 MHz, 2.LO = 43.6 MHz, 3.LO = 1.401 MHz.

The test is OK if RX RATE ( 674 ) < 9.1 kHz

and CHECK 0 ( 677 ) = "0"

and CHECK 1 ( 677 ) = "0"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error, RX RATE > 9.1 kHz AGC voltage is too low Fault on: Receiver Signal Path 668 or RU Control Board 674 or cable connecting 668 and 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or cable connecting CU and RU or Control and Audio Board 677
02	Error, CHECK 0 was "1" no AF signal on Control and Audio Board 677 Fault on: Receiver Signal Path 668 or cable connecting 668 and 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or cable connecting CU and RU or Control and Audio Board 677
03	Error, CHECK 1 was "1" no AF signal on loudspeaker Fault on: Display Board 675 or Control and Audio Board 677
99	The test can not be executed because this is a special version
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.27 TEST 30

Test 30 will test Receiver Signal Path 668. It will set 668 to CW reception, narrow bandwidth, and set the synthesizer to generate a 1.5 kHz tone. The CU will check AGC voltage and AF signals. A clear 1.5 kHz tone will be heard during the test.

The synthesizer frequencies are: 1.LO = 45.0005 MHz, 2. LO = 43.602 MHz, 3.LO = 1.4 MHz.

The test is OK if RX RATE ( 674 ) < 9.1 kHz  
and CHECK 0 ( 677 ) = "0"  
and CHECK 1 ( 677 ) = "0"

Error code	Meaning
00	The test was OK
01	Error, RX RATE > 9.1 kHz AGC voltage is too low Fault on: Receiver Signal Path 668 or RU Control Board 674 or cable connecting 668 and 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or cable connecting CU and RU or Control and Audio Board 677
02	Error, CHECK 0 was "1" no AF signal on Control and Audio Board 677 Fault on: Receiver Signal Path 668 or cable connecting 668 and 611 or cable connecting 611 and 674 or cable connecting CU and RU or Control and Audio Board 677
03	Error, CHECK 1 was "1" no AF signal on loudspeaker Fault on: Display Board 675 or Control and Audio Board 677
99	The test can not be executed because filter X3 is not installed or has a center frequency of 1.4 MHz or this is a special version
98	Error, no response from RU Fault on: RU Control Board 674

### 7.3.28 LIST OF TESTS

TEST#	TESTS	REMARKS
01	Control and Audio Board 677	
02	Control and Audio Board 677	
05	Display test	
06	Master Oscillator 612	
07	Synthesizers 611	all synthesizers mid range
08	Synthesizers 611	1.LO out of lock
09	Synthesizers 611	1.LO = 45 MHz 45-52.5 MHz range
10	Synthesizers 611	1.LO = 52.5 MHz 45-52.5 MHz range
11	Synthesizers 611	1.LO = 52.5 MHz 52.5-60 MHz range
12	Synthesizers 611	1.LO = 60 MHz 52.5-60 MHz range
13	Synthesizers 611	1.LO = 60 MHz 60-67.5 MHz range
14	Synthesizers 611	1.LO = 67.5 MHz 60-67.5 MHz range
15	Synthesizers 611	1.LO = 67.5 MHz 67.5-75 MHz range
16	Synthesizers 611	1.LO = 75 MHz 67.5-75 MHz range
17	Synthesizers 611	2.LO = 43.597 MHz
18	Synthesizers 611	2.LO = 43.603 MHz
19	Synthesizers 611	3.LO out of lock
20	Synthesizers 611	3.LO = 1.3955 MHz
21	Synthesizers 611	3.LO = 1.403 MHz
25	Receiver Signal Path 668	J3E mode
26	Receiver Signal Path 668	AM mode
27	Receiver Signal Path 668	F1B mode
28	Receiver Signal Path 668	CW inter
29	Receiver Signal Path 668	CW wide
30	Receiver Signal Path 668	CW narrow

### 7.4 Spare Parts List

#### CONTROL UNIT (CU 8010):

CU 8010 complete	108	620	10
Loudspeaker	860	000	10
Membrane Keyboard	345	571	01
Ribbon cable 675/677	375	573	01
Control and Audio Board 677	107	567	71
Display Board 675	107	567	51
Sensor Board 676	107	567	61

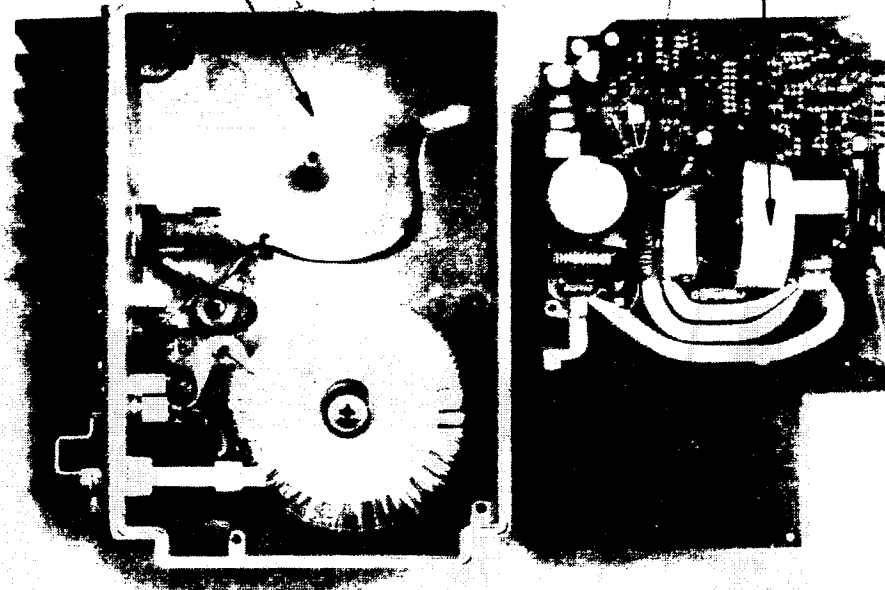
#### RECEIVER UNIT (RU 8010):

40-pole ribbon cable 668/611/674	373	590	23
37-pole wiring "Intercon"/"Aux1"	375	572	73
Ribbon cable 34-pole 670/674	375	572	92
15-pole wiring "Aux2"	375	572	81
Fuse 1 Amp 250 Volt slow 5 x 20 mm	720	310	03
Fuse 2 Amp 250 Volt slow 5 x 20 mm	720	320	03
Fuse 6.3 Amp 250 Volt slow 5 x 20 mm	720	363	03
Coax cable 2.LO Signal Path	106	606	50
Coax cable 2+3.LO Reference	106	600	30
Coax cable 1.LO Reference	106	600	40
Power Supply Assembly (PSA)	107	620	00
PSA Chassis Subassembly	107	621	60
PSA Boards Subassembly	107	621	70
Interconnection Board 670	107	567	01
Receiver Signal Path incl. filters 668	107	566	81

Synthesizer Board 611	107 561 11
Master Oscillator, 1.5 ppm 612	107 561 21
Master Oscillator, 0.8 ppm 613 (optional)	107 561 31
Master Oscillator, 0.4 ppm 614 (optional)	107 561 41
RU Control Board 674	107 567 41
Interconnection cable RU 8010/CU 8010 37 pole	375 575 03

PSA Boards Subassembly  
107 621 70

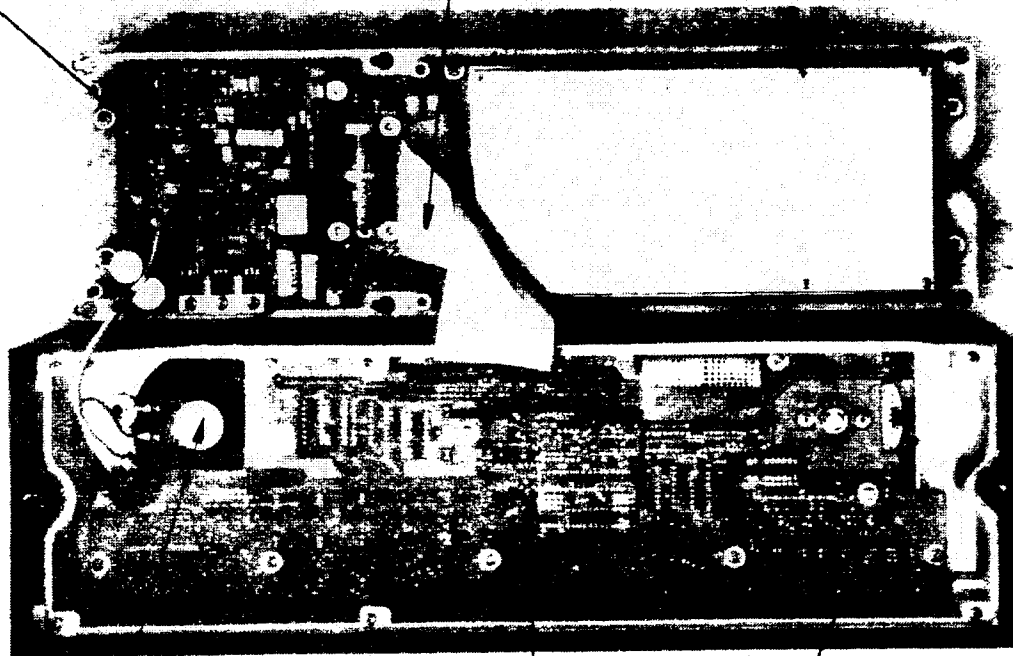
PSA Chassis Subassembly  
107 621 60



Power Supply Assembly 107 620 00

Audio and Control Board  
107 567 71

Ribbon cable  
375 573 01



Loudspeaker  
860 000 10

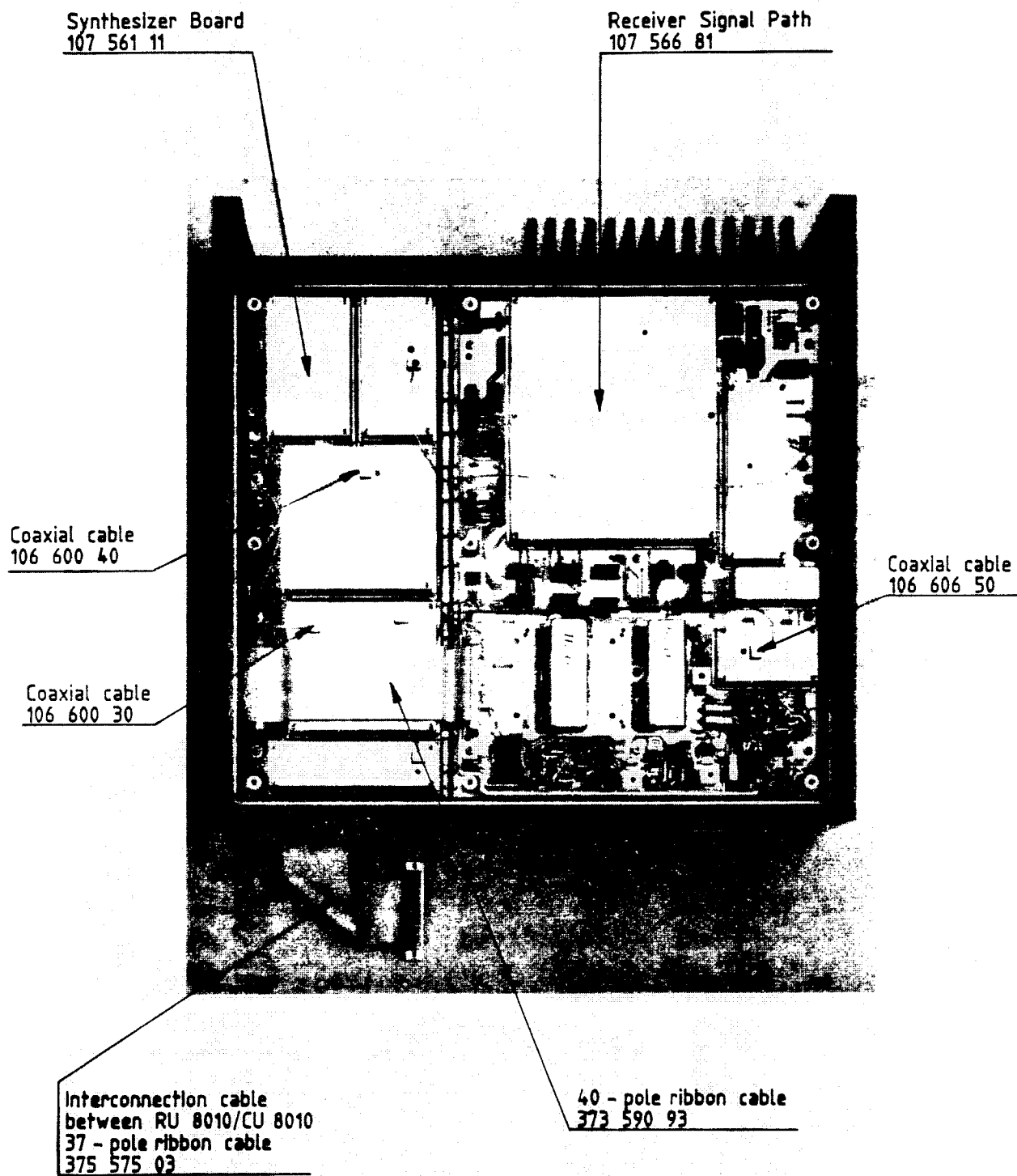
Keyboard (at front)  
345 571 01

Display Board  
107 567 51

Sensor Board  
107 567 61

Control Unit 8010

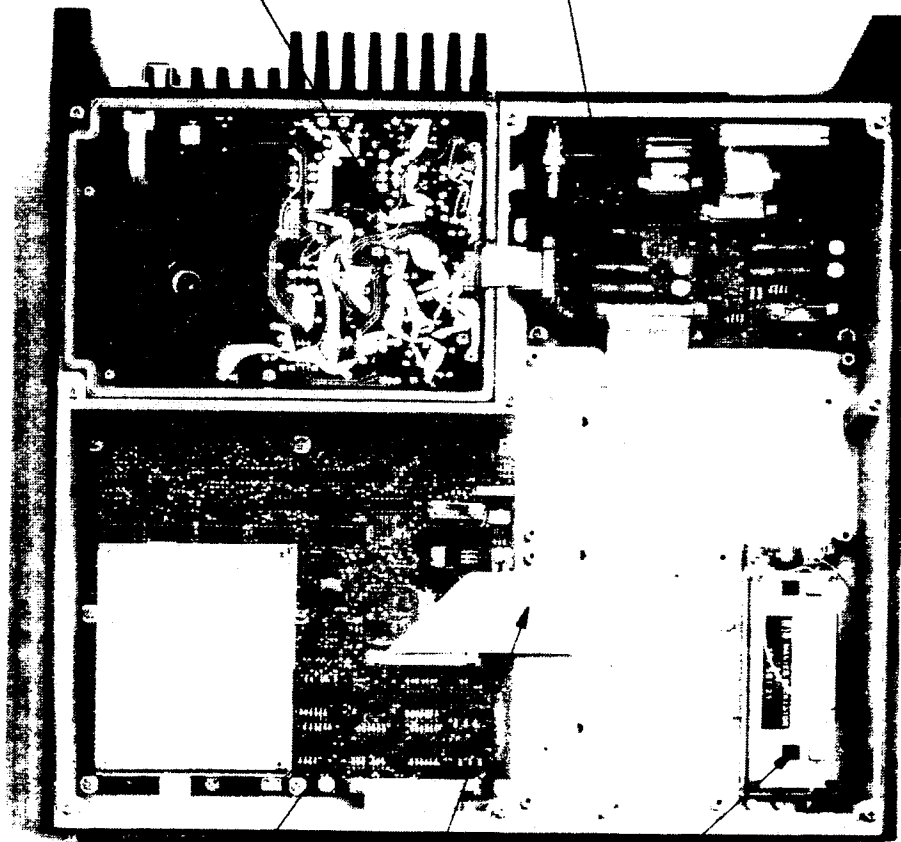




Top view of RU 8010 (cover removed)

Power Supply Assembly  
107 620 00

Interconnection Board  
107 567 01



RU Control Board  
107 567 41

Master Oscillator Board  
107 561 21 or  
107 561 31 (optional) or  
107 561 41 (optional)

Ribbon cable, 34 - pole  
375 572 92



## 8. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION AND DIAGRAMS

### 8.1 Symbol Explanation

#### 8.1.1 Arrows

A black arrow on a line indicates in which direction an AC signal flows. A white arrow on a line indicates in which direction the information of a DC signal flows. An exception from this rule is the supply lines and their connections, which are always indicated by a supply voltage level or its associated label.

#### 8.1.2 Logic circuits

A small circle at an external input means that the specific input is active LOW, i.e. it produces the desired function, in conjunction with other inputs if its voltage is the lower of the two logic levels in the system, otherwise the specific input is HIGH.

A clock input is indicated by an open triangle. A small circle at a clock input means that the outputs change on the HIGH to LOW clock transition. A small circle at an output indicates that when the function designated is true, the output is LOW. Inputs and outputs are labeled with mnemonic letters as described in table 8.1.

#### 8.1.3 Logic Functions

Logic functions are labeled with mnemonic letters in brackets. An active LOW function is given a bar over the label.

#### 8.1.4 Voltages

Typical DC voltages are indicated on the circuit diagrams next to the points to which they refer and are marked with a "V". Typical logic levels are indicated in brackets (LOW/HIGH) on the circuit diagrams next to the point to which they refer and are marked with a "V". Typical AC voltages are likewise indicated on the circuit diagrams. They are marked with "Vpp" or "mVpp" and values are in RMS unless otherwise stated.

## 8.2 ABBREVIATIONS

The following table applies to PCB's 611, 612, 613, 614, 668 and 674.

A	= ampere, amperes
C	= capacitors
Car.	= carbon
Cer.	= ceramic
CR	= thyristor
D	= diode
F	= farad
FS	= fuse
H	= henry
IC	= integrated circuit
k	= kilo or $10^3$
L	= inductors
LED	= light emitting diode

LS	= loudspeaker
lin.	= linear
log.	= logarithmic
m	= milli or $10^{-3}$
M	= mega or $10^6$
ME	= instrument
MF	= metal film
Mi	= mica
MO	= metallic oxide
MP	= metallized paper
n	= nano or $10^{-9}$
NP0	= temp. coefficient 0
N150	= temp. coefficient -150
NTC	= neg. temp. coefficient
p	= pico or $10^{-12}$
PL	= connector (plug or cable with plug)
Polyes.	= polyester
Polyst.	= polystyrene
Pot.	= potentiometer
PTC	= pos. temp. coefficient
Q	= transistors
R	= resistors
RL	= relay
SK	= connector (socket or cable with socket)
SL	= lamp
Sol. al.	= solid aluminum
SW	= switch
T	= transformers
Tan.	= tantalum electrolytic capacitor
u	= micro or $10^{-6}$
V	= working voltage DC or volts
Vac.	= working voltage AC
Var.	= variable
Varicap	= variable capacitance diode
Vl	= valve
Vpp	= peak to peak voltage
VR	= neon lamp
ww	= wire wound
W	= watts
W.alum.	= wet aluminum electrolytic
X	= crystal, crystal osc. or crystal filter

The following table applies to PCB's 670, 671, 672, 675, 676 and 677. Component designators as well as diagram symbols are in accordance with IEC standard, series 617.

A	= amperes, assemblies, subassemblies
B	= batteries, loudspeakers, earphones
C	= capacitors
Cer.	= ceramic
D	= binary elements, delay devices, storage devices
E	= miscellaneous devices not specified elsewhere in this table
F	= farad, fuses
H	= henry
K	= relays
k	= kilo or $10^3$
L	= inductors
lin.	= linear

log.	= logarithmic
m	= milli or $10^{-3}$
M	= motors, mega or $10^6$
Mi	= mica
u	= micro or $10^{-6}$
N	= operational amplifiers, hybrid analogue/digital device
n	= nano or $10^{-9}$
NP0	= temp. coefficient 0
N150	= temp. coefficient -150
NTC	= neg. temp. coefficient
p	= pico or $10^{-12}$
Polyes.	= polyester
Polyst.	= polystyrene
Pot.	= potentiometer
PTC	= pos. temp. coefficient
R	= resistors
S	= switches, selectors
Sol. al.	= solid aluminum
T	= transformers
Tan.	= tantalum electrolytic capacitor
V	= diodes, transistors, thyristors, working voltage DC or volts
Vac.	= working voltage AC
Var.	= variable
Varicap	= variable capacitance diode
Vpp	= peak to peak voltage
ww	= wire wound
W	= cables
W.alum.	= wet aluminum electrolytic capacitor
X	= terminals, plugs, sockets
Z	= crystals, crystal filters

Table 8.1

Label	Short for	Meaning
A	Trig Input	triggers one-shot on falling edge
Ax	Address	selects a memory location (data word) or a multiplexer input
B	Trig Input	triggers one-shot on rising edge
B/D	Binary/Decimal	selects counting mode (modulus 16 or 10)
BI	Blank Input	deactivates BCD-to-7 segment decoder (blanks connected display)
CxY	Control Signal	programmable bidirectional hand-shake signal to/from peripheral
CEP, CET	Clock Enable	enables clock signal to counter
CP	Clock Pulse	edge activated input for updating synchronous circuit
CSx	Chip Select	selects a memory or peripheral circuit (bus slave)
Dx	Data	input to D flip-flop and register or bidirectional information path for bus connected device
E	Enable Input	enables clock signal
EO	Enable Output	activates output(s) from combinatorical circuit
EQ	Enable Output	activates output(s) from sequential circuit
HLT	Halt	suspends MPU activity and releases busses
IxY	Input Data	input for combinatorical circuit
IRQy	Interrupt Request	wired-OR flag from peripheral to MPU indicating interrupt detected
J, K	Data	input to J-K flip-flop

Table 8.1 continued

Label	Short for	Meaning
Kx	Mode Select	selects counting mode for programmable counter
LE	Latch Enable	updates latching register
LT	Lamp Test	activates all outputs on BCD-to-7 segment decoder
MR	Master Reset	input for initializing MPU or clearing programmable registers in peripheral circuit
MRDY	Memory Ready	hand-shake flag to MPU indicating new bus cycle may be started
NMI	Non-maskable Interrupt	flag to MPU, which cannot be masked softwarewise indicating interrupt detected
Ox	Output	output from combinatorical circuit
PxY	Data (bidirectional)	input to programmable counter or programmable bidirectional signal to/from peripheral
PE	Parallel Enable	loads Px data into programmable counter
Qx	Output	output from sequential circuit
R	Reset	forces flip-flop(s) to LOW state
RBI	Ripple Blank Input	deactivates BCD-to-7 segment decoder (blanks connected display) if data correspond to leading zero, when decoders are cascaded
RSx	Register Select	addresses programmable registers in peripheral circuit
S	Set	forces flip-flop(s) to HIGH state
Sy	Select Data	selects data path through multiplexer



Table 8.1 continued

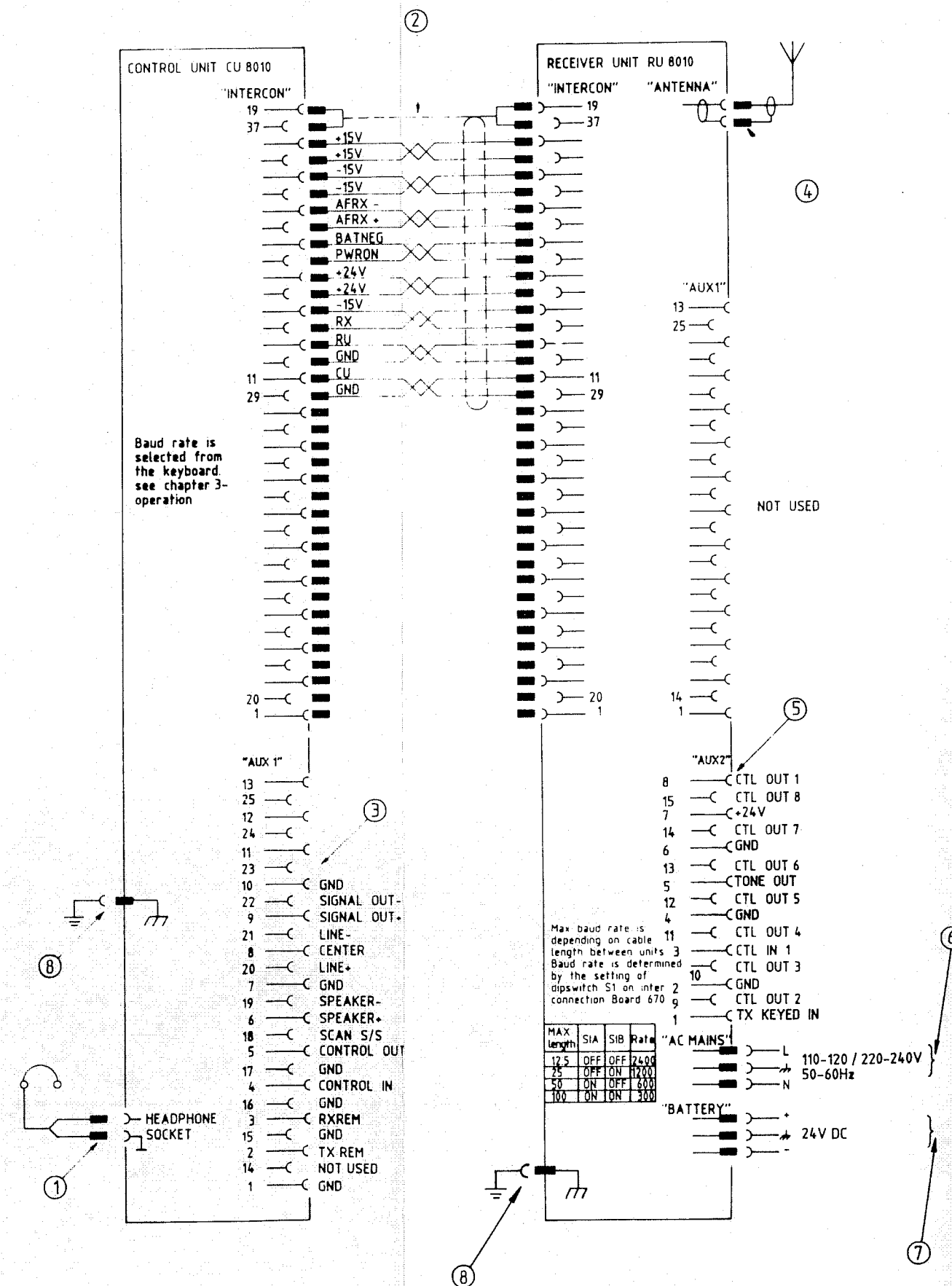
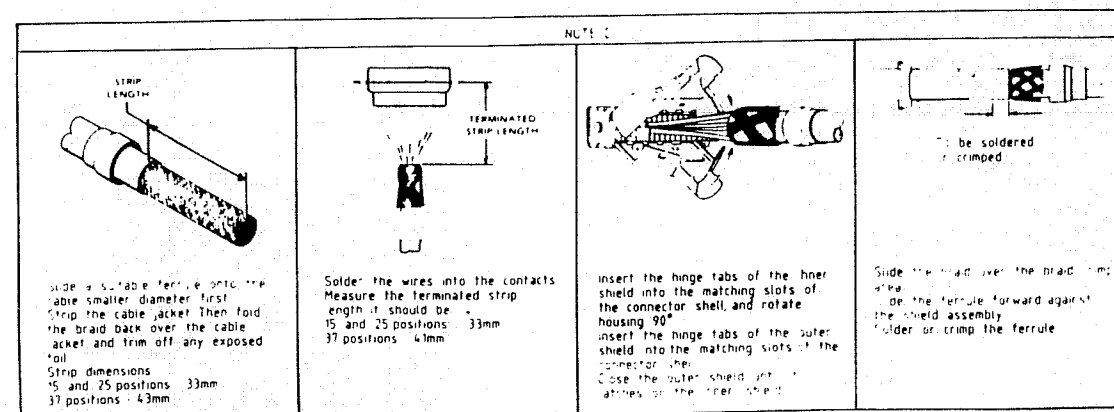
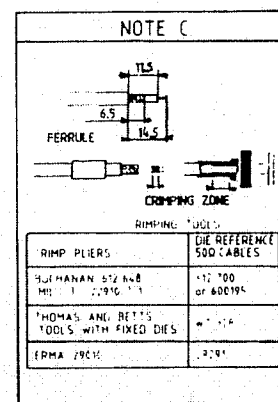
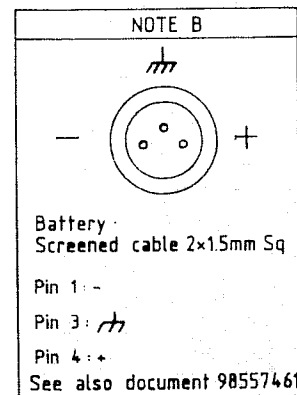
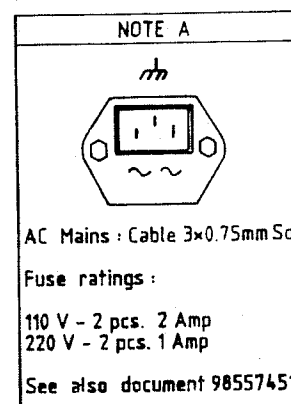
Label	Short for	Meaning
SYNC	Synchronize	issued from bus master (MPU) to synchronize data transfer
TC	Terminate Count	output from counter indicating new cycle started (corresponds to carry or borrow depending on counting direction)
U/D	Up/Down	selects counting direction
VMA	Valid Memory Address	issued from bus master (MPU) to indicate stable address bus
WI	Write Input	input to bus slave to make it accept data from master
WQ	Write Output	output from master (MPU) when it is a data source

- (1) "x" is a numerical index (zero origin indexing) corresponding to bit position
- (2) "y" is an alphabetical index used for multiple ports

**CONTROL UNIT 8010****A****Display Board 675****B****Sensor Board 676****C****Control and Audio Board 677****D****RECEIVER UNIT 8010****E****Synthesizer Board 611****F****Master Oscillator Board 612, 613 and 614****G****Receiver Signal Path 668****H****RU Interconnection Board 670****IJ****Power Supply Assembly (PSA)****K****RU Control Board 674****L**



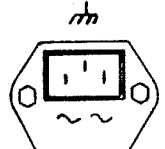
POS.	CONNECTORS AND CABLE TYPES
1	2 OR 3-POLE JACK PLUG #6.35. PART NO. 750 000 55
2	SEE NOTE D. 37-POLE D-SUB CONNECTOR PART NO. 751 000 63
3	25-POLE D-SUB CONNECTOR PART NO. 751 000 62
4	BNC - MALE CONNECTOR COAX-CABLE. SEE NOTE C
5	15-POLE D-SUB CONNECTOR. SEE NOTE D. PART NO. 751 000 61
6	AC MAINS. SEE NOTE A
7	BATTERY. SEE NOTE B
8	EARTH CONNECTOR 2.5mm Sq



INSTALLATION WIRING DIAGRAM  
FOR RECEIVER R 8001

POS.	CONNECTORS AND CABLE TYPES
1	2 OR 3-POLE JACK PLUG #6.35. PART NO. 750 000 55
2	25-POLE D-SUB CONNECTOR PART NO. 751 000 62
3	BNC - MALE CONNECTOR COAX-CABLE. SEE NOTE C
4	15-POLE D-SUB CONNECTOR. SEE NOTE D. PART NO. 751 000 61
5	AC MAINS. SEE NOTE A
6	BATTERY. SEE NOTE B.
7	EARTH CONNECTOR 2.5mm Sq

**NOTE A**



AC Mains : Cable 3x0.75mm Sq

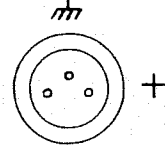
Fuse ratings :

110 V - 2 pcs. 2 Amp

220 V - 2 pcs. 1 Amp

See also document 98557451

**NOTE B**



Battery :  
Screened cable 2x1.5mm Sq

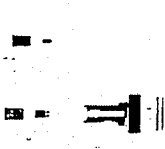
Pin 1 : -

Pin 3 : +

Pin 4 : +

See also document 98557461

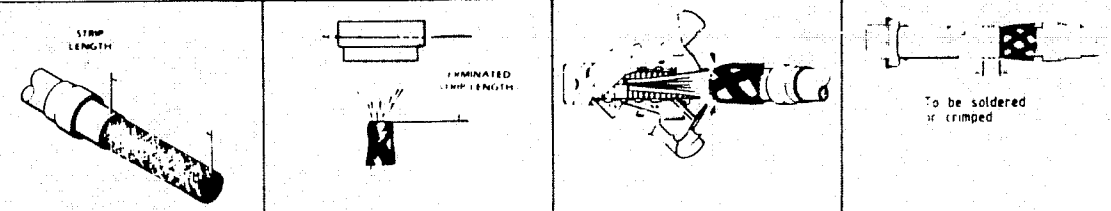
**NOTE C**



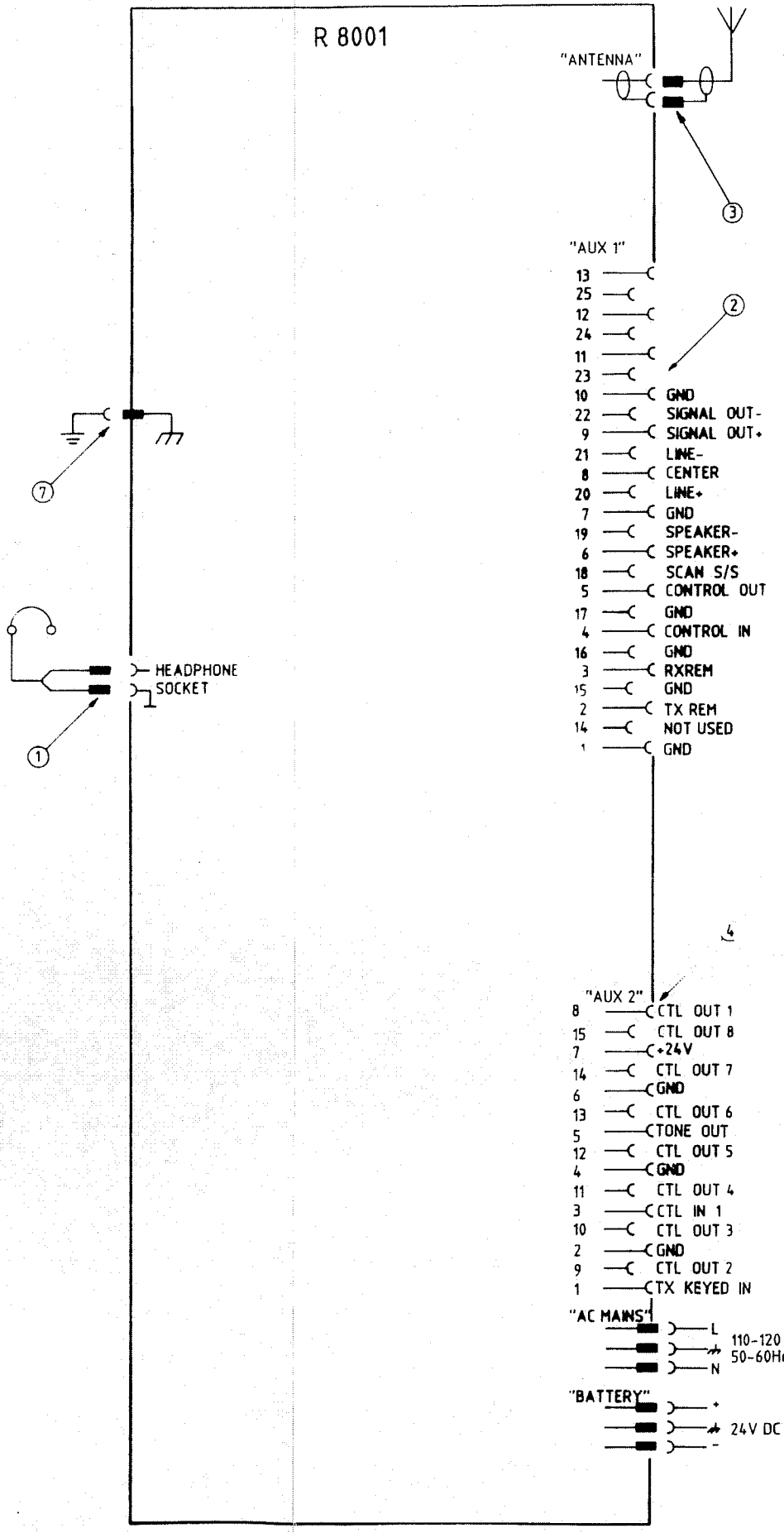
CRIMPING TOOLS

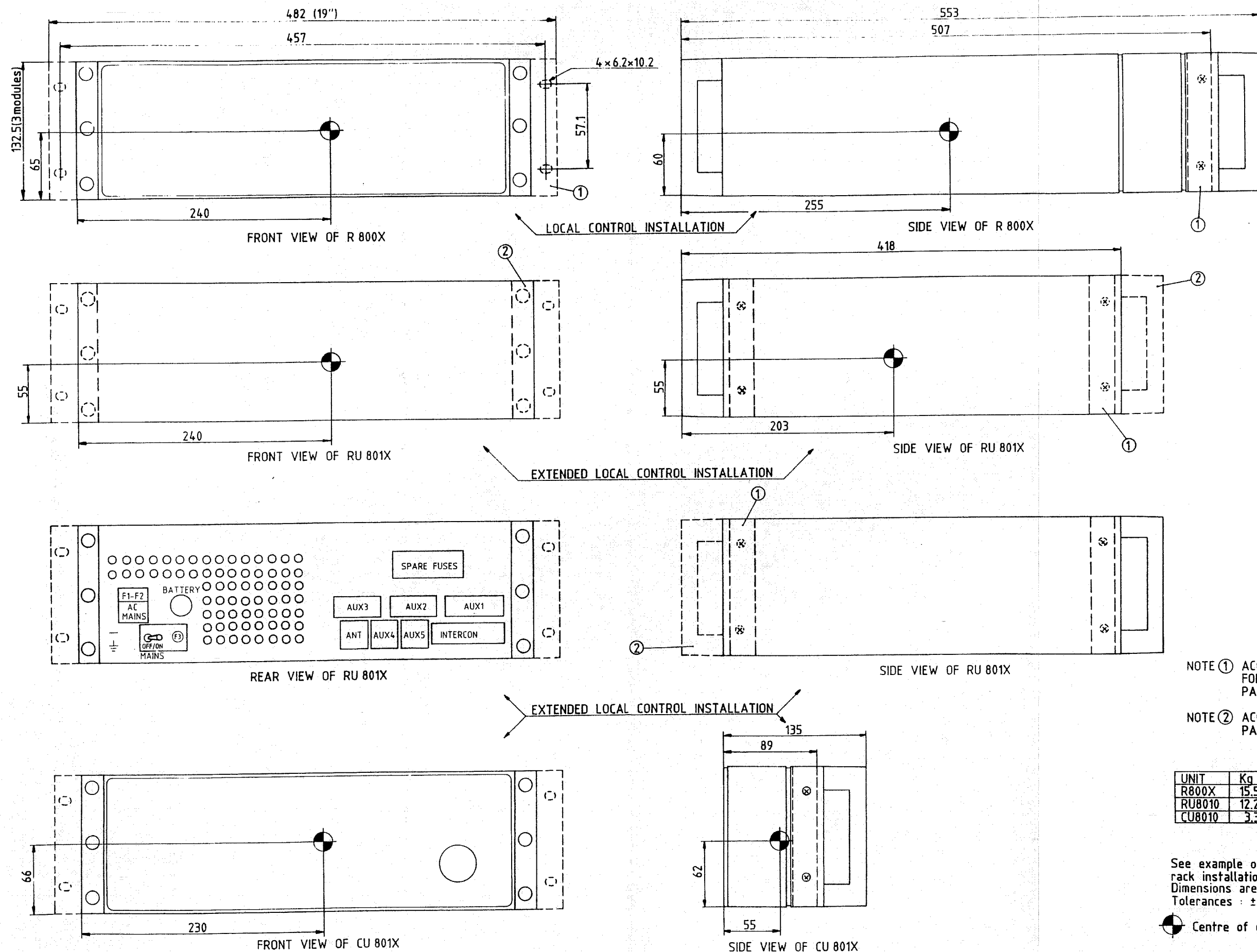
CRIMP PLIERS	DI. REFERENCE 500 CABLES
WILKINSON 612 648 No. T. 22940/11	612 700 or 600195
THOMAS AND BETTS TOOLS WITH FIXED DIE	W. 108
ERMA 29010	9291

**NOTE D**



Slide the braid over the braid rim area. Slide the ferrule forward against the shield assembly. Solder or crimp the ferrule.



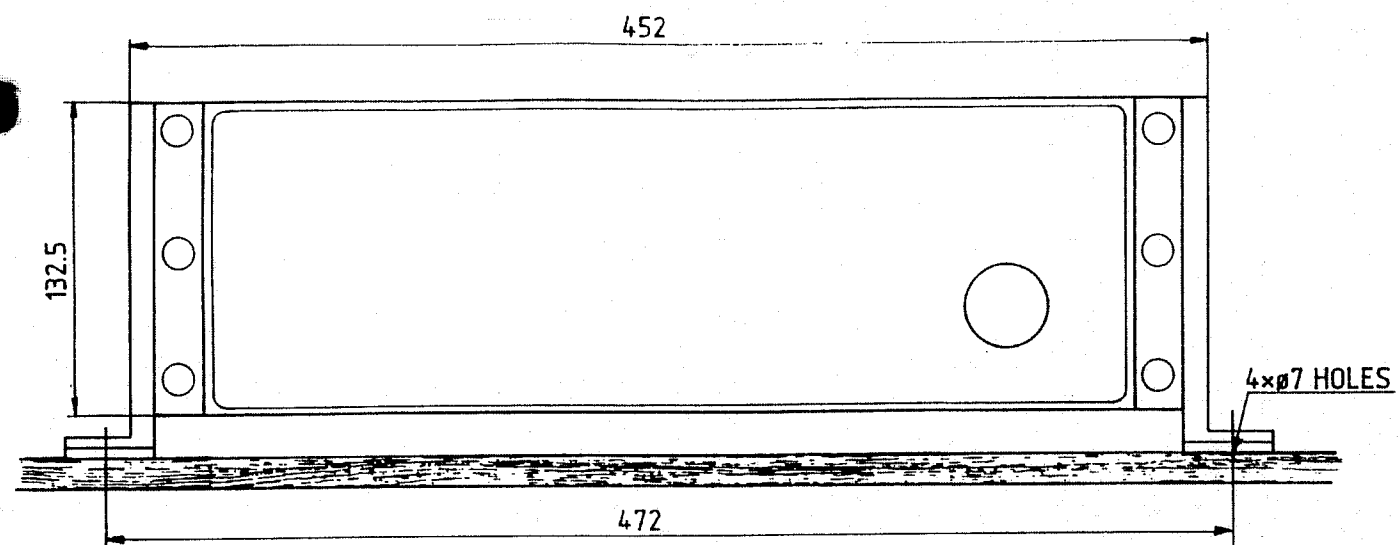


- NOTE ① ACCESSORY RACK FLANGE KIT FOR 19" RACK MOUNTING PART NO. 107 621 20
- NOTE ② ACCESSORY HANDLES KIT PART NO. 107 621 50

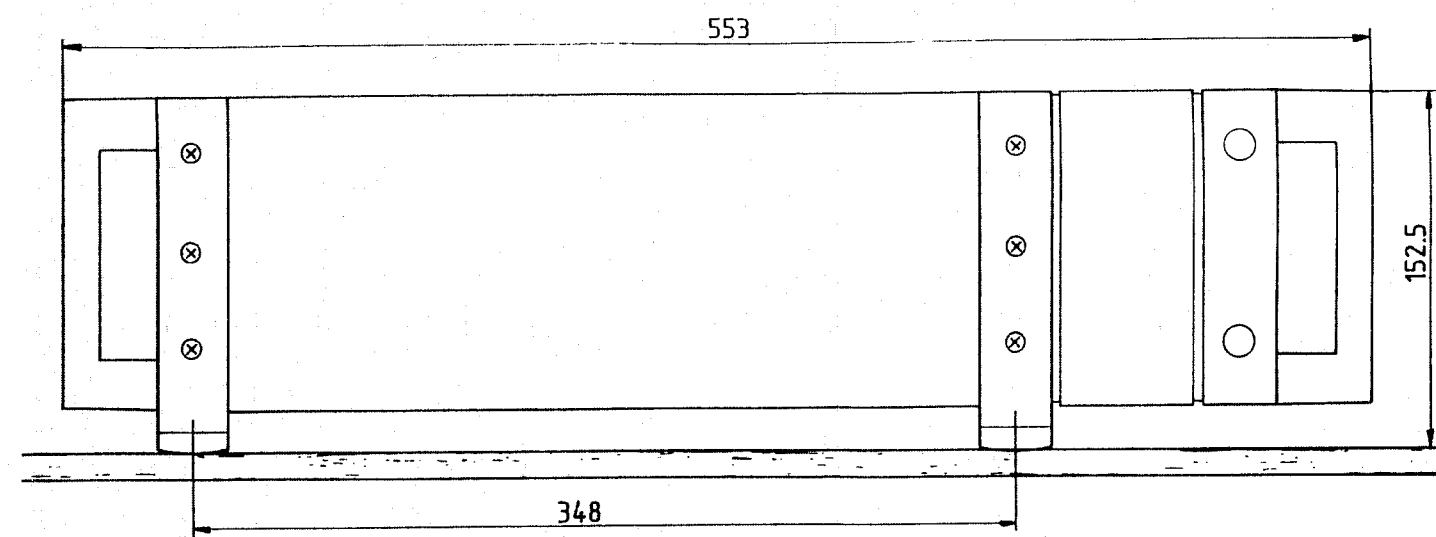
UNIT	Kg approx
R800X	15.5
RU8010	12.2
CU8010	3.3

See example of slide rails for 19" rack installation on drawing no. 995 577 0X. Dimensions are in mm. Tolerances : ±1mm.

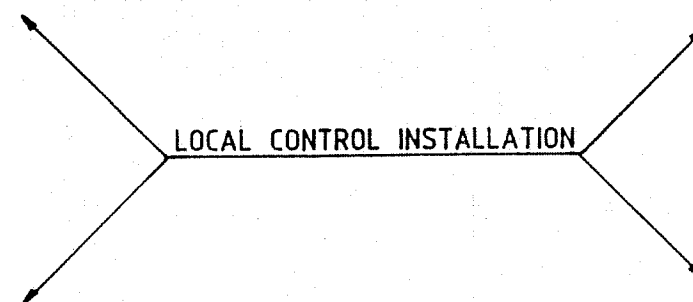
Centre of gravity.



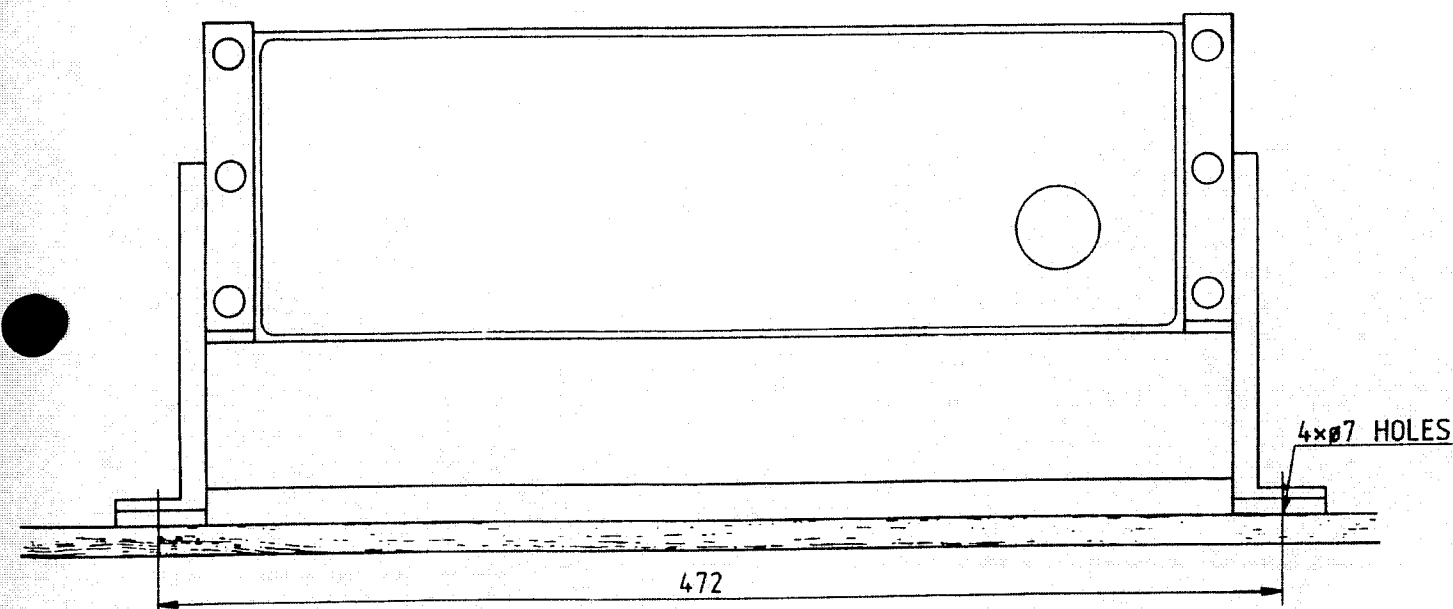
FRONT VIEW OF R800X



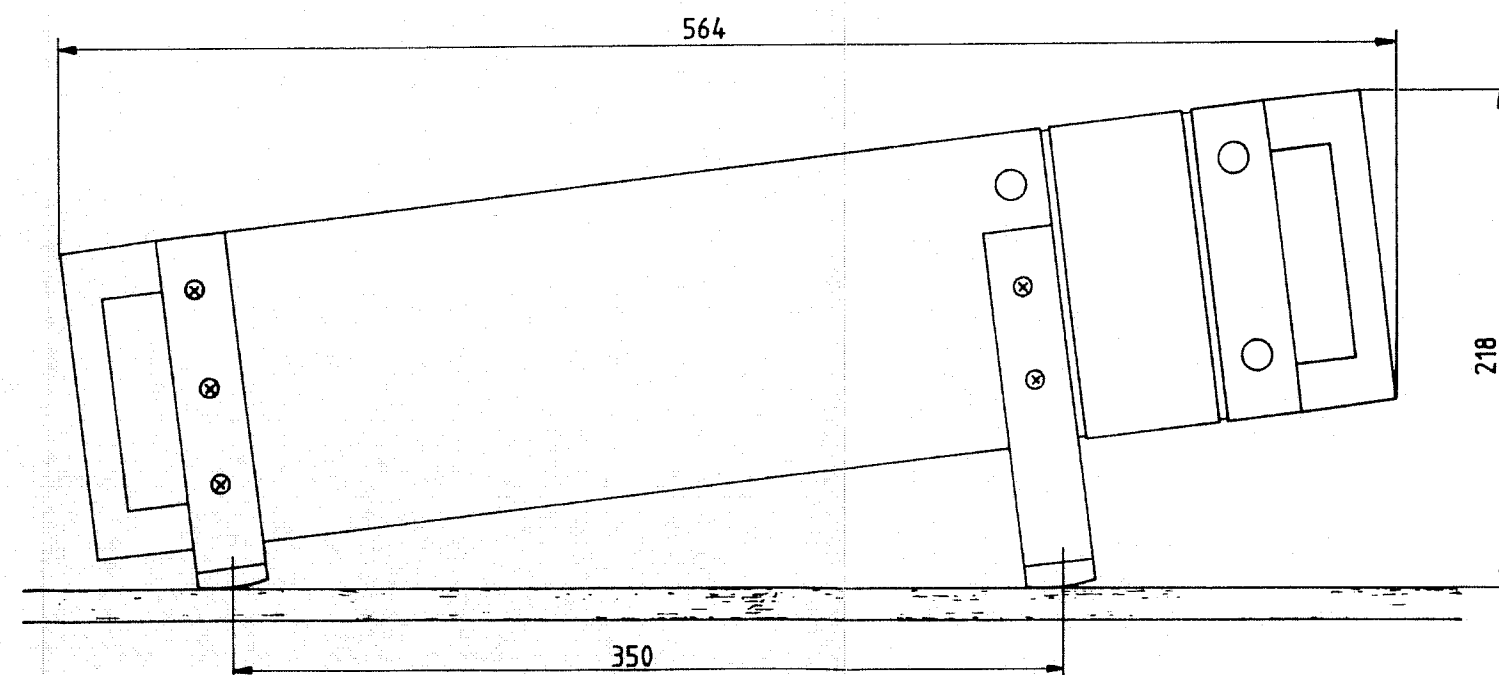
SIDE VIEW OF R800X



LOCAL CONTROL INSTALLATION



FRONT VIEW OF R800X IN TILTED POSITION



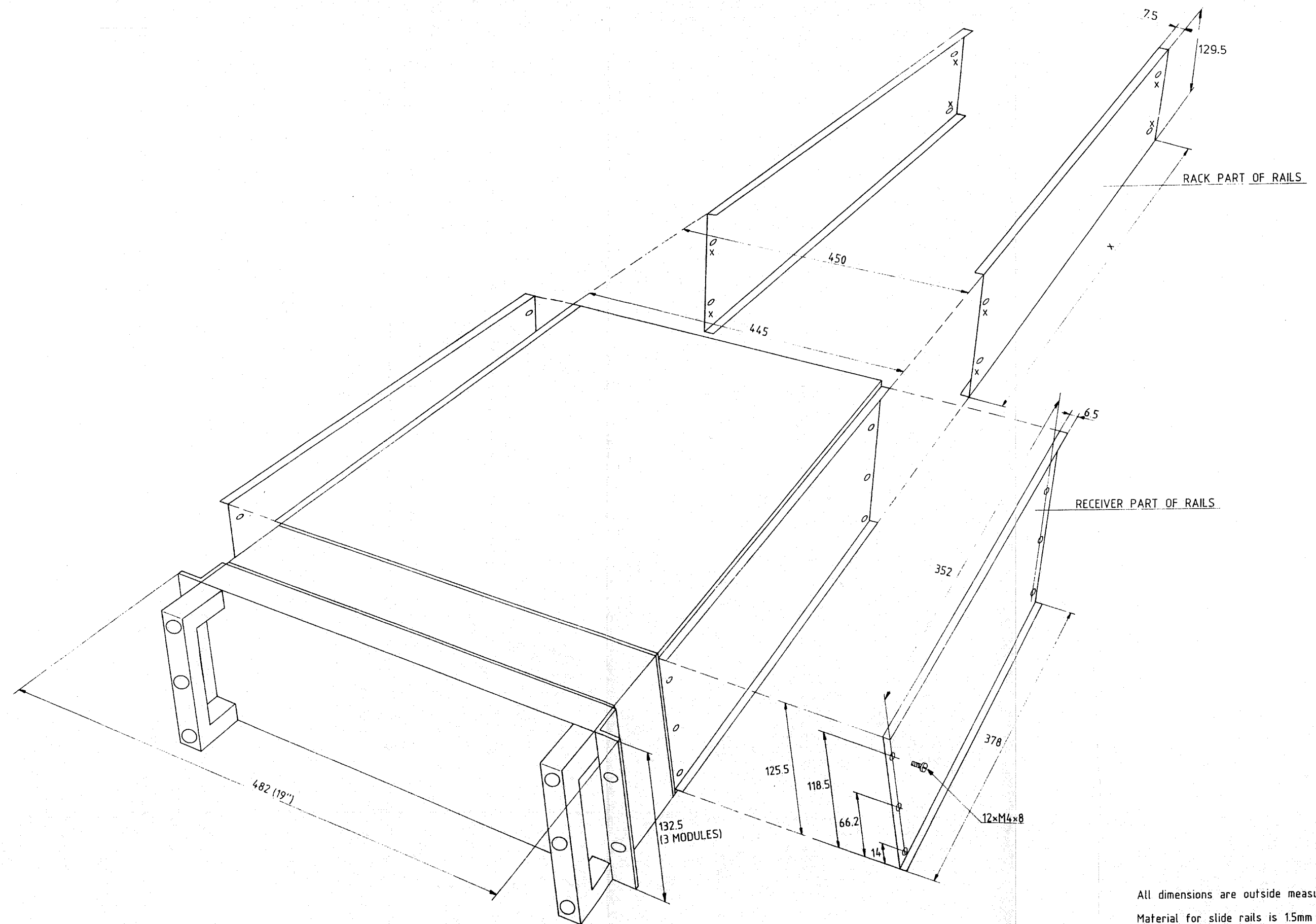
SIDE VIEW OF R800X IN TILTED POSITION

UNIT	Kg approx
R800X	15.5

TABLE - TOP MOUNTING OF R800X

Centre of gravity see drawing nr. 995 577 01

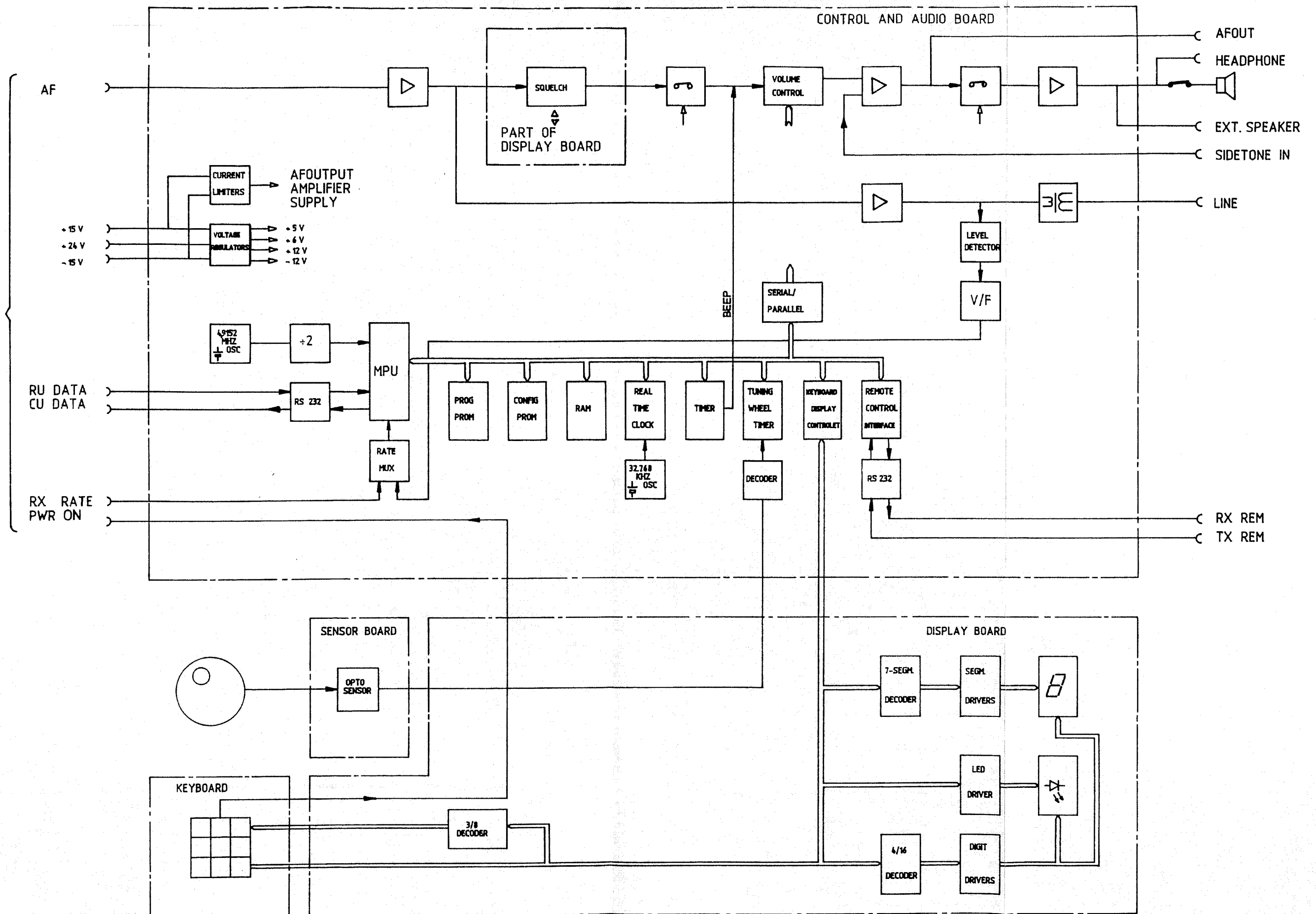
Dimensions are in mm  
Tolerances :  $\pm 1\text{mm}$



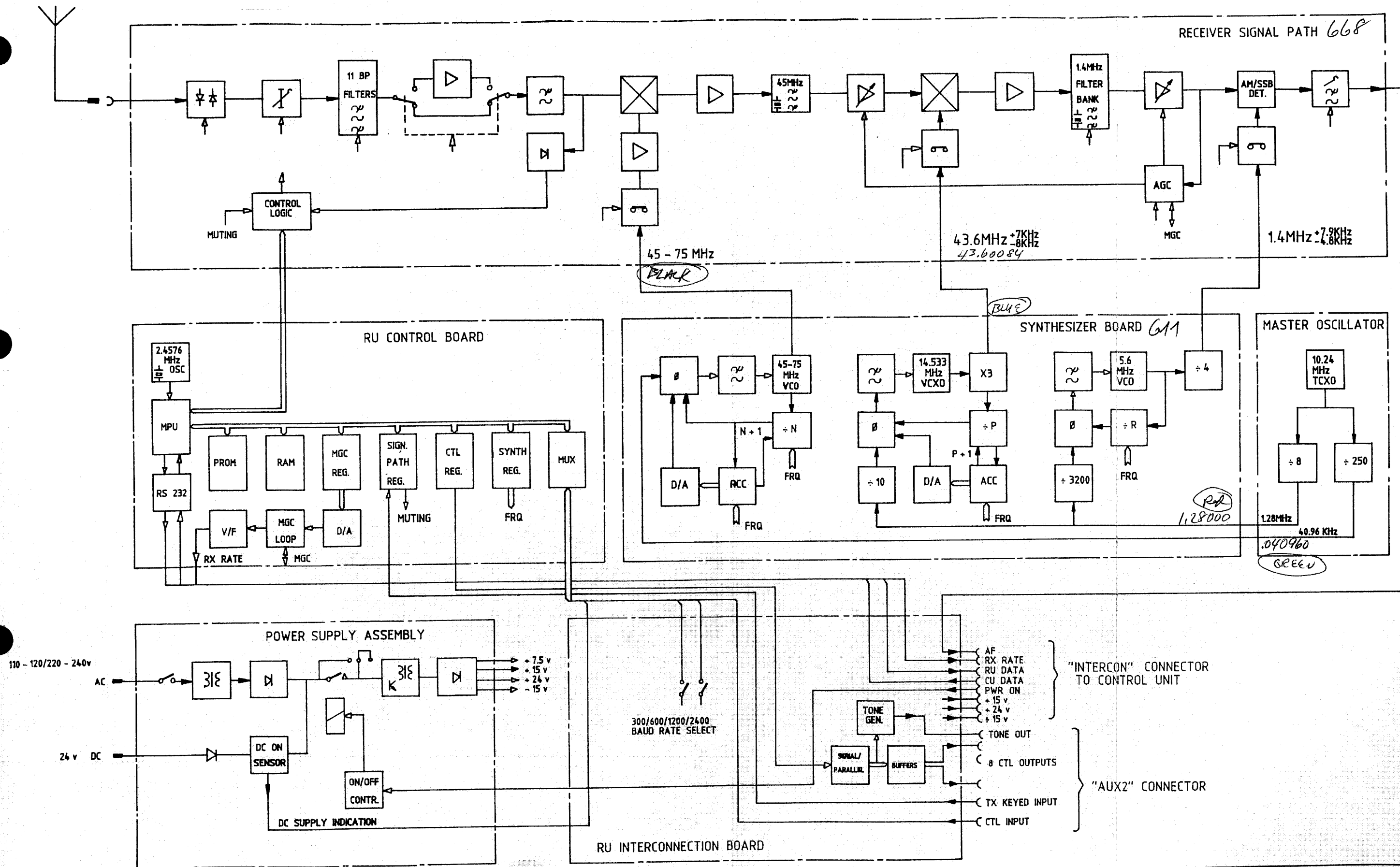
All dimensions are outside measures in mm.  
 Material for slide rails is 1.5mm steel plate.  
 Dimensions and holes marked with an "x" must be fitted to the rack.



"INTERCON"  
CONNECTOR  
TO RECEIVER  
UNIT



BLOCK DIAGRAM



BLOCK DIAGRAM  
RECEIVER UNIT RU 8010

## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

### Display Board 675

The Display Board consists of two separated circuits: a squelch circuit and a keyboard/display interface.

The keyboard/display interface decodes the control signals coming from the keyboard/display controller on Audio and Control Board. Display and keyboard multiplexing is done by 4-16 and 3-8 decoding respectively of the "SCAN" bus. A binary 7-segment decoder controls the displays and a driver controls the led's and the bar-graphs.

The squelch circuit receives its AF input from the Audio and Control Board. After filtering the signal is fed through a schmitt trigger to a counter. If the average output frequency of the counter exceeds 1103 Hz the squelch opens. After 1.4 sec. absence of the AF signal the squelch will close again (hold-time). The average frequency as well as the hold-time are preset in the printed circuit. The values mentioned may be changed by means of strapping. Values in the intervals 138-2069 Hz and 0.116-1.740 sec. respectively may be selected.

# PARTS LIST FOR DISPLAY BOARD 675 VERSION 1

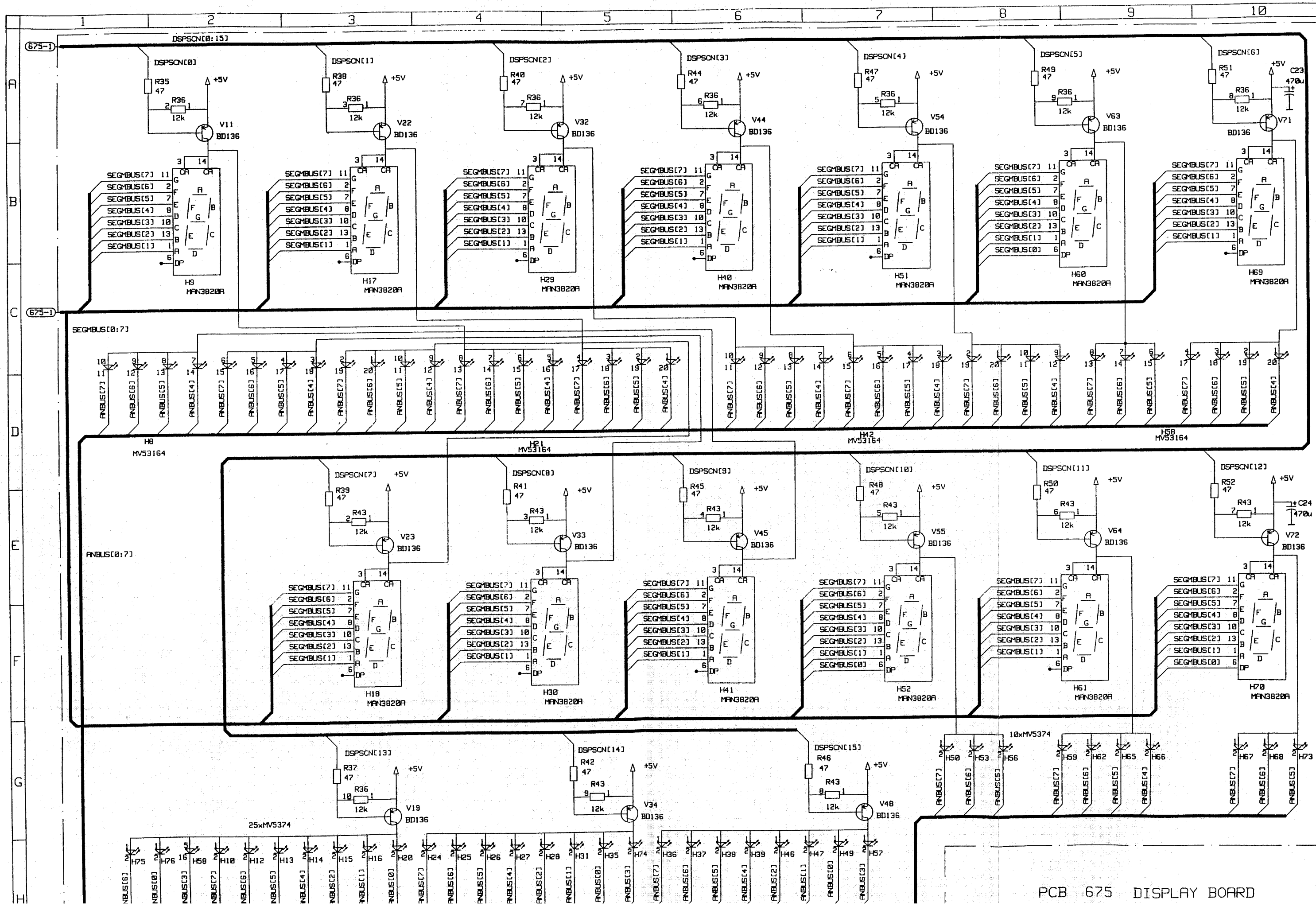
Printed Circuit Board Complete 675						107	567	51
C1	0.33uF	20%	63V	poly		622	533	01
C2	0.33uF	20%	63V	poly		622	533	01
C3	0.15uF	20%	63V	poly		622	515	00
C6	0.15uF	20%	63V	poly		622	515	00
C7	0.33uF	20%	63V	poly		622	533	01
C8	1nF	20%	63V	Cer		602	310	02
C9	0.47uF	20%	63V	poly		622	547	01
C10	0.1uF	20%	63V	poly		622	510	00
C11	47pF	10%	63V	cer		602	147	00
C12	10nF	20%	63V	Cer		622	410	01
C13	0.1uF	20%	63V	poly		622	510	00
C14	0.1uF	20%	63V	poly		622	510	00
C15	0.1uF	20%	63V	poly		622	510	00
C16	0.1uF	20%	63V	poly		622	510	00
C22	0.1uF	20%	63V	poly		622	510	00
C23	470uF		16V	W.Alu		651	847	00
C24	470uF		16V	W.Alu		651	847	00
C25	0.1uF	20%	63V	poly		622	510	00
C26	0.1uF	20%	63V	poly		622	510	00
C27	0.1uF	20%	63V	poly		622	510	00
C28	0.1uF	20%	63V	poly		622	510	00
C29	0.1uF	20%	63V	poly		622	510	00
D1	4066B		Switch			850	406	60
D2	ULN2803		Annunciator Driver			850	280	30
D3	74LS48		Segment Decoder			850	744	81
D4	4520B		Detector Counter			850	452	00
D5	ULN2803		Segment Driver			850	280	30
D6	4029B		Counter			850	402	90
D7	4013B		D-Flip Flop			850	401	30
D8	74HC00		4 x 2 input nand gate			850	740	04
D9	74LS156		Scan Decoder			857	415	60
D10	74LS145		Scan Decoder			857	414	50
D11	74LS145		Scan Decoder			857	414	50
H8	MV53164		Bargraph			823	000	05
H9	MAN3820A		Display			824	008	20
H10	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H12	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H13	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H14	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H15	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H16	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H17	MAN3820A		Display			824	008	20
H18	MAN3820A		Display			824	008	20
H20	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H21	MV53164		Bargraph			823	000	05
H24	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H25	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H26	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H27	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H28	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H29	MAN3820A		Display			824	008	20
H30	MAN3820A		Display			824	008	20
H31	MV5374		LED			823	000	04
H35	MV5374		LED			823	000	04

## PARTS LIST FOR DISPLAY BOARD 675 VERSION 1

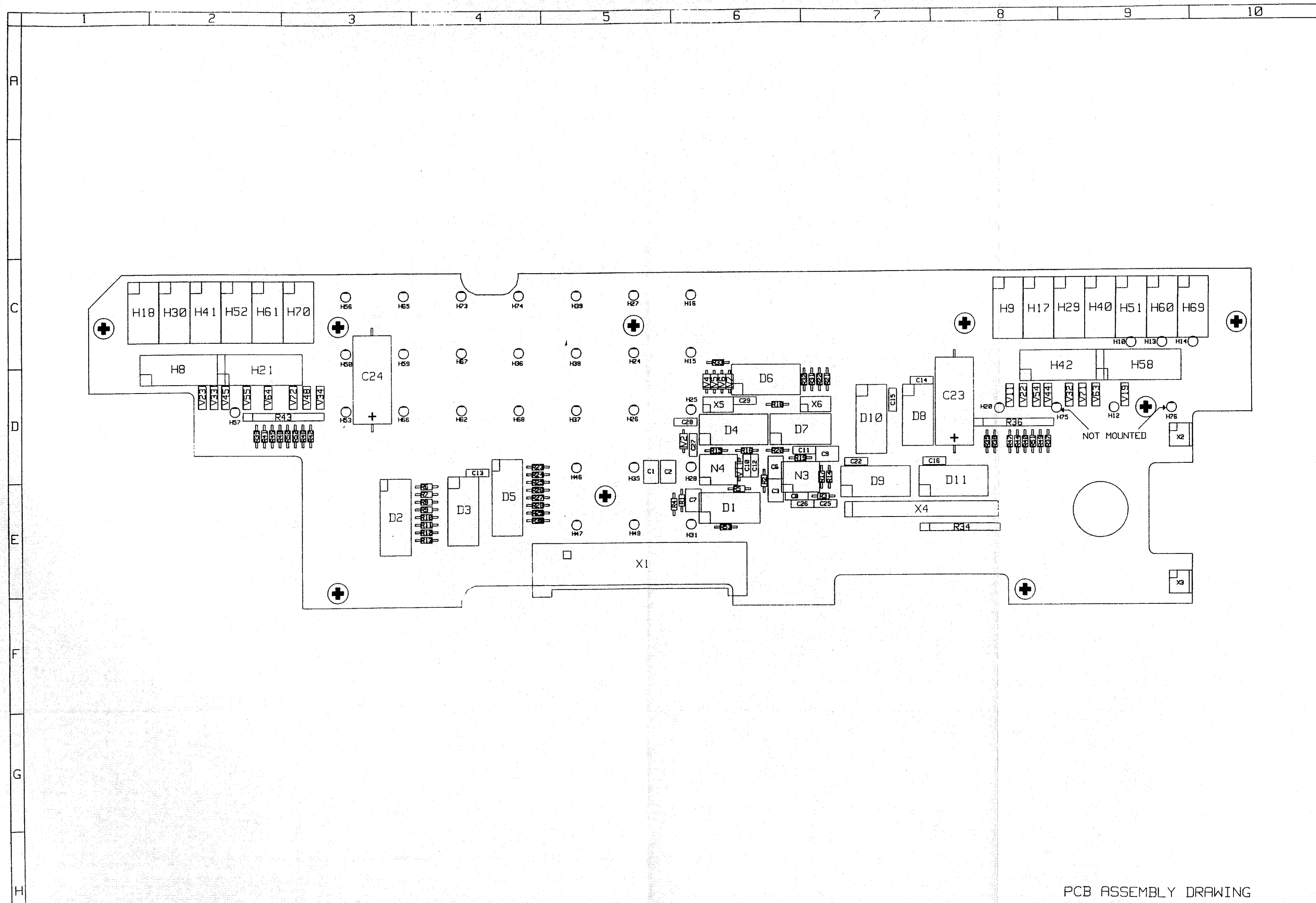
H36	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H37	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H38	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H39	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H40	MAN3820A	Display	824 008 20
H41	MAN3820A	Display	824 008 20
H42	MV53164	Bargraph	823 000 05
H46	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H47	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H49	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H50	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H51	MAN3820A	Display	824 008 20
H52	MAN3820A	Display	824 008 20
H53	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H56	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H57	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H58	MV53164	Bargraph	823 000 05
H59	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H60	MAN3820A	Display	824 008 20
H61	MAN3820A	Display	824 008 20
H62	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H65	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H66	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H67	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H68	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H69	MAN3820A	Display	824 008 20
H70	MAN3820A	Display	824 008 20
H73	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
H74	MV5374	LED	823 000 04
N3	LF353	Op Amp	850 035 30
N4	NE555	Clock Generator	850 055 50
R1	1Mohm	CR16 MF	500 610 01
R2	1.2Kohm	CR16 MF	500 312 00
R3	10Kohm	CR16 MF	500 410 00
R4	1Mohm	CR16 MF	500 610 01
R5	22Kohm	CR16 MF	500 422 00
R6	18ohm	CR16 MF	500 118 00
R7	18ohm	CR16 MF	500 118 00
R8	18ohm	CR16 MF	500 118 00
R9	18ohm	CR16 MF	500 118 00
R10	18ohm	CR16 MF	500 118 00
R11	18ohm	CR16 MF	500 118 00
R12	18ohm	CR16 MF	500 118 00
R13	18ohm	CR16 MF	500 118 00
R14	1Kohm	CR16 MF	500 310 00
R15	1.5Kohm	CR16 MF	500 315 00
R16	820Kohm	CR16 MF	500 582 00
R17	1Kohm	CR16 MF	500 310 00
R18	22Kohm	CR16 MF	500 422 00
R19	1Mohm	CR16 MF	500 610 01
R20	12Kohm	CR16 MF	500 412 00
R21	47Kohm	CR16 MF	500 447 00
R22	47Kohm	CR16 MF	500 447 00
R23	18ohm	CR16 MF	500 118 00
R24	18ohm	CR16 MF	500 118 00
R25	18ohm	CR16 MF	500 118 00

## PARTS LIST FOR DISPLAY BOARD 675 VERSION 1

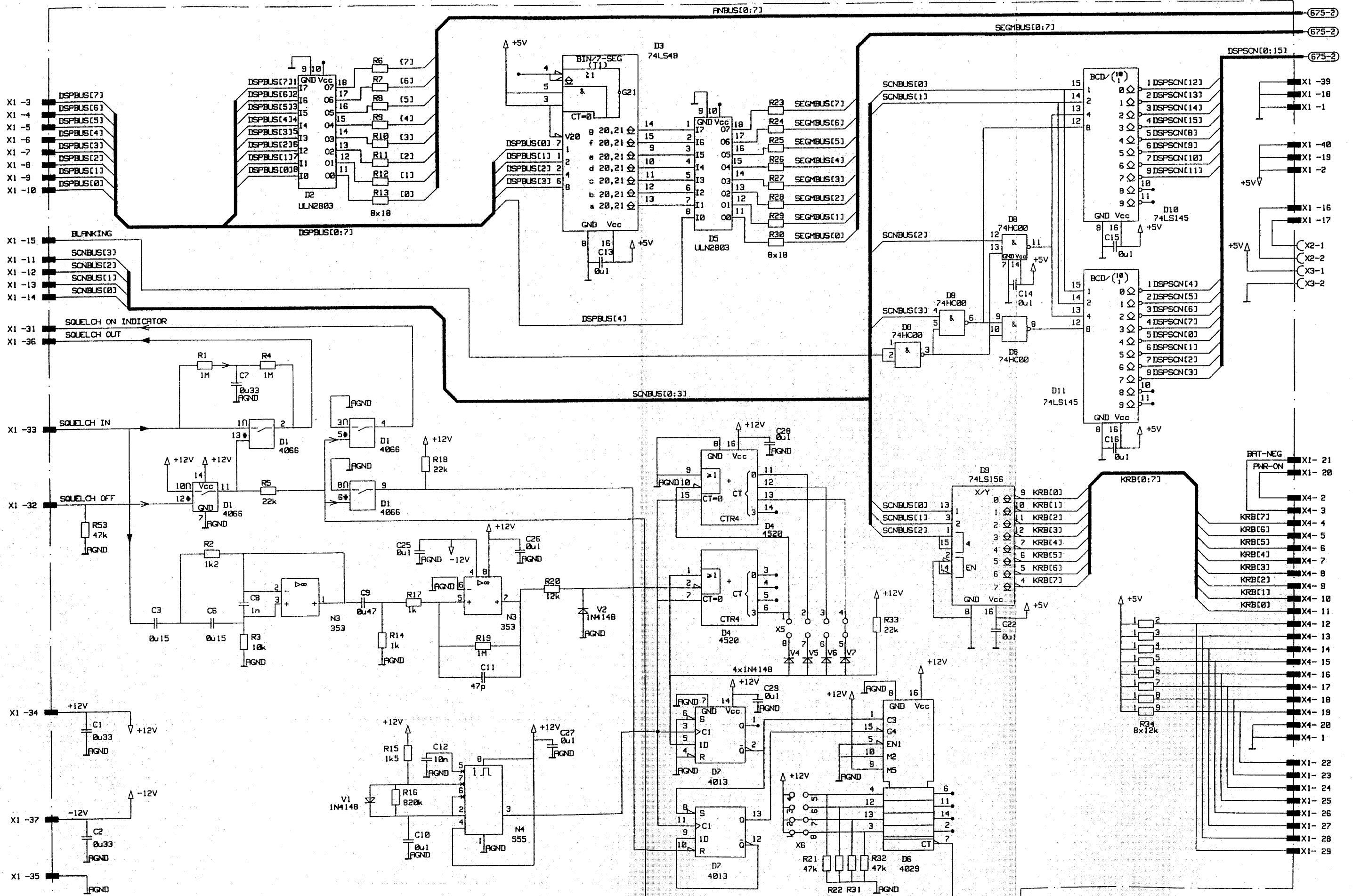
R26	18ohm	CR16	MF		500 118 00
R27	18ohm	CR16	MF		500 118 00
R28	18ohm	CR16	MF		500 118 00
R29	18ohm	CR16	MF		500 118 00
R30	18ohm	CR16	MF		500 118 00
R31	47Kohm	CR16	MF		500 447 00
R32	47Kohm	CR16	MF		500 447 00
R33	22Kohm	CR16	MF		500 422 00
R34	9x12Kohm	Sil			530 000 09
R35	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R36	9x12Kohm	Sil			530 000 09
R37	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R38	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R39	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R40	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R41	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R42	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R43	9x12Kohm	Sil			530 000 09
R44	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R45	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R46	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R47	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R48	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R49	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R50	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R51	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R52	47ohm	CR16	MF		500 147 00
R53	47Kohm	CR16	MF		500 447 00
V1	1N4148	Diode			830 414 80
V2	1N4148	Diode			830 414 80
V4	1N4148	Diode			830 414 80
V5	1N4148	Diode			830 414 80
V6	1N4148	Diode			830 414 80
V7	1N4148	Diode			830 414 80
V11	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V19	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V22	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V23	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V32	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V33	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V34	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V44	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V45	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V48	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V54	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V55	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V63	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V64	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V71	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
V72	BD136	Transistor			842 013 60
X1	Male connector	40 pol	3M		756 040 05
X2	Male connector	3 pol	Molex		750 000 60
X3	Male connector	3 pol	Molex		750 000 60
X4	Male connector	20 pol	3M		751 001 25



PCB 675 DISPLAY BOARD





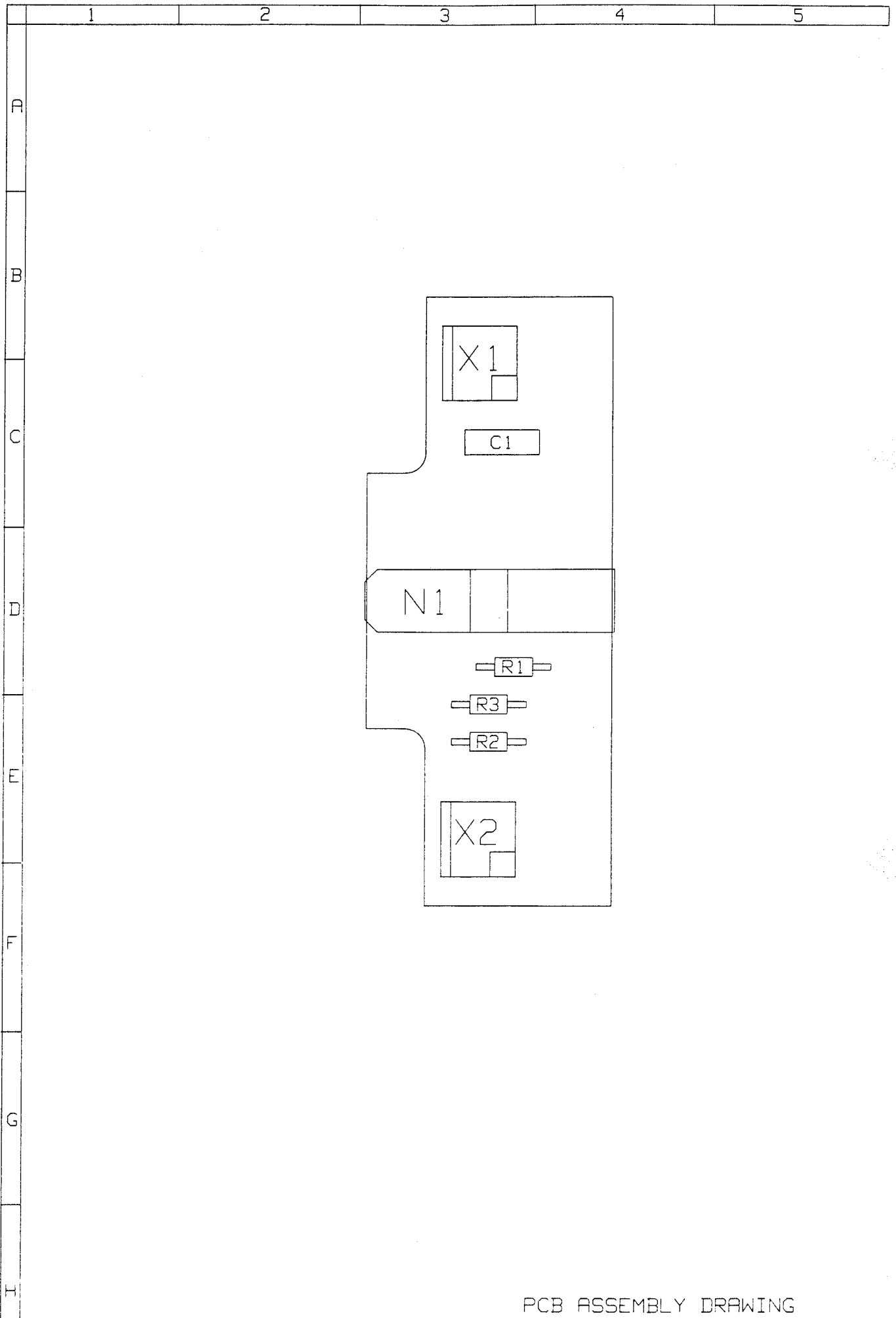


PCB 675 DISPLAY BOARD

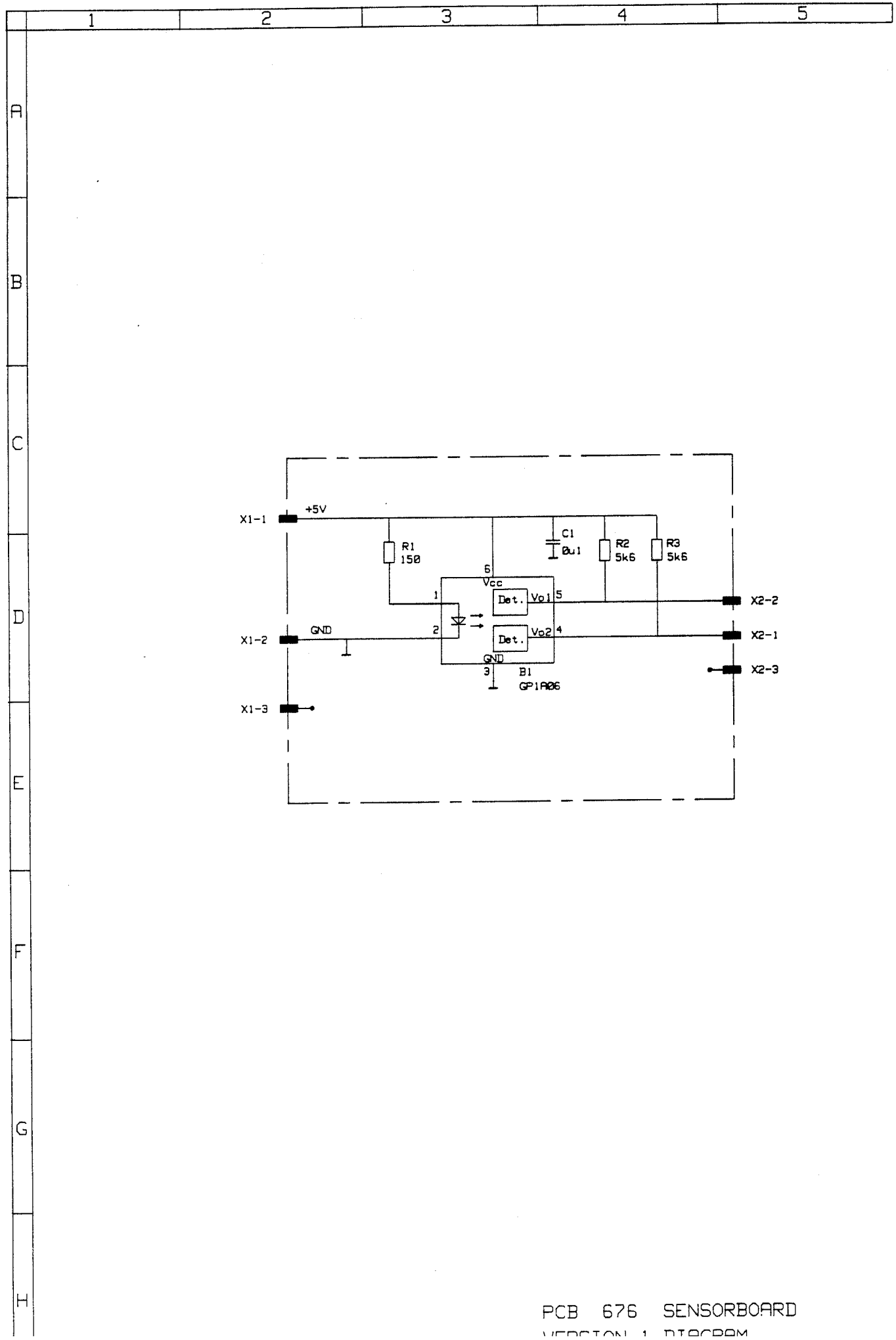
## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

### Sensor Board 676

The Sensor Board detects the turning of the opto-mechanical tuning wheel. This is achieved by means of two optical sensors producing two phase shifted pulse trains. The pulse trains are fed via the Display Board to Control and Audio Board where the on-board processor performs the necessary change in frequency.



13.



# PARTS LIST FOR SENSOR BOARD 676 VERSION 1

Printed Circuit Board Complete						107	567	61
C1	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly.		622	510	00
N1	GP1A06	Optocoupler				850	010	60
R1	150ohm	MF		CR16		500	215	00
R2	5.6Kohm	MF		CR16		500	356	00
R3	5.6Kohm	MF		CR16		500	356	00
X1		3pol Molex connector				750	000	59
X2		3pol Molex connector				750	000	59

## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

### Control and Audio Board 677

The Audio and Control Board is divided into three parts: an audio part, a microprocessor part and a power converter part. The audio part (sub diagram 2) contains the AF signal path. The AF signal is from the Receiver Unit fed via a balanced amplifier to the squelch circuit on the Display Board and to a line amplifier. The output level from the line amplifier is after rectifying, integration and voltage-to-frequency conversion led to the microprocessor which sets the line level metre in accordance with the signal strength. An automatic calibration of the metre (at 0 dBm) takes place within an interval of approx. 30 minutes. This is done by switching to a DC reference signal instead of the AF signal. The program running on the microprocessor then makes the necessary corrections. The logarithmic conversion is controlled by the software too.

The signal returning from the squelch circuit on the Display Board is then via a switch fed to a digital volume control. Then the signal is fed through a 20 dB attenuator, which may be shunted by a switch, to the output amplifier and then the loudspeaker. The switches are controlled by two serial shift registers which in turn are controlled by the microprocessor.

The microprocessor part mainly consists of CMOS IC's. The oscillator works at a clock rate of 4.9152 MHz which through an external and internal division makes the internal clock cycle frequency of 614.4 kHz. By changing the x-tal and the strapping of the external divider, an increase of the clock rate is possible.

D10 is the Program PROM and D12 is the Configuration PROM. When installing new PROMs the memory must be reset.

The memory may be reset by temporarily shorting the terminals of X6.

# PARTS LIST FOR CONTROL AND AUDIO BOARD 677 VERSION 1

Printed Circuit Board Complete						107	567	71
B1	3v4	TL2100	Lit.Batteri			890	000	02
C1	56pF	n150		Cer		602	156	00
C2	56pF	n150		Cer		602	156	00
C3	1nF	63v	10%	cer.		602	310	02
C4	1nF	63v	10%	cer.		602	310	02
C5	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C6	1nF	63v	10%	cer.		602	310	02
C7	1nF	63v	10%	cer.		602	310	02
C9	22uF	25v		tantal		652	722	00
C10	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C11	10nF	63v	20%	poly		622	410	01
C12	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C13	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C14	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C15	1nF	63v	10%	cer.		602	310	02
C16	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C17	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C19	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C20	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C21	1uF	63v	10%	poly		622	610	03
C24	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C25	2-18pF	63V		Var		683	118	00
C26	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C27	47nF	63v		poly.		622	447	00
C28	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C30	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C31	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C32	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C33	6.8uF	25v		S.Alu		652	668	01
C34	0.22uF	63v	20%	poly		622	522	01
C35	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C36	1nF	63v	10%	cer.		602	310	02
C37	1nF	63v	10%	cer.		602	310	02
C38	1nF	63v	10%	cer.		602	310	02
C39	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C50	1uF	63v	10%	poly		622	610	03
C51	0.22uF	63v	20%	poly		622	522	01
C52	0.22uF	63v	20%	poly		622	522	01
C57	2.2uF	25v		S.Alu		652	622	03
C58	10nF	63v	20%	poly		622	410	01
C59	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C60	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C61	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C62	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C63	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C64	1uF	63v	10%	poly		622	610	03
C65	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C66	1nF	63v	10%	cer.		602	310	02
C67	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C69	1nF	63v	10%	cer.		602	310	02
C74	2.2nF	63v	10%	cer.		602	322	00
C77	1uF	63v	10%	poly		622	610	03
C78	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly		622	510	00
C79	6.8uF	25v		S.Alu		652	668	01

## PARTS LIST FOR CONTROL AND AUDIO BOARD 677 VERSION 1

C80	1uF	63v	10%	poly	622 610 03
C81	33uF	10v		S.Alu	651 733 01
C82	0.22uF	63v	20%	poly	622 522 01
C83	6.8uF	25v		S.Alu	652 668 01
C84	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C85	1nF	63v	10%	cer.	602 310 02
C86	1nF	63v	10%	cer.	602 310 02
C87	1nF	63v	10%	cer.	602 310 02
C88	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C89	1nF	63v	10%	cer.	602 310 02
C90	680pF	63v	10%	cer.	602 268 00
C92	2.2nF	125v	1%	Mpoco	613 322 00
C93	0.22uF	63v	20%	poly	622 522 01
C94	6.8uF	25v		S.Alu	652 668 01
C95	470uF	40v		Elyt	652 847 01
C96	6.8uF	25v		S.Alu	652 668 01
C97	470uF	40v		Elyt	652 847 01
C98	82pF	63v	2% N150	cer.	602 182 00
C101	10nF	63v	20%	poly	622 410 01
C102	1nF	63v	10%	cer.	602 310 02
C103	1nF	63v	10%	cer.	602 310 02
C104	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C105	1nF	63v	10%	cer.	602 310 02
C106	0.68uF	63v	20%	poly	622 568 02
C107	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C108	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C109	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C110	22uF	25v		tantal	652 722 00
C112	1uF	63v	10%	poly	622 610 03
C113	1uF	63v	10%	poly	622 610 03
C114	0.33uF	63v	20%	poly	622 533 01
C115	0.33uF	63v	20%	poly	622 533 01
C116	0.22uF	63v	20%	poly	622 522 01
C120	100uF	25v		Elyt	652 810 00
C121	100uF	25v		Elyt	652 810 00
C122	100uF	25v		Elyt	652 810 00
C123	100uF	40v		Elyt	651 810 04
C124	220uF	40v		Elyt	651 822 02
C125	47nF	63v		poly.	622 447 00
C126	47nF	63v		poly.	622 447 00
C127	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C128	1nF	63v	10%	cer.	602 310 02
C129	2.2nF	63v	10%	cer.	602 322 00
C130	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C131	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C132	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C133	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C134	0.22uF	63v	20%	poly	622 522 01
C135	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C136	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C137	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C140	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C141	1000uF	16V		W.alu.	651 910 00
C142	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C143	0.1uF	63v	20%	poly	622 510 00
C144	2.2uF	25v		S.Alu	652 622 03



# PARTS LIST FOR CONTROL AND AUDIO BOARD 677 VERSION 1

C199	xxpF	n150 option	Cer	602	xxx	00
C200	0.1uF	63v 20%	poly	622	510	00
C202	1nF	63v 10%	cer.	602	310	02
D1	74HCU04	HEX Inverter		850	740	43
D2	145406	RS-232 Interface		851	454	06
D3	4093	Schmitt Trigger		850	409	30
D4	6303RP	MPU Cmos		850	630	30
D5	6850P	ACIA		850	685	00
D6	PAL20L8A	PLA		850	020	80
D7	74HC573	Add.latch		857	457	30
D8	M3003	Real time clock		850	300	30
D9	74LS12	3X3 Input Nand		850	741	20
D11	6340P	TIMER		850	634	00
D13	6340P	TIMER		850	634	00
D14	8279-5	Keyb./disp.Controller		850	827	90
D15	TC5564	RAM		850	556	40
D16	74HC74	Dual D flip-flop		850	747	42
D17	74HC74	Dual D flip-flop		850	747	42
D25	74C906	Level Translator		857	490	60
D26	CD4094	Shift Register		850	409	40
D27	CD4094	Shift Register		850	409	40
F1	2Amp/125V	Fuse		720	320	02
M1	Heat sink			343	603	01
M2	28pin	IC socket		751	001	39
M3	28pin	IC socket		751	001	39
N1	CD4053	Analog Multiplexer		850	405	30
N11	LM1458	Dual OPamp		850	145	80
N13	LM1458	Dual OPamp		850	145	80
N14	AD7523	D/A-converter		850	752	30
N18	LM1458	Dual OPamp		850	145	80
N19	CD4066	Quad Switch		850	406	60
N22	LM1458	Dual OPamp		850	145	80
N23	TDA2006	poweramp		850	200	60
N25	NE555	Timer		850	055	50
N35	SG3524	Switching Reg.		850	352	40
N36	MC78L12	12v REG.		850	781	21
N37	MC78L12	12v REG.		850	781	21
N38	MC79L12	-12v REG.		850	791	21
N39	MC79L12	-12v REG.		850	791	21
N40	MC78L06	6v REG.		850	780	61
R1	1.5Kohm	CR16	MF	500	315	00
R2	47Kohm	CR16	MF	500	447	00
R4	1Kohm	CR16	MF	500	310	00
R5	4.7Kohm	CR16	MF	500	347	00
R6	12Kohm	CR16	MF	500	412	00
R7	12Kohm	CR16	MF	500	412	00
R8	3.3Kohm	CR16	MF	500	333	00
R9	3.3Kohm	CR16	MF	500	333	00
R10	10Kohm	CR16	MF	500	410	00
R11	10Kohm	CR16	MF	500	410	00
R12	470Kohm	CR16	MF	500	547	00
R13	220ohm	CR16	MF	500	222	00
R16	100Kohm	CR16	MF	500	510	00
R17	4.7Kohm	CR16	MF	500	347	00
R18	4.7Kohm	CR16	MF	500	347	00
R19	2.2Kohm	CR16	MF	500	322	00

## PARTS LIST FOR CONTROL AND AUDIO BOARD 677 VERSION 1

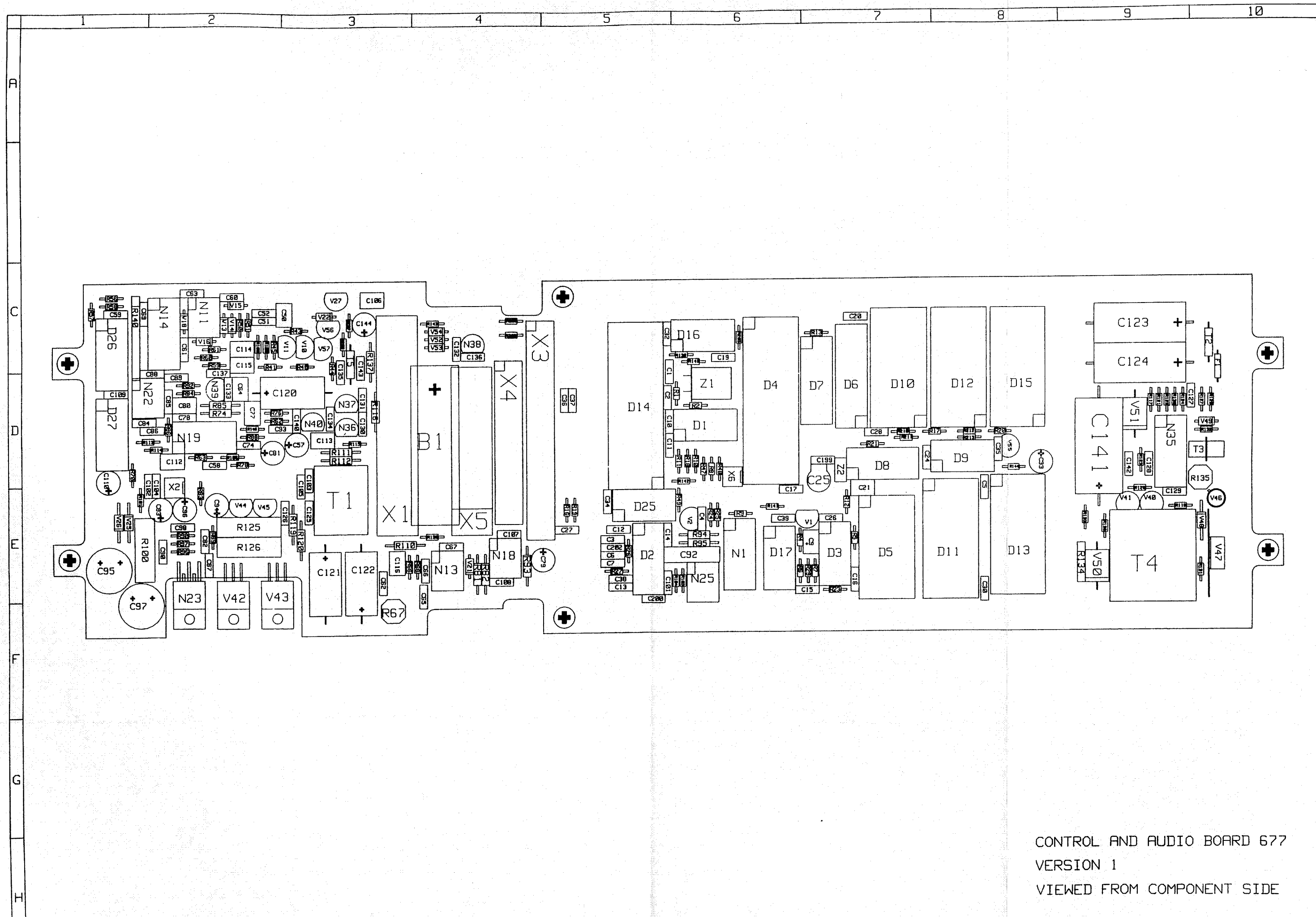
R20	12Kohm		CR16	MF	500	412	00
R21	12Kohm		CR16	MF	500	412	00
R23	10Kohm		CR16	MF	500	410	00
R24	10Kohm		CR16	MF	500	410	00
R25	10Kohm		CR16	MF	500	410	00
R26	2.2Kohm		CR16	MF	500	322	00
R27	1Kohm		CR16	MF	500	310	00
R29	100Kohm		CR16	MF	500	510	00
R40	150Kohm		CR16	MF	500	515	00
R41	10Kohm		CR16	MF	500	410	00
R43	47Kohm		CR16	MF	500	447	00
R44	22Kohm		CR16	MF	500	422	00
R45	10Kohm		CR16	MF	500	410	00
R47	47Kohm		CR16	MF	500	447	00
R48	47Kohm		CR16	MF	500	447	00
R49	47Kohm		CR16	MF	500	447	00
R50	47Kohm		CR16	MF	500	447	00
R51	47Kohm		CR16	MF	500	447	00
R56	10Kohm		CR16	MF	500	410	00
R57	10Kohm		CR16	MF	500	410	00
R58	10Kohm		CR16	MF	500	410	00
R59	47Kohm		CR16	MF	500	447	00
R60	47Kohm		CR16	MF	500	447	00
R61	1Kohm		CR16	MF	500	310	00
R62	100Kohm		CR16	MF	500	510	00
R63	100Kohm		CR16	MF	500	510	00
R66	3.9Kohm		CR16	MF	500	339	00
R67	47Kohm	Potm.			583	447	01
R68	22Kohm		CR16	MF	500	422	00
R70	100Kohm		CR16	MF	500	510	00
R74	100Kohm	1%	MR25		511	510	00
R76	10ohm		CR16	MF	500	110	01
R78	22Kohm		CR16	MF	500	422	00
R81	14Kohm	1%	MR25		511	414	00
R82	36K5ohm		MR25	MF	511	436	50
R83	4.7Kohm		CR16	MF	500	347	00
R84	4.7Kohm		CR16	MF	500	347	00
R85	12K1ohm	1%	MR25		511	412	10
R86	100Kohm		CR16	MF	500	510	00
R88	22Kohm		CR16	MF	500	422	00
R89	15Kohm		CR16	MF	500	415	00
R90	390ohm		CR16	MF	500	239	00
R92	27Kohm		CR16	MF	500	427	00
R93	27K4ohm		MR25	MF	511	427	40
R94	61K9ohm	1%	MR25		511	461	90
R95	31K6ohm	1%	MR25		511	431	60
R96	15Kohm		CR16	MF	500	415	00
R97	1.5Kohm		CR16	MF	500	315	00
R100	1ohm 2W	5%		ww	525	010	00
R101	2.7Kohm		CR16	MF	500	327	00
R103	1Kohm		CR16	MF	500	310	00
R104	1Kohm		CR16	MF	500	310	00
R106	47Kohm		CR16	MF	500	447	00
R108	270ohm		CR16	MF	500	227	00
R109	270ohm		CR16	MF	500	227	00
R110	56ohm		CR25	Car.	501	156	00

## PARTS LIST FOR CONTROL AND AUDIO BOARD 677 VERSION 1

R111	270ohm		CR25	Car.	501 227 00
R112	270ohm		CR25	Car.	501 227 00
R113	100Kohm		CR16	MF	500 510 00
R114	560ohm		CR16	MF	500 256 00
R115	470ohm		CR16	MF	500 247 00
R116	68ohm	5%	1.6W		525 168 00
R117	22Kohm		CR16	MF	500 422 00
R118	8.2Kohm		CR16	MF	500 382 00
R119	470ohm		CR25	Car.	501 247 00
R120	470ohm		CR25	Car.	501 247 00
R121	4.7Kohm		CR16	MF	500 347 00
R122	4.7Kohm		CR16	MF	500 347 00
R123	15Kohm		CR16	MF	500 415 00
R124	4.7Kohm		CR16	MF	500 347 00
R125	1ohm	5%	2W	ww	525 010 00
R126	1ohm	5%	2W	ww	525 010 00
R127	2.2Kohm		CR16	MF	500 322 00
R128	47Kohm		CR16	MF	500 447 00
R129	220ohm		CR16	MF	500 222 00
R130	3.9Kohm		CR16	MF	500 339 00
R131	10ohm		CR16	MF	500 110 01
R132	2.7Kohm		CR16	MF	500 327 00
R133	3.9ohm		CR16	MF	500 039 00
R134	0.082ohm		1W	ww	523 000 80
R135	2.2Kohm	Potm.			583 322 00
R136	12Kohm		CR16	MF	500 412 00
R137	680ohm		CR25	MF	501 268 00
R138	100ohm		CR16	MF	500 210 00
R139	0ohm	option	CR16	MF	501 000 00
R140	47Kohm	SIL			530 000 07
R141	0ohm	option	CR16	MF	501 000 00
R142	1Kohm		CR16	MF	500 310 00
R143	22Kohm		CR16	MF	500 422 00
R144	10Kohm		CR16	MF	500 410 00
R145	10Kohm		CR16	MF	500 410 00
R146	0ohm	option	CR16	MF	501 000 00
R205	0ohm	option	CR16	MF	501 000 00
R206	100Kohm		CR16	MF	500 510 00
R207	100Kohm		CR16	MF	500 510 00
R208	10Kohm		CR16	MF	500 410 00
R209	10Kohm		CR16	MF	500 410 00
R210	0ohm	option	CR16	MF	501 000 00
R212	0ohm	option	CR16	MF	501 000 00
T1	6530	600-600ohm transformer			802 000 00
T2	10uH	IM4	Inductor		740 110 00
T3			Transformer		103 576 81
T4	144uH		Inductor		383 576 7X
T5	22uH	IM4	Inductor		740 122 02
V1	BC557B	PNP Transistor			840 055 70
V2	BC547	NPN Transistor			840 054 70
V10	BC547	NPN Transistor			840 054 70
V11	BC547	NPN Transistor			840 054 70
V13	1N4148	Diode			830 414 80
V14	1N4148	Diode			830 414 80
V15	1N4148	Diode			830 414 80
V16	1N4148	Diode			830 414 80

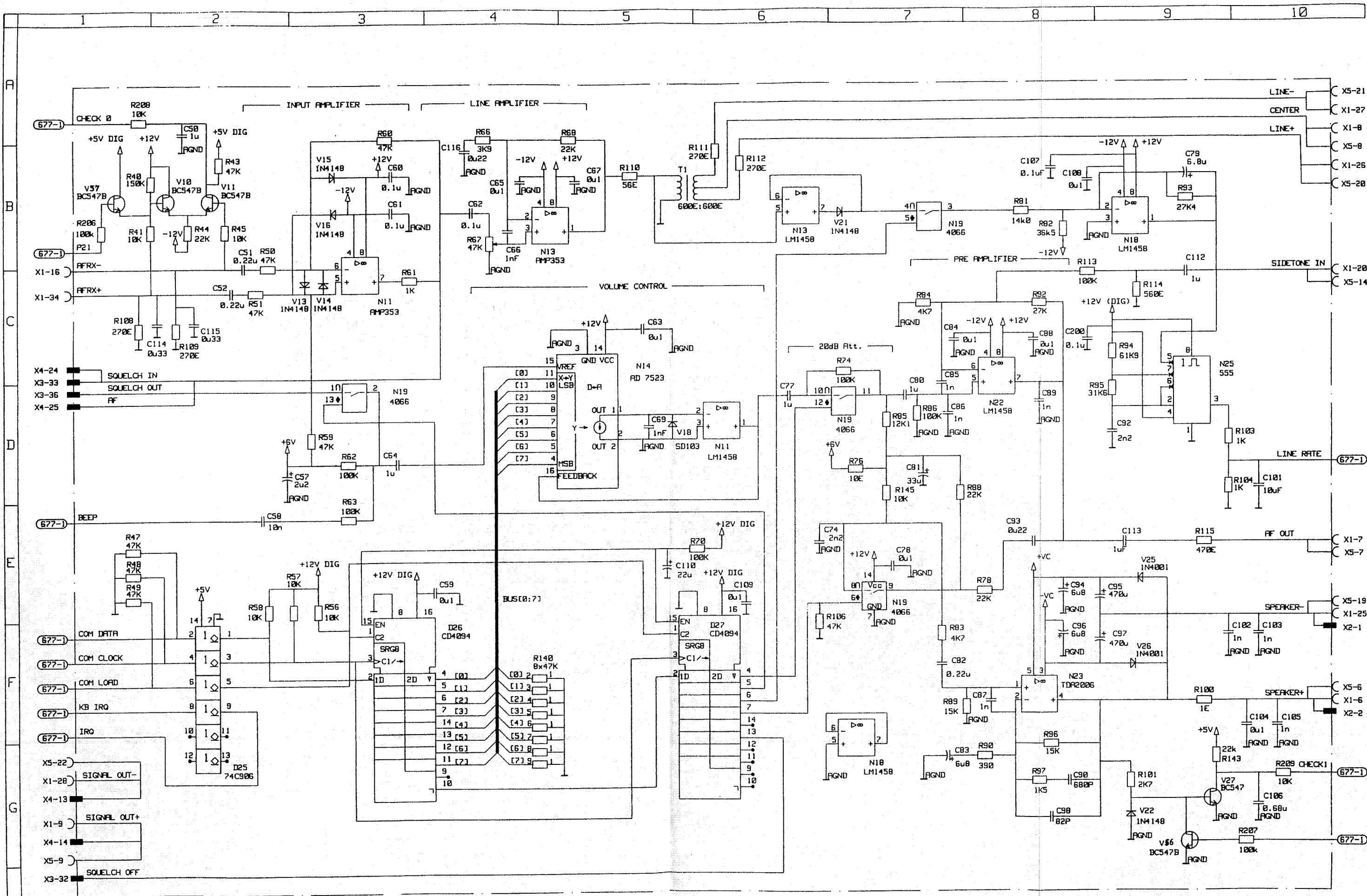
## PARTS LIST FOR CONTROL AND AUDIO BOARD 677 VERSION 1

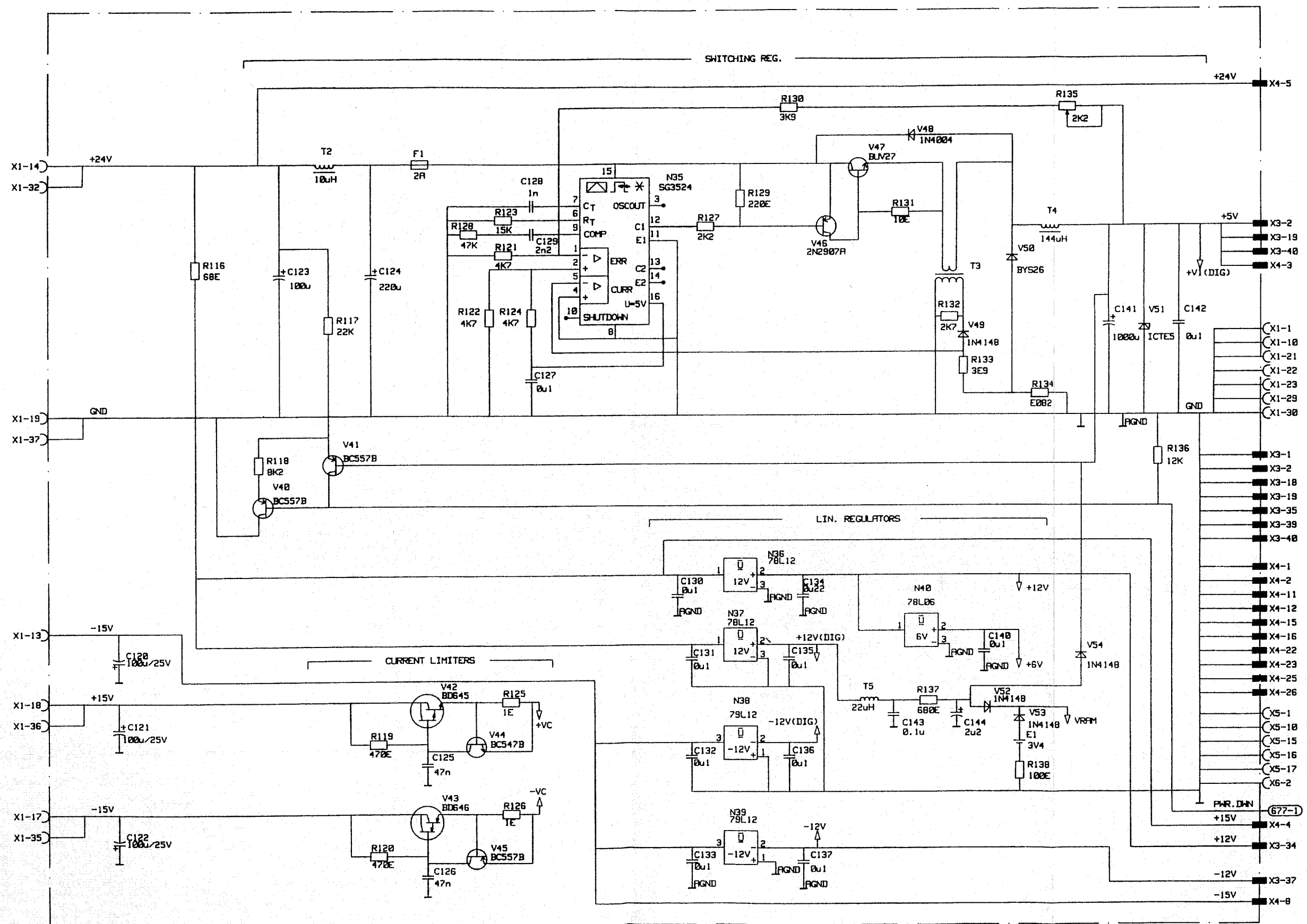
V18	SD101C	Diode	830	010	10
V21	1N4148	Diode	830	414	80
V22	1N4148	Diode	830	414	80
V25	1N4004	Diode	831	010	40
V26	1N4004	Diode	831	010	40
V27	BC547	NPN Transistor	840	054	70
V40	BC557	PNP Transistor	840	055	70
V41	BC557	PNP Transistor	840	055	70
V42	BD645	NPN Transistor	842	064	50
V43	BD646	PNP Transistor	842	064	60
V44	BC547	NPN Transistor	840	054	70
V45	BC557	PNP Transistor	840	055	70
V46	2N2907	PNP Transistor	840	290	70
V47	BUV27	NPN Transistor	842	002	70
V48	1N4004	Diode	831	010	40
V49	1N4148	Diode	830	414	80
V50	BYS26	Diode	831	002	60
V51	ICTE-5	Diode	839	000	51
V52	1N4148	Diode	830	414	80
V53	1N4148	Diode	830	414	80
V54	1N4148	Diode	830	414	80
V55	BC547B	NPN Transistor	840	054	70
V56	BC547B	NPN Transistor	840	054	70
V57	BC547B	NPN Transistor	840	054	70
X1	connector	D-sub 37pol	751	001	54
X2	connector	Molex 2 pol	751	001	41
X3	connector	3M 40 pol	756	040	04
X4	connector	3M 26 pol	756	026	00
X5	connector	D-sub 25pol	751	001	53
X6	connector	Molex 2 pol	751	001	41
Z1	4.9152M	HC18/u Crystal	812	000	03
Z2	32768Hz	Crystal type 1	812	000	01



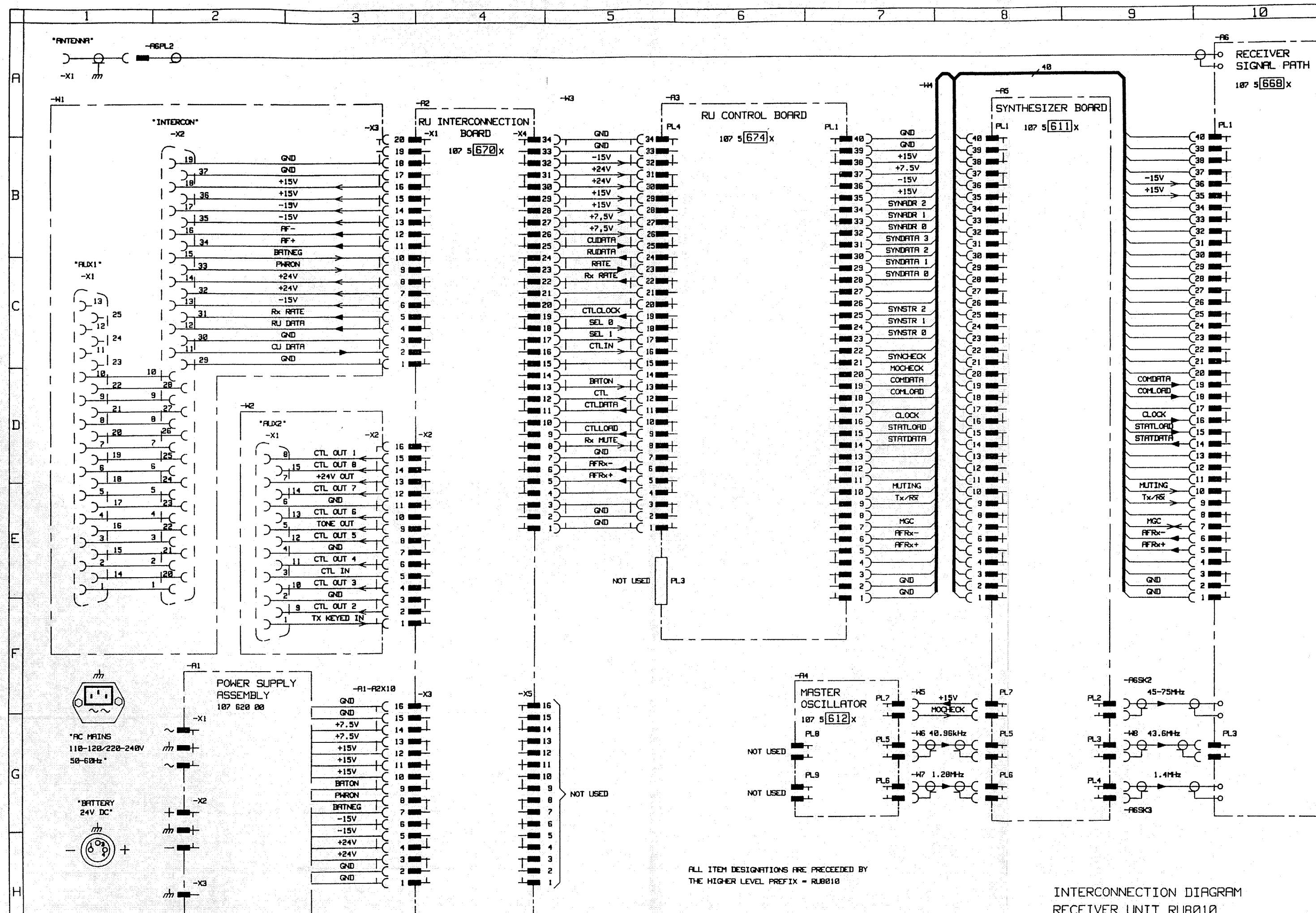
CONTROL AND AUDIO BOARD 677  
 VERSION 1  
 VIEWED FROM COMPONENT SIDE











INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM  
RECEIVER UNIT RUB010

## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

### Synthesizer Board 611

#### 45-75 MHz Synthesizer:

The 45-75 MHz Synthesizer is of the Fractional-N type and has a frequency resolution of 10 Hz.

The 40.96 kHz reference frequency derived from the Master Oscillator 612 is fed to both Phase Comparator and Phase/Frequency Comparator. Likewise the output signal of the Loop Divider is fed to both comparators.

When the loop is locked the Phase/Frequency Comparator is turned off and there exists no difference in frequency, but a definite and time varying phase difference between the reference signal and the Loop Divider output signal. The Phase Comparator compares the phase of the two signals and if it differs from the steady state value, the Phase Comparator will produce a correction signal, which via the Loop Filter corrects the frequency and phase of the VCO until the steady state phase difference is reestablished.

If the phase difference exceeds the limits of the Phase Comparator, for example during change of the synthesizer output frequency, the Phase/Frequency Comparator is automatically turned on. It will override the Phase Comparator by producing a correction signal which via the Loop Filter will alter the frequency and phase of the VCO until the difference between the reference signal and the Loop Divider output signal is well inside the working limits of the Phase Comparator. After a short amount of time the Phase/Frequency Comparator is turned off and the Phase Comparator takes over again ending up with the steady state locked condition.

The Loop Filter is capable of changing parameters when required by means of four diodes. When the loop is locked the diodes are turned off, and in this condition the Loop Filter is designed to prevent noise modulation of the VCO and to give the loop a good dynamic response. During a major change in the synthesizer output frequency the diodes are turned on, and in this case the Loop Filter is designed to give the loop a fast dynamic response. The VCO covers a frequency range of 45-75 MHz which is divided in 4 bands. The bands are selected by the microprocessor on the RU Control Board 674. The amplitude stabilized output signal of the VCO is split between two buffer amplifiers. One for the output signal of the synthesizer, which is led to the 1st mixer of the Receiver Signal Path 668. The other buffer amplifier drives the input of the Loop Divider.

The RU Control Board determines the output frequency of the synthesizer by loading the corresponding division ratio into the Loop Divider and the Binary Accumulator. The integer part of the division ratio is stored in the Loop Divider and the fractional part is fed to the one input of the Binary Accumulator.

The 12-bit Binary Accumulator enables 10 Hz resolution of the synthesizer output frequency. The output of the Binary

Accumulator is fed back to one of it's own inputs and in that way added to the fractional division ratio fed to the other input. The sum is transferred to the output of the Binary Accumulator when it receives an Accumulator Clock Signal. This happens in every period of the loop divider output frequency. When the sum exceeds the maximum capacity (4095) of the Binary Accumulator, it produces an Accumulator Carry Signal, and the remainder of the contents is kept for the next addition. The carry signal increases the division ratio of the Loop Divider by one. The loop will respond to this increase by producing an output frequency corresponding to the fractional division ratio.

The time varying phase difference between the reference signal and the loop divider output signal, caused by the said increase in the division ratio, is a function of the fractional division ratio. This function is derived from the output of the Binary Accumulator and converted into a current by the DA-Converter. The current is fed to the Phase Comparator where it cancels the signal produced by the time varying phase difference and thus preventing modulation of the VCO.

The frequency information, loaded by the microprocessor on the RU Control Board 674, is fed to the Ramp Current Generator, resulting in a current directly proportional to the output frequency of the synthesizer. As the Ramp Current controls the gain of the Phase Comparator, the dynamic response of the loop is held constant over the entire frequency range of the synthesizer.

If the said cancellation of the time varying phase difference isn't complete, the Ramp Current Correction circuit measures the error at the Phase Comparator output and automatically adjusts the Ramp Current Generator until cancellation is obtained. Two signals derived from the Phase Comparator and the Phase/Frequency Comparator are combined in a check circuit with the check signals from the 43.6 MHz and 1.4 MHz Synthesizer resulting in a final check signal led to the RU Control Board.

#### 43.6 MHz Synthesizer:

The synthesizer used is of the fractional-N type, which refers to the fact that the smallest step in output frequency is not equal to the reference frequency but a fractional part of this. From the Master Oscillator 612 a 1.28 MHz signal is led to the Reference Divider which divides the signal by 10 having a 128 kHz reference frequency at the input of the Phase/Frequency Comparator. The 128 kHz reference frequency and the output frequency of the Loop Divider are compared in the Phase/Frequency Comparator. When the loop is locked there exists no difference in frequency but a definite and time varying phase difference between the two signals. If the loop is out of lock the Phase/Frequency Comparator will produce a correction voltage which will alter the frequency and phase of the VCXO until the loop is back in the locked condition.

The Loop Filter is designed to give the loop a good dynamic response and to stop noise modulation of the VCXO. The VCXO covers a frequency range of 14.53333 MHz +1.333 kHz/-1 kHz. The output signal of the VCXO is fed to the Tripler where the

frequency is multiplied by 3, resulting in a synthesizer frequency of  $43.6 \text{ MHz} + 4 \text{ kHz} - 3 \text{ kHz}$ . The signal from the Tripler is amplified in the Buffer Amplifier and the level-stabilized output signal is led to the 2nd Mixer of the Receiver Signal Path 668.

Another signal derived from the Buffer Amplifier is fed to the input of the Loop Divider. A 7-bit Binary Accumulator is incorporated in order to obtain a fractional division ratio in the loop, giving a 1 kHz step capability of the synthesizer output frequency. By loading the fractional division ratio into the input of the Binary Accumulator, the microprocessor on RU Control Board determines the output frequency of the synthesizer. The other input of the Binary Accumulator is connected to its output. The two inputs are added and the sum is transferred to the output when the Binary Accumulator is clocked. The clock input is connected to the output of the Loop Divider. When the sum exceeds the maximum capacity (127) of the Binary Accumulator it produces an Accumulator Carry Signal which increases the ratio of the Loop Divider by one, and the remainder of the accumulator contents is kept for the next addition. The loop responds to this increase by producing an output frequency corresponding to the fractional division ratio. As a result of the variation in the division ratio, the phase difference between the reference frequency and the output frequency of the Loop Divider will be varying and a function of the fractional division ratio. This function is derived from the output of the Binary Accumulator and converted into a voltage by the DA-converter. The output signal of the Phase/Frequency Comparator caused by time varying phase difference is canceled at the input of the Loop Filter by the output voltage of the DA-converter, and thus preventing modulation of the VCXO. The 128 kHz reference frequency and a signal derived from Phase/Frequency Comparator are combined in the Check Detector to give information of the synthesizer lock status.

#### 1.4 MHz Synthesizer:

The synthesizer consists of a Loop Filter, a 5.6 MHz VCO, a Buffer Amplifier and a single integrated circuit which contains both Reference Divider, Loop Divider and Phase/Frequency Comparator. The division ratio of the Reference Divider and the Loop Divider are controlled by the microprocessor on the RU Control Board 674.

A 1.28 MHz signal from the Master Oscillator 612 is fed to the input of the Reference Divider and divided by 3200, thus obtaining a reference frequency of 400 Hz as well as a frequency step size of 400 Hz for the synthesizer loop. The reference frequency and the Loop Divider output frequency are compared in the Phase/Frequency Comparator. In the locked condition there exists no difference between the two signals neither in frequency nor in phase. If a difference occurs, say during a change of the synthesizer output frequency, the Phase/Frequency Comparator will produce a correction voltage which will correct the frequency and phase of the VCO until the locked condition is obtained again.

The Loop Filter is designed to give the loop a proper dynamic

response and to prevent noise from modulating the VCO. The 5.6 MHz VCO covers the frequency range from 5.582 MHz to 5.612 MHz. The output signal of the VCO is amplified in the Buffer Amplifier and then split into two, one for the input of the Loop Divider and one for the Divide-by-4 circuit.

The output frequency range of the Divide-by-4 circuit is 1.4 MHz + 3 kHz/4.5 kHz and the frequency step size is 100 Hz. The output signal of the Divide-by-4 circuit is fed to the Output Filter where the harmonics of the signal are reduced and the exact output level is set. The output signal is led to the 3rd Mixer of the Receiver Signal Path 668. A check detector is incorporated to indicate the lock status of the synthesizer.

# PARTS LIST FOR SYNTHESIZER BOARD 611 VERSION 4A

Printed Circuit Board Complete 611		107	561	11
IC1	7912CU	850	791	20
IC2	MA7805	850	780	50
IC3	MA7812	850	781	20
IC4,10,36	MC74HC00N	850	740	04
IC5	MC74HC10N	850	741	03
IC6,12,19,23	CD4099BCN	850	409	90
IC7,11,24,38, 47	MC74HC74N	850	747	42
IC8,16,41,42	CD40174BCN	854	017	40
IC9,17,22,40, 43	CD4008BCN	850	400	80
IC13	LM318N	850	031	80
IC14	HEF4016BP	850	401	60
IC15	NE5009N	850	500	90
IC18	CD4528B	850	452	80
IC20,35	LF353	850	035	30
IC21	CD40175BCN	854	017	50
IC26,37	NE5007	850	500	70
IC28	MC145146P	851	451	46
IC29,45	LF356	850	035	60
IC30	CD4066BC	850	406	60
IC31	SAA1059P	850	105	90
IC32	74C160	857	416	01
IC33	CD4013B	850	401	30
IC34	CD4046B	850	404	60
IC39	MC74HC161N	857	416	10
IC44	MC3393P	850	339	30
IC46	MC145145P	851	451	45
Q1,32,37,40	BC557B	840	055	70
Q2	J112	843	011	20
Q3,6,16,18, 20-23,25-31	BF240	840	024	00
Q4,7-12,14,19, 33,35,38,39	BC547B	840	054	70
Q5	BFX89	840	089	00
Q13	J310	840	031	03
Q15	BSX20	840	002	00
Q17,24	BFW17A	840	001	70
Q34,36	J112 MATCHED	843	011	21

# PARTS LIST FOR SYNTHESIZER BOARD 611 VERSION 4A

D1-4,6-10, 19,20,25-27, 32	1N4148					830 414 80
D5	BZX79C5V6					832 795 61
D11,12	SD101C					830 010 10
D13,14,18, 28-31	BB109					833 010 90
D15-17	BZX79C12					832 791 21
D21-24	BA282					830 028 20
D33	BZX75C3V6					832 753 60
X1	14.5333MHZ					383 570 71
R1,4,9,13,14, 17,19,22,24,25, 39,40,45-48, 52-53,102,106-108, 115,118,136,158,163, 172,195	10 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 410 01
R2,42,111,126,128, 151,155	100 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 510 00
R3,28,100	6.8 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 368 00
R5	1.27 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF		511 312 70
R6,20,43,79,83, 150	1 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 310 00
R7	1.05 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF		511 310 50
R8,10,12,15,16, 36,62,68,75, 117,178,179	47 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 447 00
R11,33,95,103,143	56 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 156 00
R18	1.2 Mohm	5%	1/4W	MF		501 612 00
R21	2.7 Mohm	5%	1/4W	MF		501 627 00
R23	150 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 515 00
R26,30,160,165	150 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 215 00
R27,141	10 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 110 01
R29,38,49,50-51, 101,133	2.2 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 322 00
R31	715 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF		511 271 50

## PARTS LIST FOR SYNTHESIZER BOARD 611 VERSION 4A

R32,57,69,93, 164,190	1.5 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 315 00
R34	220 ohm			Pot.	583 222 00
R35	681 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 268 10
R37,112,129,134, 137	100 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 210 00
R41,114,116	33 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 433 00
R44,185,187	820 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 282 00
R54,56,60,67,82, 92,182,183,191	1.2 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 312 00
R55,59,153	470 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 247 00
R58,64,70	470 ohm	5%	1/2W	Car.	502 247 00
R61,63,65,73,84, 89,140,175	3.3 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 333 00
R66,98,193,194	27 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 127 00
R71	820 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 582 00
R72	180 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 518 00
R74	15 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 115 00
R76	2.2 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 022 00
R77	180 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 218 01
R78	330 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 233 00
R80,162	39 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 439 00
R81,105,135,145, 180,181	5,6 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 356 00
R85	56 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 456 00
R86,90	120 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 212 00
R87	12 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 112 00
R88	270 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 227 00
R91,96,121,139, 173	220 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 222 00
R94,166	680 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 268 00
R97,149,169	220 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 522 00
R99	100 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 210 00
R104	680 kohm	5%	1/4W	MF	500 568 00
R109	237 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 523 70
R110	47 kohm			Pot.	583 447 01
R113,125,196	470 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 547 00
R119,130,170,152	68 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 468 00
R120,156	15 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 415 00
R122-123,159	2.7 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 327 00



## PARTS LIST FOR SYNTHESIZER BOARD 611 VERSION 4A

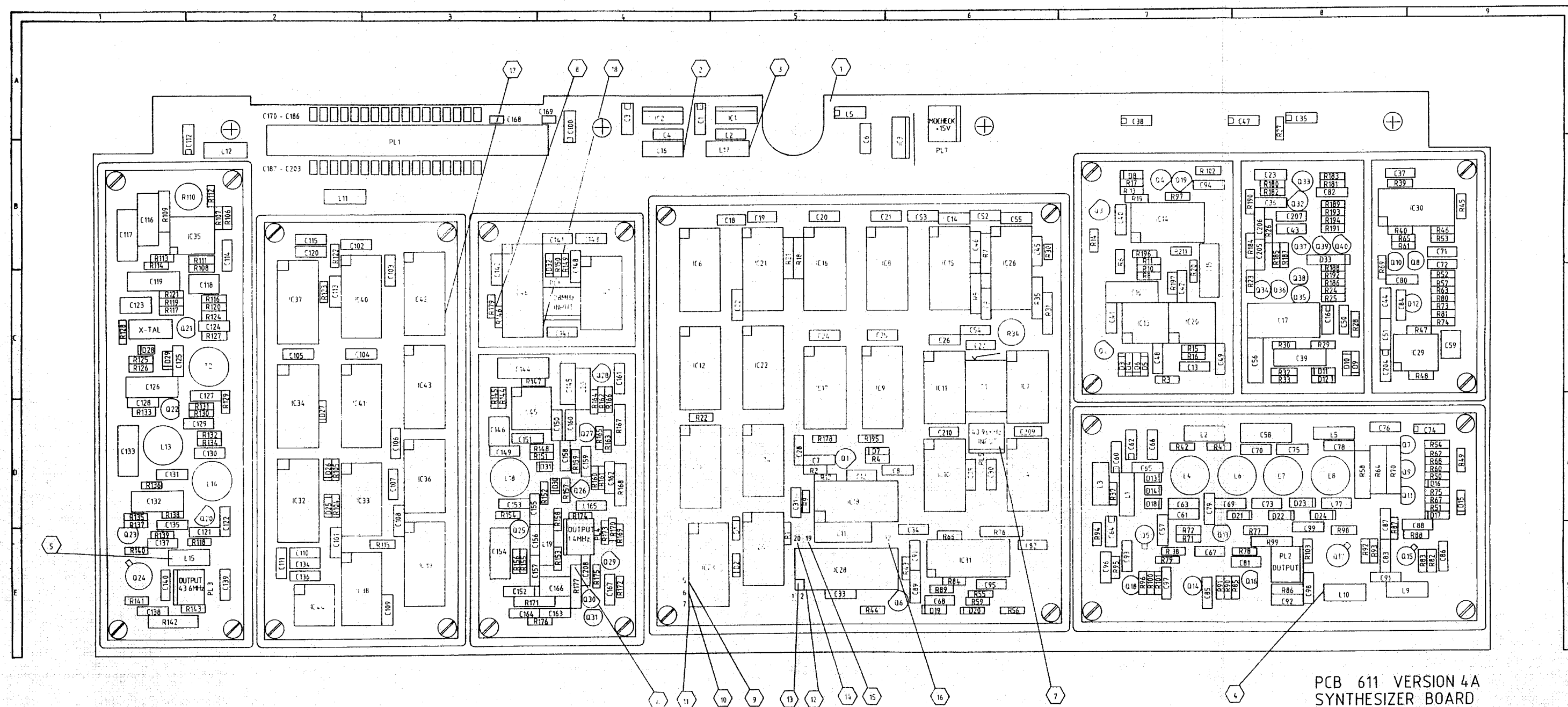
R124,132,188	4.7 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 347 00
R127,146	12 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 412 00
R131,144,154	22 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 422 00
R138	47 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 147 00
R142	150 ohm	5%	1/2W	Car.	502 215 00
R147	270 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 527 00
R148	18 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 418 00
R157	27 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 427 00
R161	560 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 256 00
R167,168	4.22 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 342 20
R171	2.49 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 234 90
R174	3.9 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 339 00
R176,186	390 ohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 239 00
R177	48.7 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 148 70
R184,189	120 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 512 00
R192	1.8 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 318 00
R197	1 Mohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 610 00
C1,3,5	6.8 uF	-20+50%	25V	Sol.al.	652 668 01
C2,4,6,22,31, 141,147,148	0.22 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 522 01
C7,9,12,18-21, 24-30,33,34, 36-37,40-46, 48-54,68,76, 80-82,84-85, 89-90,93,95, 101-111,113-115, 139,142-143, 150-151,160,167,211	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C8,205	150 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 215 00
C10	330 pF	1%	125V	Microp.	613 233 00
C11	1.5 nF	1%	500V	Microp.	613 315 00
C14,55,57,60, 65,70,75,78,83, 86,88,91,92,96, 99,120,138,157, 159,163,208-210	10 nF	-20+50%	100V	Cer.	602 410 01
C13	10 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 110 00
C15,58,119	1 nF	1%	125V	Microp.	613 310 00
C16,35,38,47, 112	22 uF	20%	25V	Tan.	652 722 00
C17	100 nF	10%	250V	MKP	624 510 02
C23,32,164	33 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 133 01

# PARTS LIST FOR SYNTHESIZER BOARD 611 VERSION 4A

C39,144	6.8 nF	1%	63V	Microp.	612 368 00
C56,145	47 nF	10%	250V	Polyes.	624 447 01
C59,118,123,146	0.47 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 547 01
C61,79	3.3 pF	+/-0.25pF	63V	NPO	602 033 01
C62,64,66,74,100	6.8 uF	-20+50%	25V	Tan.	652 668 00
C63	82 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 182 01
C67	100 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 210 01
C69	27 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 127 01
C71-72,152,155, 165	47 nF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 447 00
C73	18 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 118 01
C77	6.8 pF	+/-0.25pF	63V	N150	602 068 01
C87,153	82 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 182 00
C94,161	33 nF	20%	63V	Polyes.	622 433 00
C116	4.7 nF	1%	63V	Microp.	612 347 00
C117	680 pF	1%	125V	Microp.	613 268 00
C121,122,127,128, 137,140,156	4.7 nF	10%	100V	Cer.	602 347 02
C124,130	15 nF	20%	63V	Polyes.	622 415 01
C125	56 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 156 00
C126	1.8 nF	1%	125V	Microp.	613 318 00
C129	100 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 210 00
C131,208	2.7 pF	+/-0.25pF	63V	NPO	602 027 00
C132	180 pF	1%	500V	Microp.	615 218 00
C133	220 pF	1%	125V	Microp.	613 222 00
C134,136	220 pF	10%	63V	Cer.	602 222 00
C135	22 nF	20%	63V	Polyes.	622 422 00
C149	10 nF	20%	63V	Polyes.	622 410 01
C154	1.2 nF	1%	125V	Microp.	613 312 00
C162	27 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 127 00
C166	0.33 uF	20%	63V	Polyes.	622 533 01
C168-203	1 nF	+/-10%	100V	Cer.	603 310 00
C204	2.2 uF	20%	25V	Tan.	652 622 02
C206	47 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 147 00
C207	330 pF	10%	63V	Cer.	602 233 00
L1,2,9,10,15	10 uH				740 110 01
L3,5,12,17,20	100 uH				740 210 07
L4	Var.			Coil	103 577 02
L6	Var.			Coil	103 577 32
L7	Var.			Coil	103 577 22
L8	Var.			Coil	103 577 12
L11,16	22 uH				740 122 03
L13,14	Var.			Coil	103 577 52
L18	Var.			Coil	103 577 62
L19	220 uH				740 222 01

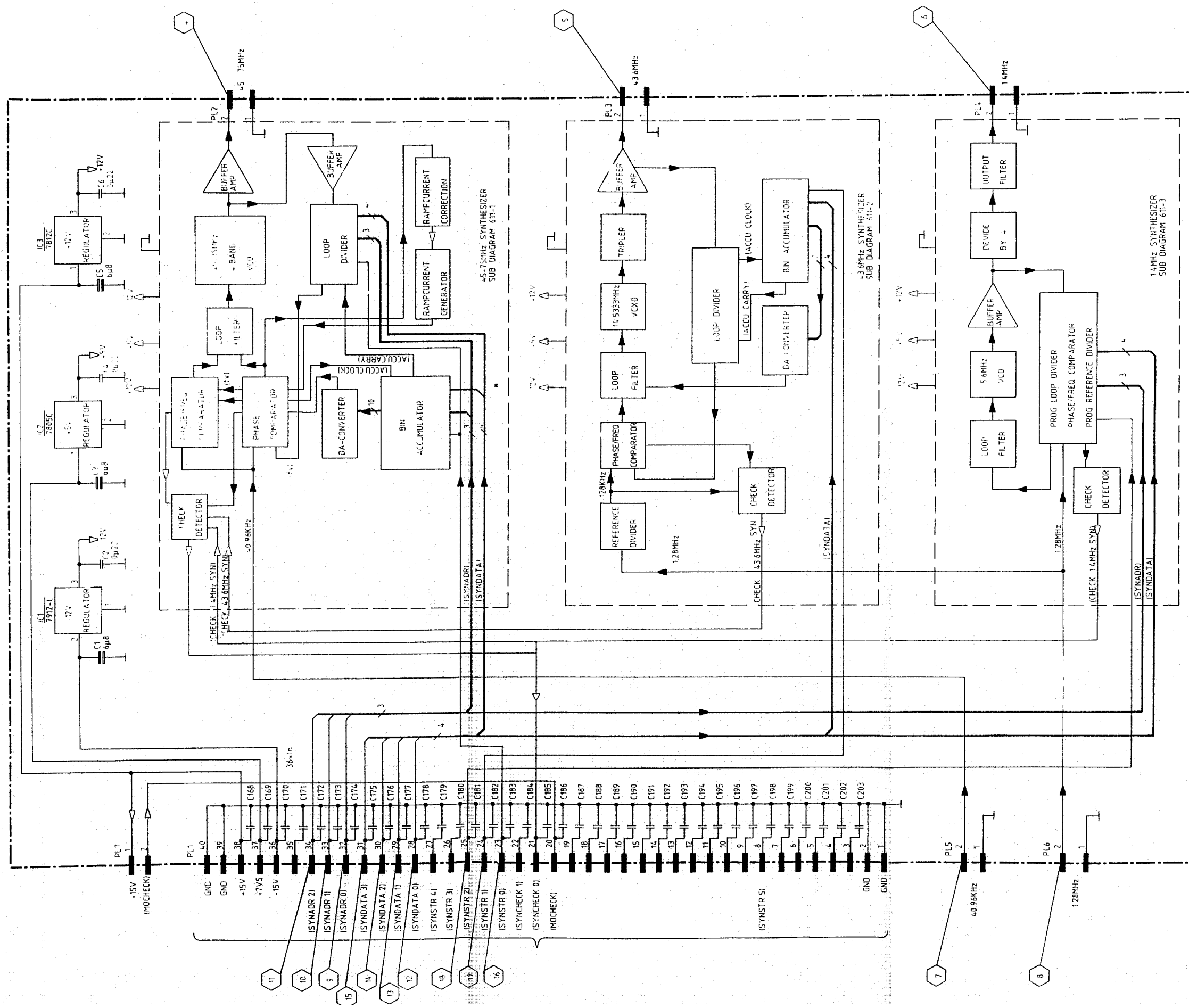
# PARTS LIST FOR SYNTHESIZER BOARD 611 VERSION 4A

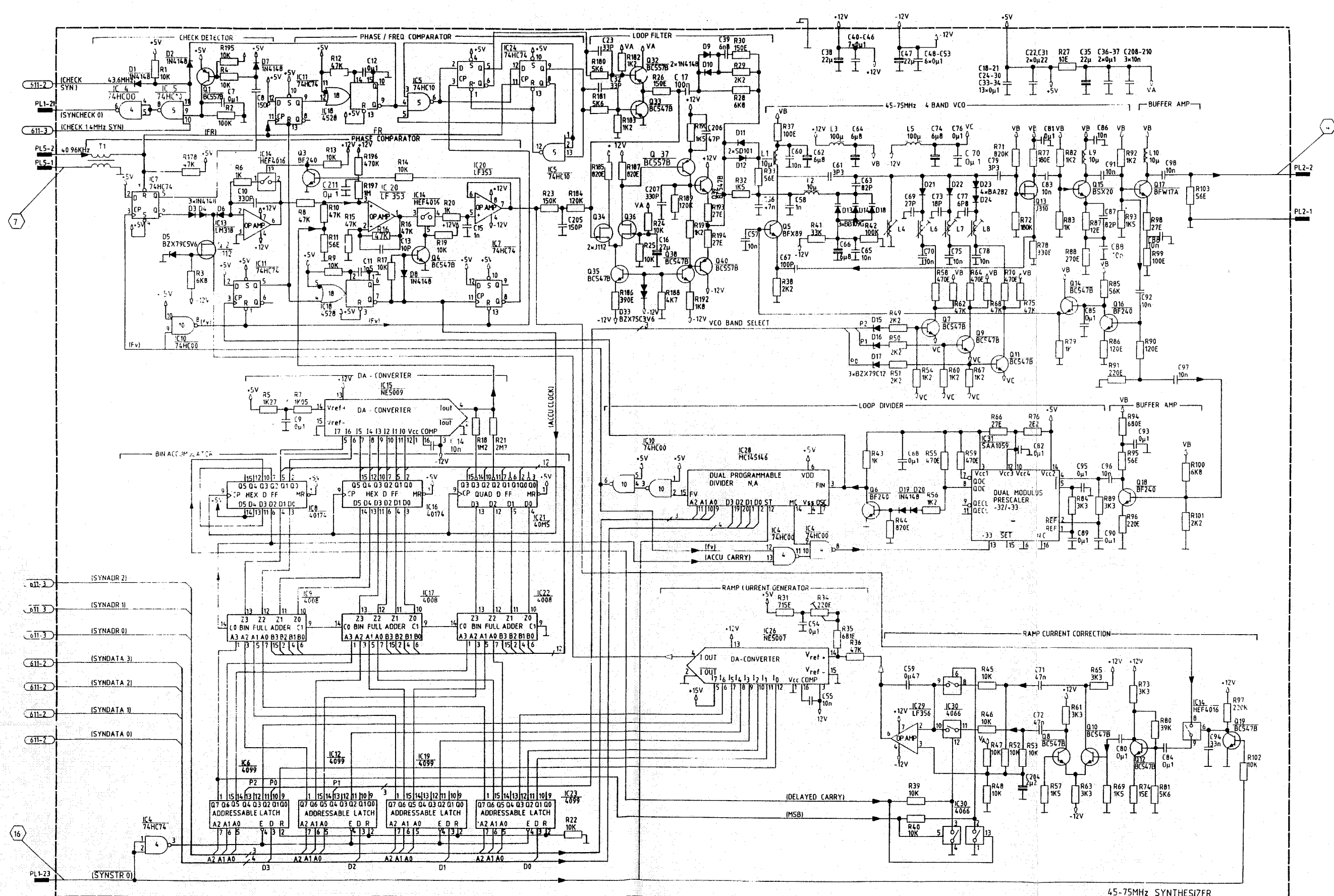
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T2			103 577 42
PL1	40POL	MOLEX	756 040 04
PL2-6	2POL	3M	750 001 45
PL7	2POL	MOLEX	750 001 46

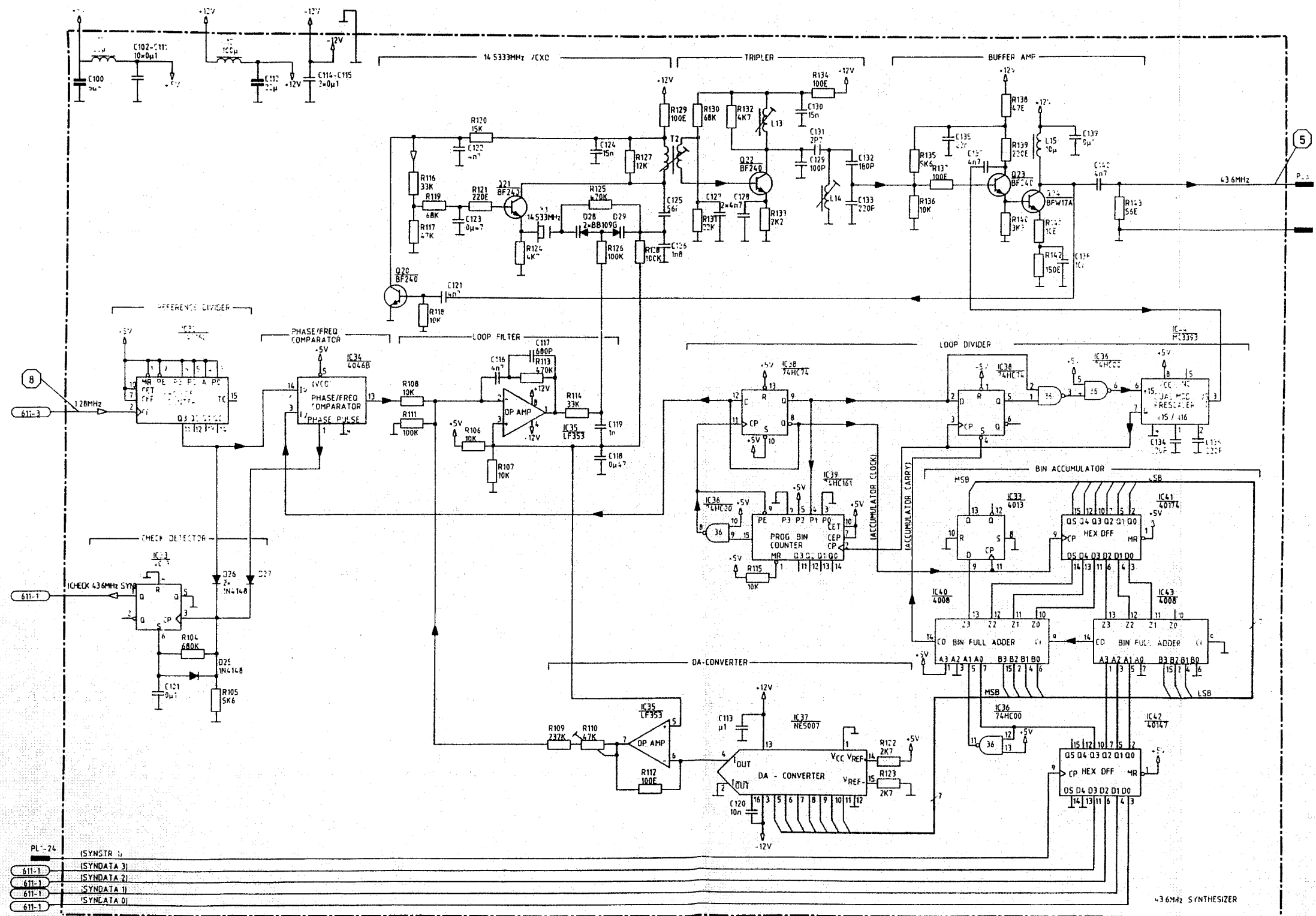


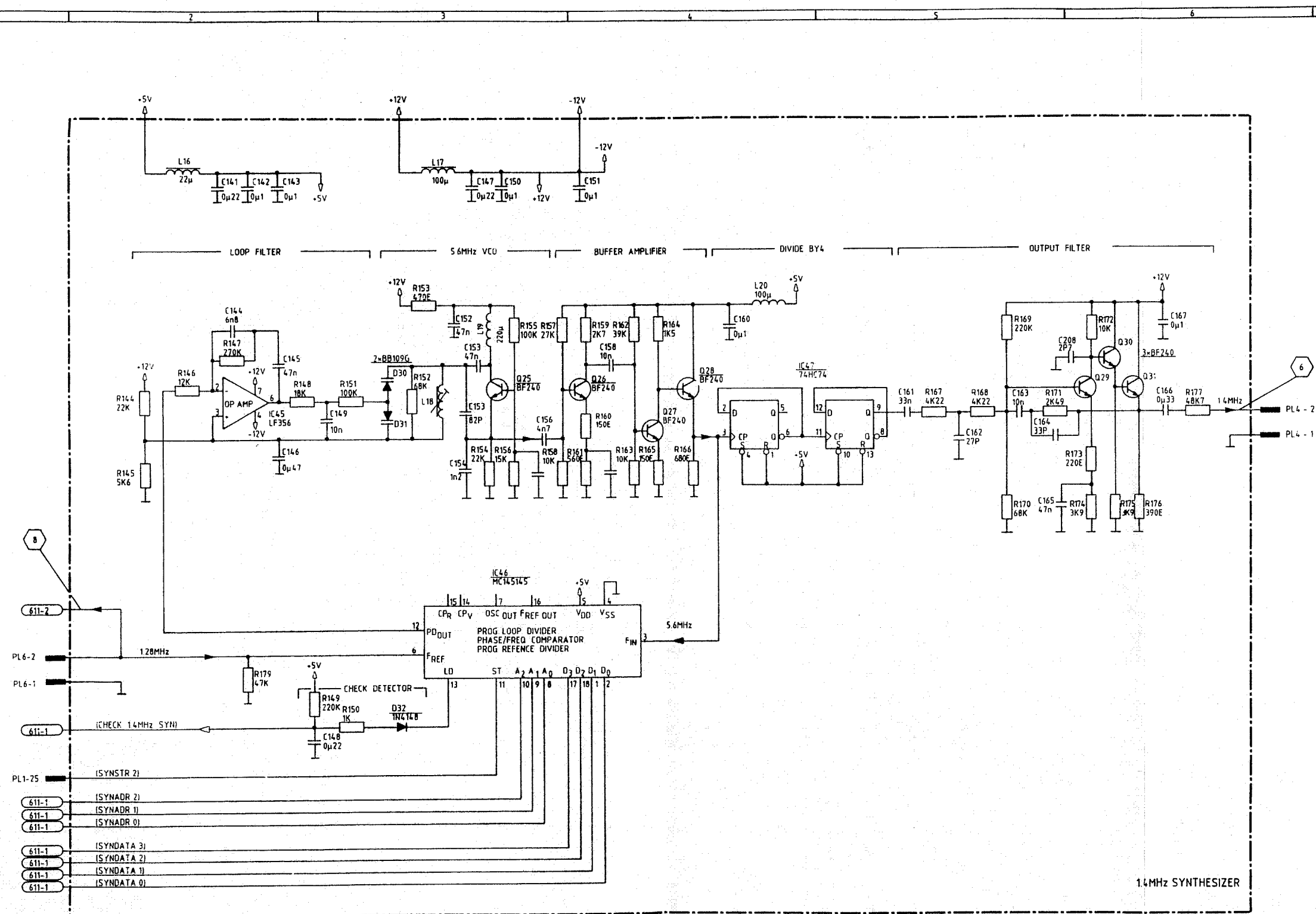
993 561 1X COMP

PCB 611 VERSION 4A  
SYNTHESIZER BOARD  
VIUED FROM COMPONENT SIDE









PCB 611 SYNTHESIZER BOARD  
VERSION 4A. SUBDIAGRAM 3 OF 3



## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Master Oscillator 612, 613, 614 and TCXO Heater 699

The three Master Oscillators available all consist of the same circuits but have different frequency stabilities determined by the 10.24 MHz Temperature Compensated Crystal Oscillator (TCXO) used.

The output signal of the TCXO is split between two reference dividers. One for the 45-75 MHz Synthesizer and one for the 43.6 and 1.4 MHz Synthesizers. The Reference Divider, 45-75 MHz Synthesizer, divides the 10.24 MHz TCXO signal by 250 having a 40.96 kHz reference frequency at two outputs. The Reference Divider, 43.6 and 1.4 MHz Synthesizer, divides the 10.24 MHz TCXO signal by 8, obtaining a 1.28 MHz signal fed to two outputs. The output signals of the divider are fed to the Check Detector to detect the presence of both. The resulting check signal MO-Check is via the Synthesizer Board 611 fed to the RU Control Board 674. For Master Oscillator 613 a heater (TCXO Heater 699) is incorporated in order to keep the TCXO ambient temperature above 0 deg. Centigrade.

## PARTS LIST FOR MASTER OSCILLATOR BOARD 612 VERSION 3A

Printed Circuit Board Complete 612

107 561 21

IC1,7	MC74HC00N				850 740 04
IC2,4,6	MC74HC161N				857 416 10
IC3	LM78L12ACP				850 741 20
IC5	LM78L05ACP				850 780 52
Q1	BC557B				840 055 70
Q2	BC547B				840 054 70
D1-4	1N4148				830 414 80
R2-3,7	1 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 310 00
R4	100 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 510 00
R5	180 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 218 00
R6,9,11	10 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 410 00
R8	330 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 533 00
R10	47 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 447 00
C1,2,4	6.8 uF	-20+50%	25V	Sol.al.	652 668 01
C3,7,17	100 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 210 00
C5	22 uF	20%	25V	Tan.	652 722 00
C6,8	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C9	0.33 uF	20%	63V	Polyes.	622 533 01
C10	10 nF	-20+50%	63V	Cer.	602 410 01
C11	150 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 215 00
C12-16	0.47 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 457 01
L1	33 uH				740 133 01
TCXO	10.24 MHz				383 570 11
PL5,6,8,9	2 POL				750 001 45
PL7	2 POL				750 001 46

## PARTS LIST FOR MASTER OSCILLATOR BOARD 613 VERSION 3A

Printed Circuit Board Complete 613

107 561 31

IC1,7	MC74HC00N				850 740 04
IC2,4,6	MC74HC161N				857 416 10
IC3	LM78L12ACP				850 741 20
IC5	LM78L05ACP				850 780 52
Q1	BC557B				840 055 70
Q2	BC547B				840 054 70
D1-4	1N4148				830 414 80
R2-3,7	1 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 310 00
R4	100 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 510 00
R5	180 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 218 00
R6,9,11	10 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 410 00
R8	330 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 533 00
R10	47 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF	500 447 00
C1,2,4	6.8 uF	-20+50%	25V	Sol.al.	652 668 01
C3,7,17	100 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 210 00
C5	22 uF	20%	25V	Tan.	652 722 00
C6,8	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C9	0.33 uF	20%	63V	Polyes.	622 533 01
C10	10 nF	-20+50%	63V	Cer.	602 410 01
C11	150 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 215 00
C12-16	0.47 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 457 01
L1	33 uH				740 133 01
TCXO	10.24 MHz				383 570 21
TCXO HEATER PCB	699				107 569 91
PL5,6,8,9	2 POL				750 001 45
PL7	2 POL				750 001 46

# PARTS LIST FOR MASTER OSCILLATOR BOARD 614 VERSION 3A

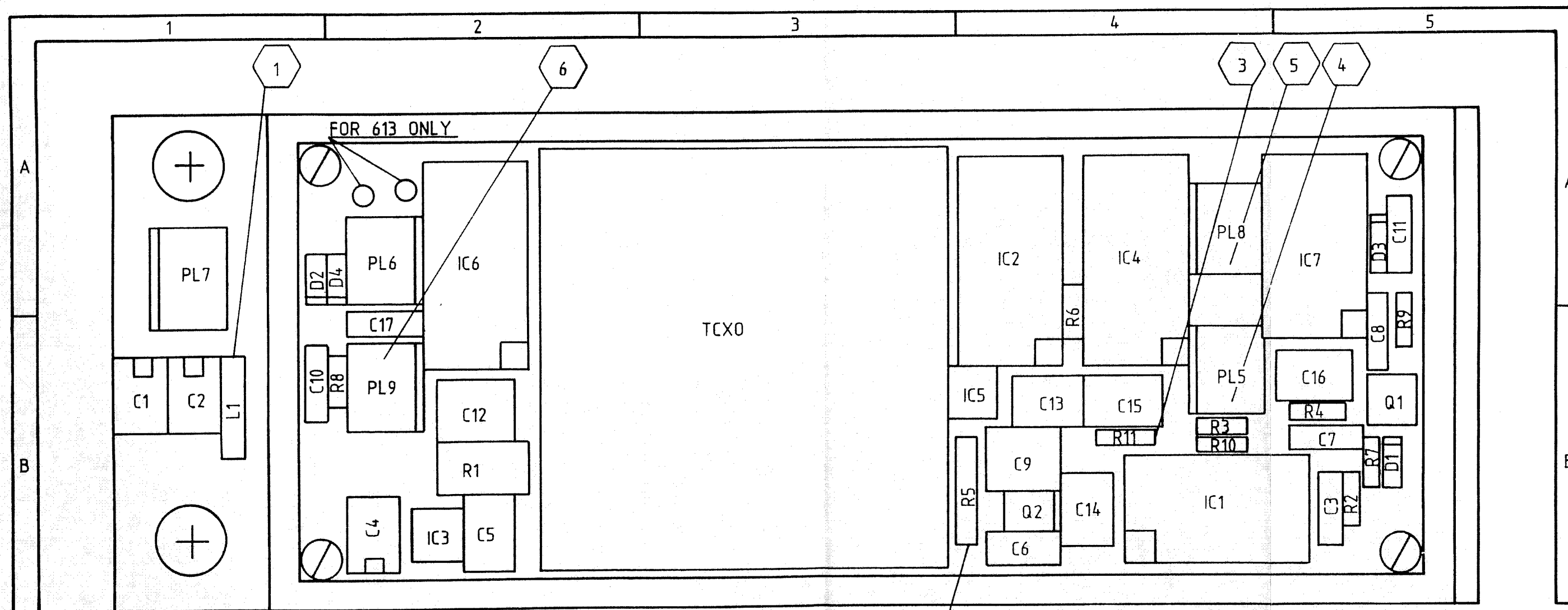
Printed Circuit Board Complete 614

107 561 41

IC1,7	MC74HC00N					850 740 04
IC2,4,6	MC74HC161N					857 416 10
IC3	LM78L12ACP					850 741 20
IC5	LM78L05ACP					850 780 52
Q1	BC557B					840 055 70
Q2	BC547B					840 054 70
D1-4	1N4148					830 414 80
R2-3,7	1 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 310 00
R4	100 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 510 00
R5	180 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.		501 218 00
R6,9,11	10 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 410 00
R8	330 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 533 00
R10	47 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 447 00
C1,2,4	6.8 uF	+50-20%	25V	Sol.al.		652 668 01
C3,7,17	100 pF	2%	63V	N150		602 210 00
C5	22 uF	20%	25V	Tan.		652 722 00
C6,8	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.		622 510 00
C9	0.33 uF	20%	63V	Polyes.		622 533 01
C10	10 nF	-20+50%	63V	Cer.		602 410 01
C11	150 pF	2%	63V	N150		602 215 00
C12-16	0.47 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.		622 457 01
L1	33 uH					740 133 01
TCXO (0.4 ppm)	10.24 MHz					383 570 31
PL5,6,8,9	2 POL					750 001 45
PL7	2 POL					750 001 46

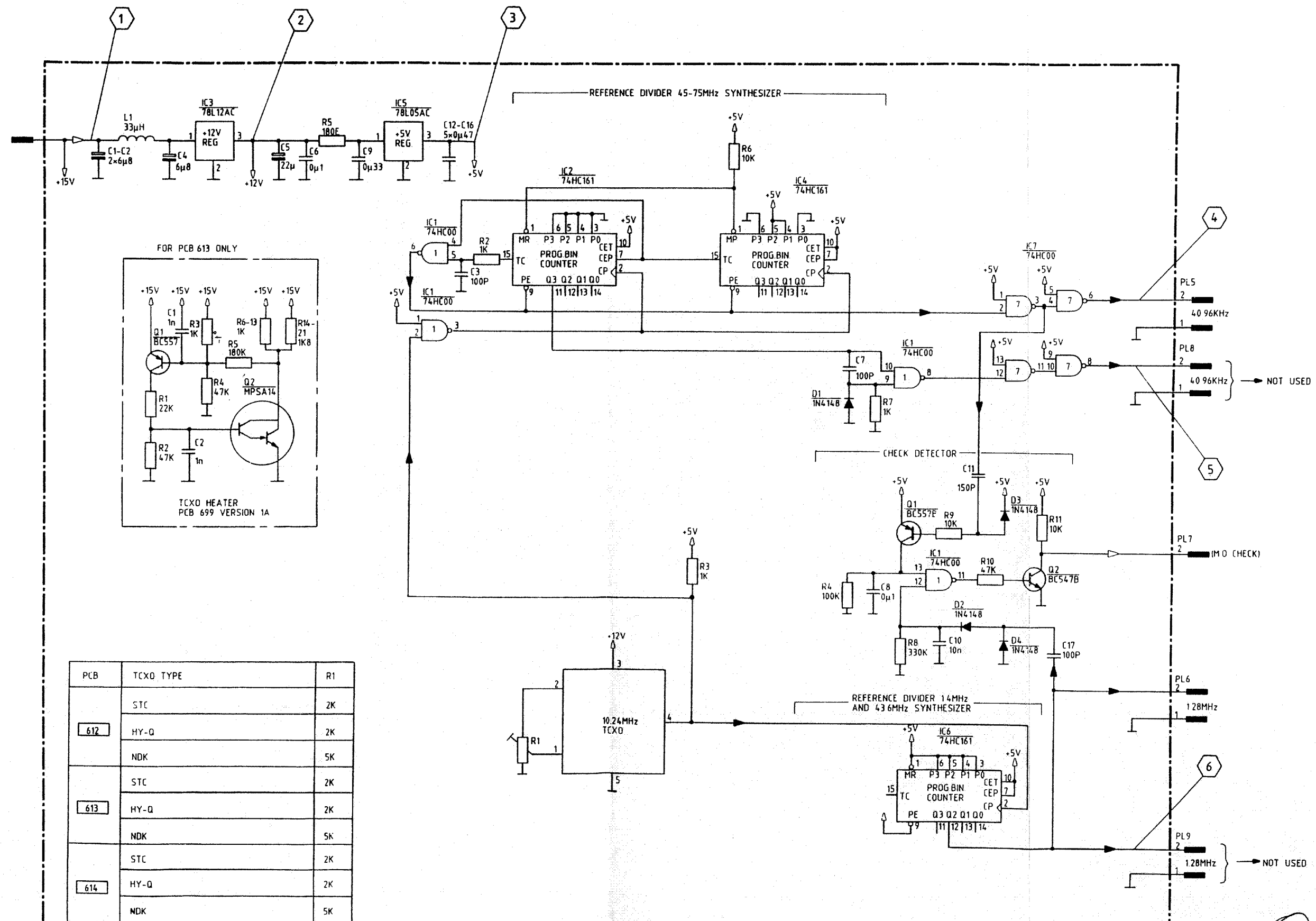
# PARTS LIST FOR TCXO HEATER PCB 699 VERSION 1A

Printed Circuit Board Complete 699						107 569 91
Q1	BC557B					840 055 70
Q2	MPSA14					840 001 40
R1	22 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 422 00
R2,4	47 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 447 00
R3	1 kohm	+ -10%		NTC		591 310 00
R5	180 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 518 00
R6-13	1 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		501 310 00
R14-21	1.8 kohm	5%	1/8W	MF		500 318 00
C1-2	1 nF	10%	100V	Cer.		602 310 02



993 561 2X COMP  
 993 561 3X COMP  
 993 561 4X COMP

PCB 612 613 614 VERSION 3A  
 MASTER OSCILLATOR BOARD  
 VIEWED FROM COMPONENT SIDE



## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

### Receiver Signal Path 668

The antenna RF signal is led through coax connector SK1 to the protection circuit, which protects the receiver against excessive RF voltages and static electricity discharges, appearing on the antenna.

Through the switchable attenuator the RF signal is led to the preselector consisting of eleven fixed-tuned bandpass filters. The bandpass filters covers the frequency bands 10-405 kHz, 405-527 kHz, 527-1600 kHz, 1.6-4 MHz, 4-5.246 MHz, 5.246-7.27 MHz, 7.27-10.383 MHz, 10.383-14.695 MHz, 14.695-19.571 MHz, 19.571-24.424 MHz, 24.424-30 MHz.

A change in receiver frequency will be followed by automatic selection from among the bandpass filters. The automatic selection is controlled from the RU Control Board 674 via the serial data bus. The RF signal goes via the switchable RF amplifier to the high level double balanced Schottky diodes mixer, where it is mixed with the 45-75 MHz synthesizer signal from the Synthesizer Board 611 to generate the first intermediate frequency signal of 45 MHz.

Before the signal is applied to the first mixer, the signal level is detected by the broadband detector. The 45 MHz IF signal is amplified in the grounded gate JFET amplifier and then filtered in the 45 MHz double sideband crystal filter, determining the overall AM selectivity. Before being fed to the 2nd mixer, the IF signal is passing through the MOSFET amplifier which has a variable gain controlled by the delayed AGC voltage. The 2nd mixer converts the 45 MHz IF signal to the 1.4 MHz IF signal by mixing with a 43.6 MHz synthesizer signal from the Synthesizer Board 611. After amplification in the grounded gate JFET amplifier, the 1.4 MHz signal is fed to the Information filter bank. Depending on the version (i.e. crystal filter options) and the selected mode, the 1.4 MHz signal is routed through one of the filters X2, X3, X4, X5 or the wide filter, controlled by the RU Control Board 674 via the serial data bus.

The now filtered 1.4 MHz signal is amplified in the 1.4 MHz amplifier strip IC4, Q14 and Q15. The voltage gain of the amplifier strip is controlled partly by the AGC voltage applied to IC4 and partly by the control line "IF-GAIN", which, when in logical high condition, increases the gain of Q14 with approx. 8 dB.

From the IF strip the signal is fed to the Signal Detector IC6. The integrated circuit of the Signal Detector contains a balanced mixer and a high gain limiting amplifier. The IF signal is applied to the one input port of the mixer.

In the modes H3E and H2A, the IF signal is also fed to the amplified input. This signal is amplified and clipped to constant amplitude and internally connected to the other input port of the mixer where it is mixed with the modulated signal. The difference frequency contains the wanted AF signal. In other modes but H3E and H2A a 1.4 MHz signal, derived from the



Synthesizer Board 611, is applied to the amplifier input. The unbalanced AF signal is filtered and converted to a balanced signal before it is fed to the flat cable connector PL1.

From the IF strip the signal is also fed to the AGC Detector consisting of two transistors in the integrated array IC28. The signal, which is now rectified to a DC voltage, is applied to the AGC Timing Circuit. The AGC voltage from the AGC Timing Circuit controls the overall gain of the receiver. The AGC voltage is also fed to the RU Control Board 674, where it is used in self test routines and, by means of a voltage to frequency converter, fed to the Control Unit controlling the signal strength meter on the front panel. When manual gain control (MGC) is selected the RU Control Board 674 generates a DC voltage which is fed to the receiver signal path instead of the AGC voltage. Subdiagram 5 shows the control circuits for the board and Subdiagram 6 shows the interface circuits to the serial data busses.

# PARTS LIST FOR RECEIVER SIGNAL PATH BOARD 668 VERSION 1

Printed Circuit Board Complete		107	566	81
IC1,3	4011B	850	401	10
IC2,29	LM2903	850	290	30
IC4,9,14,18,25	2003A	850	200	30
IC5,7	MC1458N	850	145	80
IC6	TBA 120 T	850	012	01
IC8	CD40106B	850	010	60
IC10	CD4053B	850	405	30
IC11,17	CD4051B	850	405	10
IC12	4017B	850	401	70
IC13	NE555	850	055	50
IC15	4013B	850	401	30
IC16	4081B	850	408	10
IC19,20	74C165	850	416	50
IC21-24	4094B	850	409	40
IC26	MA7805	850	780	50
IC27	MA7812	850	781	20
IC28	ULN2083A	850	208	30
IC30,31	HPF505 Balanced mixer	850	000	11
IC32	MC1350	850	135	00
IC33	CB303M2 Balanced mixer	850	030	30
Q1	BC327	840	032	70
Q2,17,18,20,22	BC557B	840	055	70
Q3,9,11,16,18,19	BC547B	840	054	70
Q4,5,10	BFR96	840	009	60
Q6,13	J310	840	031	03
Q7	J310 2 pcs. matched	840	031	02
Q12	BF981	843	098	10
Q14,15	BF240	840	024	00
Q21	BD645	842	064	50
D1,2,5,6,30,31, 41-44,46,60-62, 65-77,79,80	1N4148	830	414	80
D3,4	388A 114A	830	011	40
D7,18-26,35	BA423	830	042	30
D8-17,27-28,32-34, 36,51,52,54,83	BA479	833	047	90
D29	BZX79C12	832	791	21
D37-40	BA282	830	028	20
D45,47,48,50,53, 55-59,63,64	1S920	830	192	00
D49	BZX79B5V1	832	795	11
D78	BZX79B5V6	832	795	60
D81	BZX79C6V8	832	796	80
VR1	NEON LAMP	722	000	00
X1	45 HHZ Filter 2.7 kHz	383	571	01

# PARTS LIST FOR RECEIVER SIGNAL PATH BOARD 668 VERSION 1

X2	LSB Filter 1.4 MHz 1 kohm				385 112 03
X3	Narrow Filter +/-250 Hz				383 582 31
RL1-4	Relay 12V DIL				780 000 25
RL5	Relay 12V DR-12V				780 000 38
R1,218,223,224, 228,241,242,244	100 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 510 00
R2,3,8,15,21,40, 41,117,120,124- 125,133,138,144, 148,152,154,157, 160,171,179,186, 201,216	100 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 210 00
R4,5	220 ohm	5%	1.5W	MO	544 222 00
R6	75 ohm	5%	5W	MO	547 175 00
R7,13,18,26, 118,121,203	3.3 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 333 00
R9	68 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 168 00
R10	82 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 182 00
R11,12	226 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 222 60
R14,42,182	560 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 256 00
R16	100 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 210 00
R17	68 ohm	5%	1.5W	MO	544 168 00
R19,20	120 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 512 00
R22,207,233	47 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 447 00
R23,61,106,170, 184,226	4.7 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 347 00
R24,32,50-59	470 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 247 00
R25	56 ohm	5%	1.5W	MO	544 156 00
R27,71,164,222, 234,240	33 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 433 00
R28,29,175,188, 208,247,249	1.8 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 318 00
R30,66	15 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 415 00
R31	2.2 kohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 322 00
R33-38,44-47, 78	270 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 227 00
R39,230	22 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 122 00
R43	680 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 268 00
R48	820 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 282 00
R49,83	390 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 239 00
R60	590 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 259 00
R62,173	2.7 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 327 00

# PARTS LIST FOR RECEIVER SIGNAL PATH BOARD 668 VERSION 1

R64,65,95,102, 111,112,134, 166-168,210,229	10 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 410 00
R63,139,158,165	8.2 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 382 00
R67,194,206,220	56 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 156 00
R68	82 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 182 00
R69,143,215,236	470 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 547 00
R70	47 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 147 00
R72	301 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 230 10
R73,113,140,142	1.5 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 315 00
R74,90,91,180, 198,239	220 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 222 00
R75	90.3 ohm	1%	1/8W	MF	511 195 30
R76,77,123,147, 199,213,217,219, 221	1 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 310 00
R79,174	10 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 110 00
R80,214	390 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 239 00
R81,84	10 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 110 01
R82,88	270 ohm	5%	1/2W	Car.	502 227 00
R85,89,98, 128,145,211	47 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 147 00
R86	51.1 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 151 10
R87	48.7 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 148 70
R92	19.6 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 119 60
R93,108,132, 254,257	56 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 456 00
R94	7.5 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 075 00
R96,155,178,197, 200	27 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 127 00
R97,100	27.4 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 127 40
R99	237 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 523 70
R101	715 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 271 50
R103	56.2 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 456 20
R104	6.49 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 364 90
R105	14.7 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 414 70
R107	270 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 527 00
R109,149,150	820 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 282 00
R110	56 ohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 156 00
R114	511 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 251 10
R115	56.2 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 156 20
R116	46.4 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 146 40
R119,127	1.2 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 312 00

# PARTS LIST FOR RECEIVER SIGNAL PATH BOARD 668 VERSION 1

R122,129,136,141, 146,151,159,161, 162,205,231,258	5.6 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 356 00
R126,227	680 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 268 00
R130,137,156	120 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 212 00
R131,235	82 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 482 00
R135	18 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 418 00
R163,237,238,248	270 ohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 227 00
R169,172,259	2.2 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 322 00
R176,192	1.87 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 318 70
R177	33.2 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 133 20
R181	562 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 256 20
R183	825 ohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 282 50
R185	3.9 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 339 00
R187	3.48 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 334 80
R191	5.62 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 356 20
R193,196	82.5 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 482 50
R195	4.7 kohm			Pot.	582 347 00
R202,245	12 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 412 00
R204	220 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 522 00
R209	1.5 Mohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 615 00
R189,190	10 kohm	1%	1/4W	MF	511 410 00
R225	68 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 468 00
R232	10 Mohm	5%	1/4W	Car.	501 710 00
R243	1 Mohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 610 00
R246	22 kohm	5%	1/8W	Car.	500 422 00
R250	9x47 kohm			Sil.	530 000 07
R251-253,255	7x56 kohm			Sil.	530 000 13
C1,4-6,8,9, 12-17,21,27,44, 69-72,87-92,97, 105,109-112,116, 117,132,133,140, 145,151,166,172- 174,176-178,180, 185,190,192,194, 201-203,205,211, 215,218-221,224, 226,227,231,233, 238,239,243-247, 249,251,254,258, 261,262,266,267, 269,278,285,289- 292,300,301,304- 315,320,324,325, 327,329,330	0.1 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 510 00
C2,3	0.22 uF	10%	250V	Polyes.	624 522 01
C7,56,68,181, 270,277,288	22 nF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 422 00
C10,11	4.7 nF		63V	Cer.	602 347 02
C18	2.7 nF	10%		Cer.	602 327 00

# PARTS LIST FOR RECEIVER SIGNAL PATH BOARD 668 VERSION 1

C19,64,65,67	15 nF	20%	63V	Polyes.	622 415 01
C20,114,129, 142,150,303	0.47 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 547 01
C22,25,63,85	33 nF	20%	63V	Polyes.	622 433 00
C23,24	47 nF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 447 00
C26	68 nF	20%	63V	Polyes.	622 468 00
C28,38,149,163, 170,183,200, 225,326	150 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 215 00
C29,98,235,257	220 pF	1%	500V	Polyst.	615 222 00
C30,60	270 pF	1%	500V	Polyst.	615 227 00
C31,50,76,100, 101	390 pF	1%	500V	Polyst.	615 239 00
C32	2.7 nF	1%	125V	Polyst.	613 327 00
C33,47,48,74,99, 169,236	100 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 210 00
C34,39,55,73	82 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 182 00
C35	620 pF	1%	250V	Polyst.	614 262 00
C36,279	910 pF	1%	500V	Polyst.	615 291 00
C37,104	1.3 nF	1%	160V	Polyst.	613 313 00
C40,93,256	1.2 nF	1%	500V	Polyst.	615 312 00
C41,107,157,198	56 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 156 00
C42,53	33 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 133 01
C43,275	330 pF	1%	500V	Polyst.	615 233 00
C45,46,160,189, 222,223,228	120 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 212 00
C49,52,77,229, 253	470 pF	1%	630V	Polyst.	615 247 00
C51,62,154,164, 318	47 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 147 00
C57,113,138	0.33 uF	20%	63V	Polyes.	622 533 01
C58,130,131,135, 139,210	2.2 uF		25V	Sol. al	652 622 03
C59,106,115,134, 280,281,286	6.8 uF	20%	25V	Tan.	652 668 00
C61	18 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 118 00

# PARTS LIST FOR RECEIVER SIGNAL PATH BOARD 668 VERSION 1

C66,83,96, 118-128,137,175, 182,188,191,195, 204,206-209,212, 213,214,217,230,234, 237,240,242,248, 259,268,282,284, 321,322,328	10 nF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 410 01
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C75,159,162,165, 167,168,196	15 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 115 00
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C78	560 pF	1%	500V	Polyst.	615 256 00
C79,276	820 pF	1%	500V	Polyst.	615 282 00
C80,82,103	1 nF	1%	500V	Polyst.	615 310 01
C81	1.5 nF	1%	500V	Polyst.	615 315 00
C84	5.6 nF	1%	125V	Polyst.	613 356 00
C94,255	2.2 nF	1%	125V	Polyst.	613 322 00
C95	8.2 nF	1%	125V	Polyst.	613 382 00
C102	750 pF	1%	500V	Polyst.	615 275 00
C108,156	22 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 122 00

C136,146,147, 148,152,153,186, 187,216,241,252, 271,283,287	1 nF	10%	63V	Cer.	602 310 02
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C141,250	10 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 110 00
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C143,144,171, 272,319	0.22 uF	10%	63V	Polyes.	622 522 01
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C155	100 uF		25V	Sol. al	652 810 00
C158,314	2-9 pF		100V	Var.	683 009 00
C161,184	39 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 139 01
C179	4.5-26 pF			Var.	683 126 00
C193,232,264	22 uF		16V	Tan.	651 722 01
C199	27 pF	2%	63V	N150	602 127 00
C260	1 uF		35V	Tan.	652 610 01
C263,265,273,274	10 uF		63V	Sol. al	652 710 02
C293,294,302,323	6.8 uF		25V	Sol. al	652 668 01
C295-299	470 pF	10%	63V	Cer.	602 247 00

L1-5	4.7 mH	5%	RF Choke		740 347 00
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L6,7,50,51,53, 57,69	1000 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 310 04
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L8,39	0.15 uH	20%	RF Choke	IM4	740 001 51
L9,37,40	0.22 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 002 21
L10,87	0.33 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 003 30
L11,19,38	0.47 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 004 70
L12,43	0.68 uH	10%	RF Choke	IR2	740 006 81
L13,44,68	0.82 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 008 20
L14,74,80	4.7 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 047 02
L26,66,67,70	0.1 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 001 00

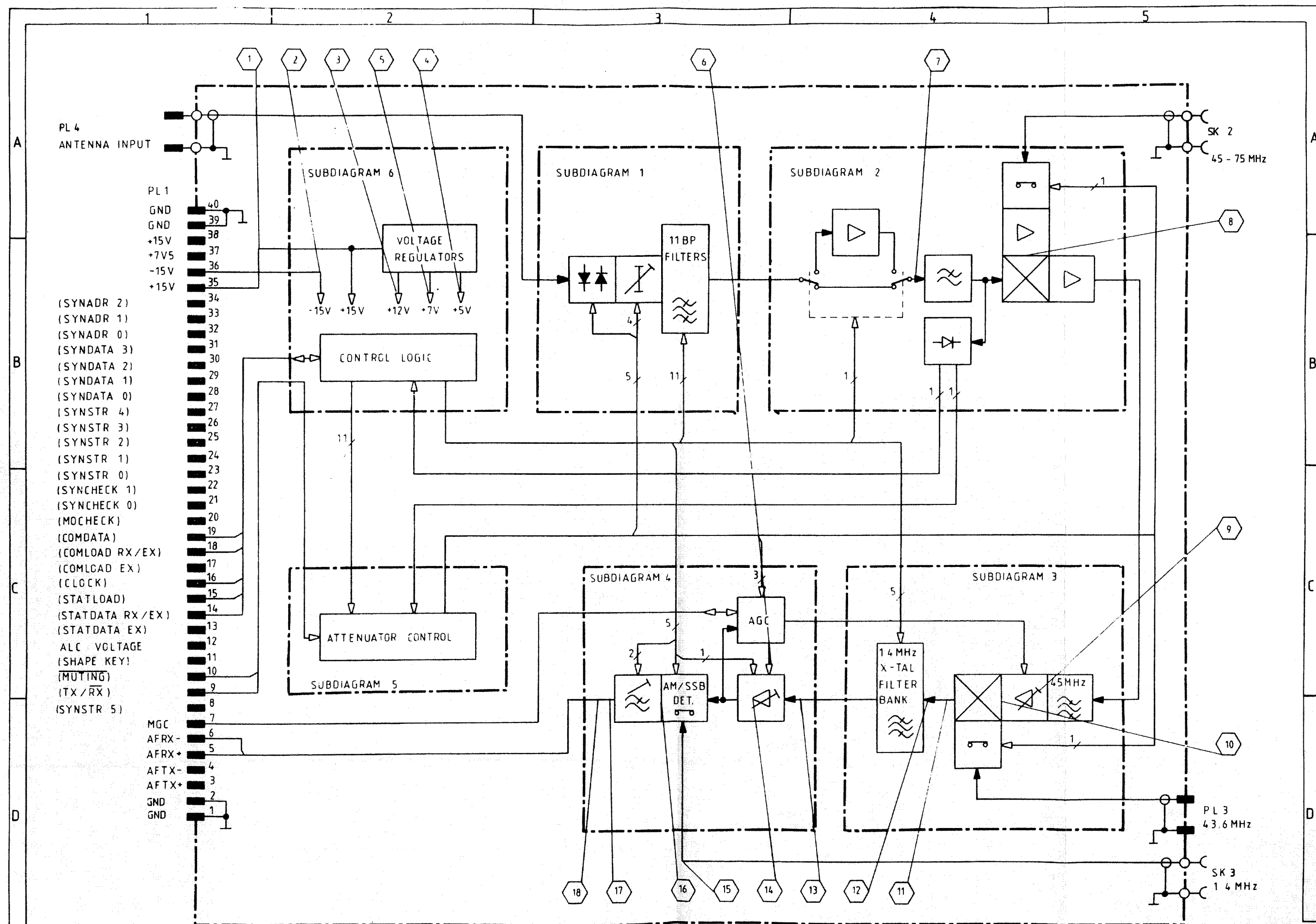
# PARTS LIST FOR RECEIVER SIGNAL PATH BOARD 668 VERSION 1

L34	6.8 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 068 01
L35,36	33 uH		RF Choke		740 133 01
L41,86	0.39 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 003 90
L45	3.9 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 039 00
L46,55,56,72	47 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 147 03
L47,77,78,82	22 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 122 02
L48	2.7 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 027 00
L49	470 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 247 02
L52,54,75,76,88	10 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 110 04
L58,59	2.2 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 022 02
L60	0.56 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 005 60
L61-65,71	0.15 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 001 50
L73	0.33 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM4	740 003 31
L79,81	220 uH	10%	RF Choke	IM2	740 222 02
L84	470 uH	5%	RF Choke		740 247 01
L85	0.27 uH	5%	RF Choke	IM2	740 002 71

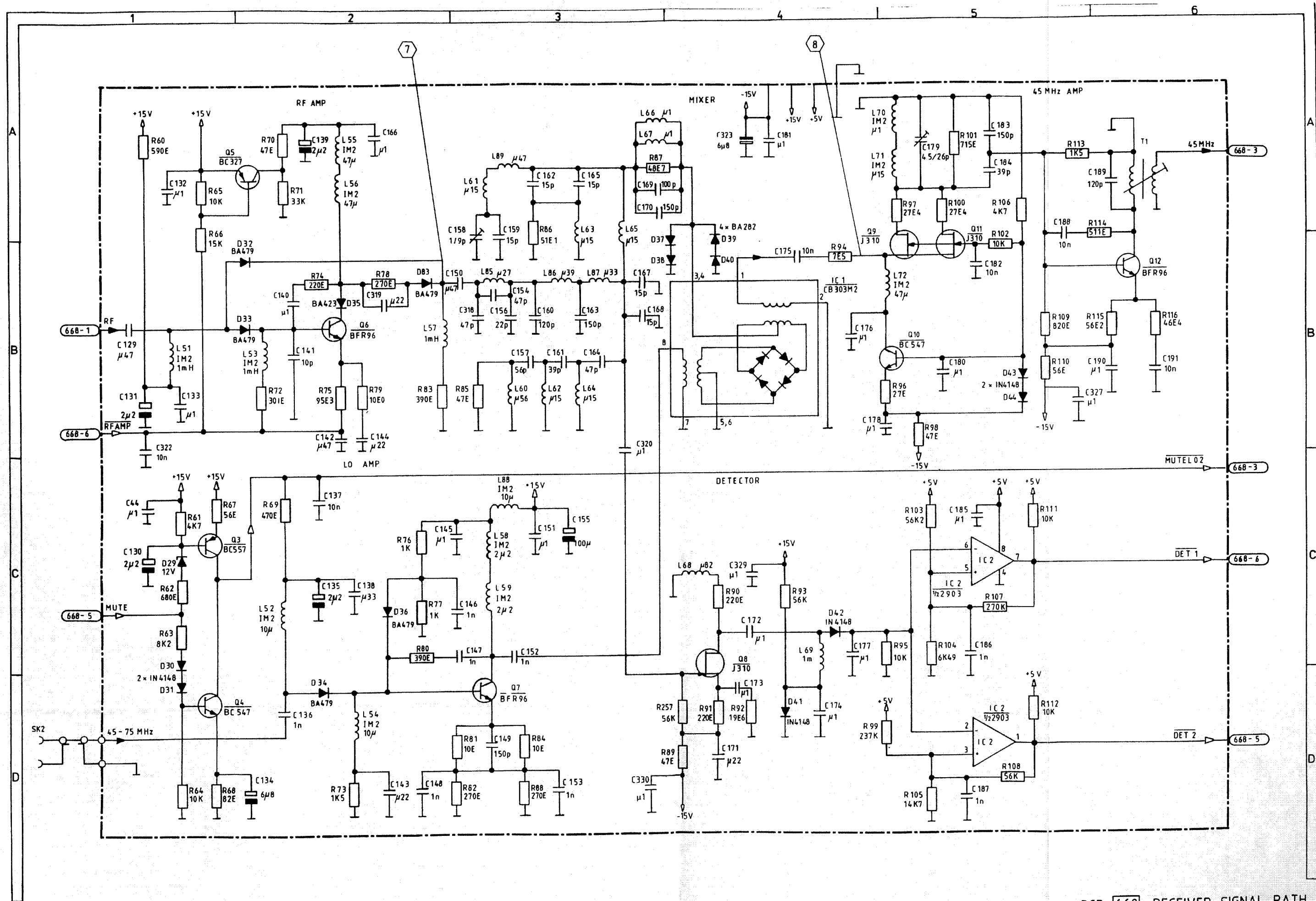




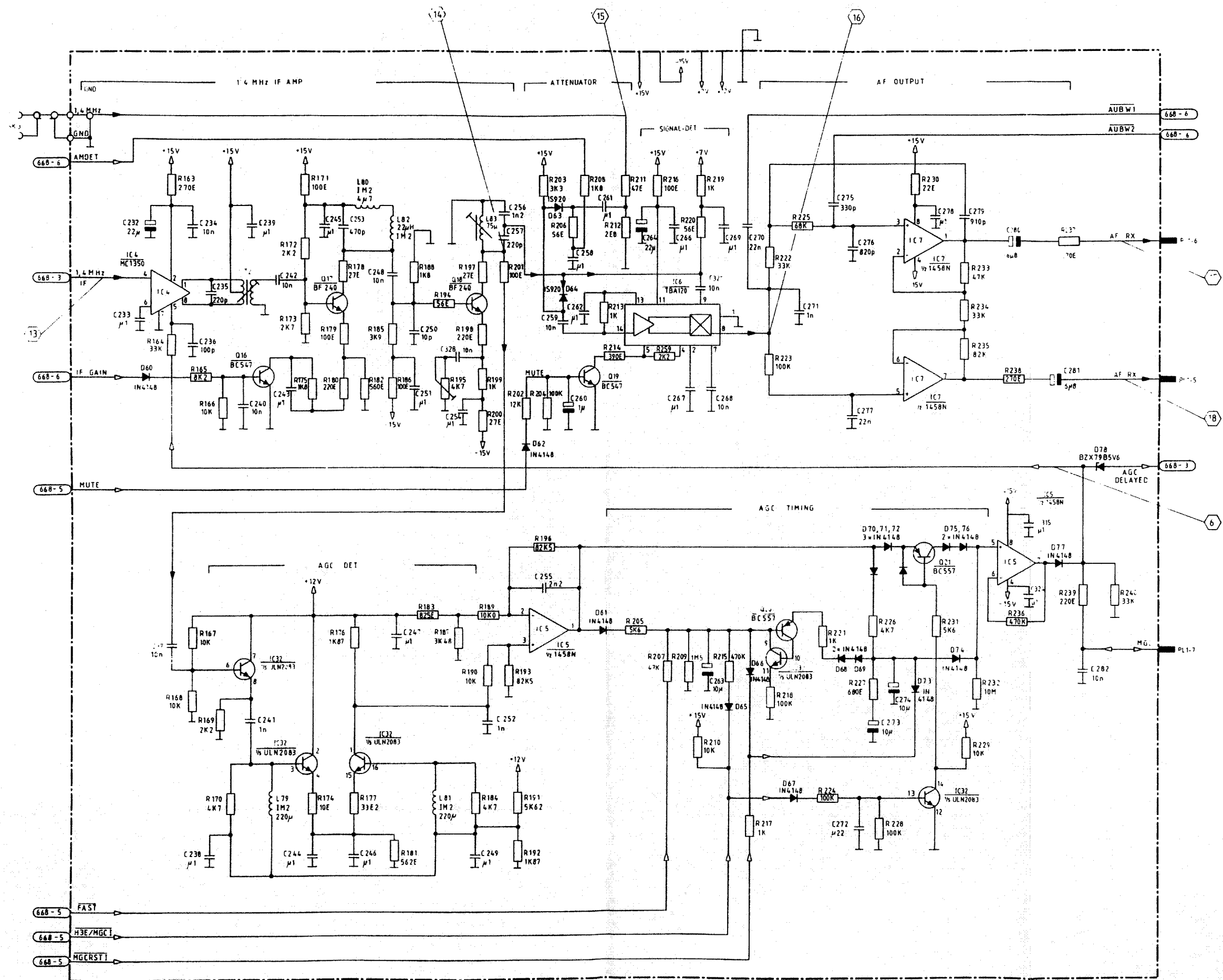


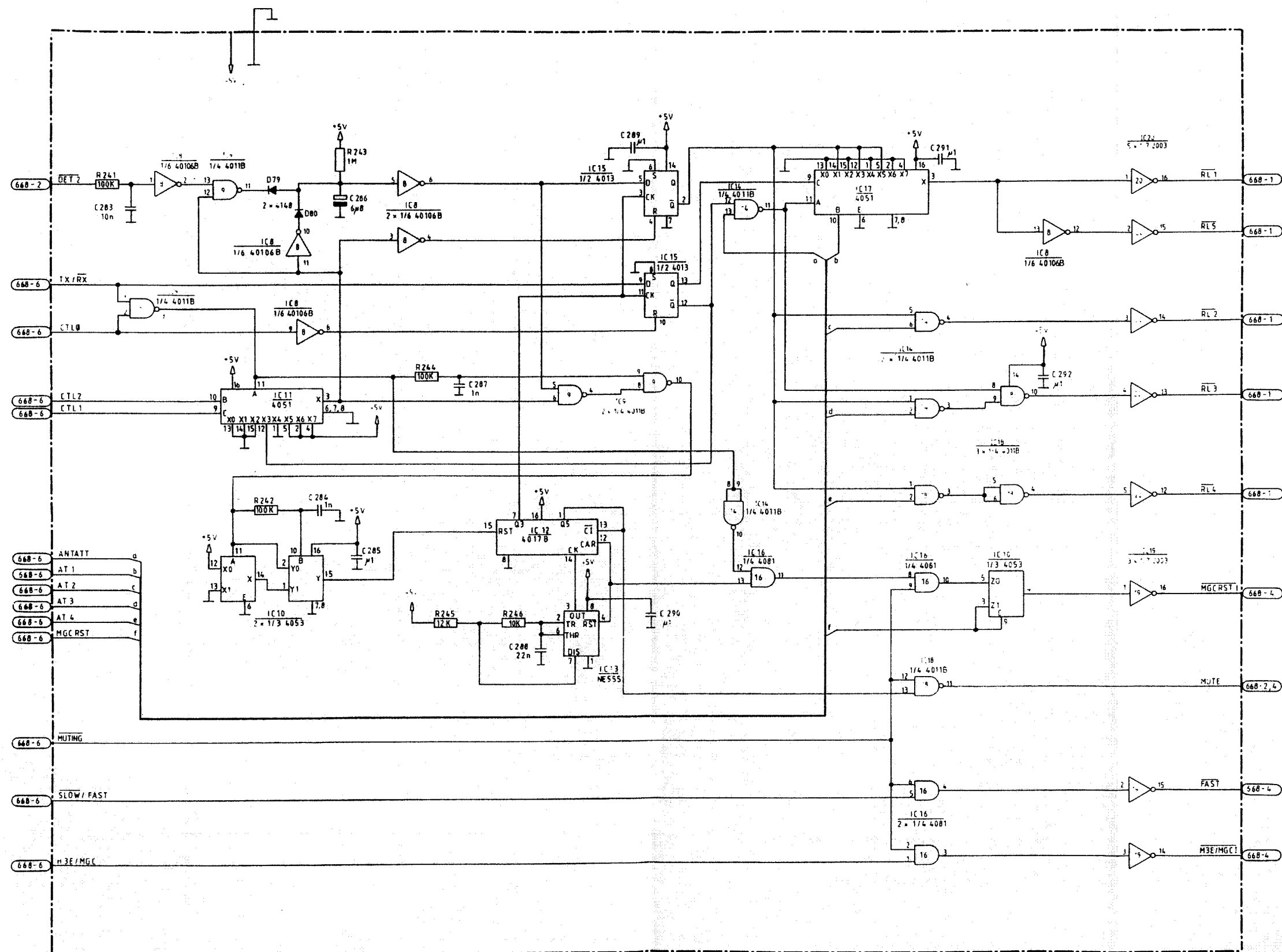












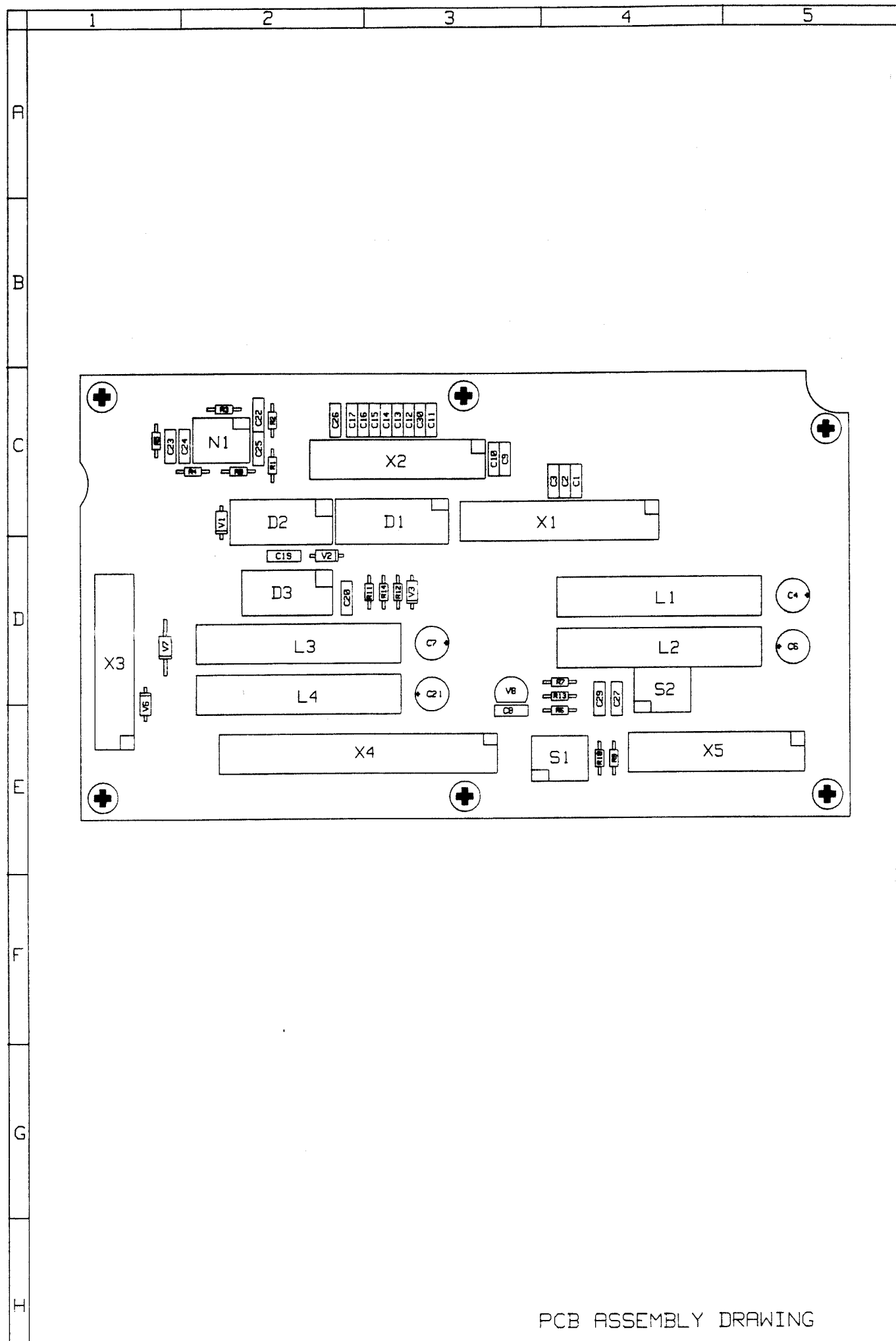




## TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

### RU Interconnection Board 670

The RU Interconnection Board acts as interface between RU, CU and PSA. A sawtooth generator on-board is used for duplex adjustment. It also contains a serial shift-register controlling the outputs from the option-board. Two dip-switches are located on the RU Interconnection Board. One is for baud rate setting in the RU/CU communication, please refer to the Installation-chapter in this manual. The other switch is used for redirection of AF-signals. Finally the board contains a level-shift circuit which converts the RX-RATE signal for detection when used in remote mode.



PCB ASSEMBLY DRAWING

# PARTS LIST FOR RU INTERCONNECTION BOARD 670 VERSION 1

Printed Circuit Board Complete				107	567	01
C1	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	00
C2	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	00
C3	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
C4	47uF	10%	Elyt.	652	747	01
C6	47uF	10%	Elyt.	652	747	01
C7	47uF	10%	Elyt.	652	747	01
C8	47nF	20%	poly.	622	447	00
C9	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
C10	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
C11	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
C12	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
C13	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
C14	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
C15	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
C16	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
C17	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
C19	100nF	20%	poly.	622	510	00
C20	100nF	20%	poly.	622	510	00
C21	47uF	10%	Elyt.	652	747	01
C22	100nF	20%	poly.	622	510	00
C23	100nF	20%	poly.	622	510	00
C24	1nF	20%	Cer.	602	310	02
C25	100nF	20%	poly.	622	510	00
C26	1uF	20%	poly.	622	610	03
C27	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
C29	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
C30	10nF	20%	poly.	622	410	01
D1	ULN2803	Driver		850	280	30
D2	CD4094	Shift register		850	409	40
D3	1489	RS-232 Driver		850	148	90
L1	25uH	10%	1585	740	125	00
L2	25uH	10%	1585	740	125	00
L3	25uH	10%	1585	740	125	00
L4	25uH	10%	1585	740	125	00
N1	1458	Dual op-amp		850	145	80
P1	Print			375	567	01
R1	180Kohm	MF	CR16	500	518	00
R2	10Kohm	MF	CR16	500	410	00
R3	390Kohm	MF	CR16	500	539	00
R4	47Kohm	MF	CR16	500	447	00
R5	47Kohm	MF	CR16	500	447	00
R6	270Kohm	MF	CR16	500	527	00
R7	10Kohm	MF	CR16	500	410	00
R8	1Kohm	MF	CR16	500	310	00
R9	12Kohm	MF	CR16	500	412	00
R10	12Kohm	MF	CR16	500	412	00
R11	1Kohm	MF	CR16	500	310	00
R12	2.2Kohm	MF	CR16	500	322	00
R13	2.2Kohm	MF	CR16	500	322	00
R14	12Kohm	MF	CR16	500	412	00
S1	KTD04	Switch		762	000	26
S2	KTD04	Switch		762	000	26
V1	1N4148	Diode		830	414	80
V2	39V	Zener Diode	BZX79C39	832	793	90

# PARTS LIST FOR RU INTERCONNECTION BOARD 670 VERSION 1

V3	4.7V	Zener diode	BZX79C4V7	832	794	71
V4	15V	Zener Diode	BZT03C15	832	031	50
V5	15V	Zener Diode	BZT03C15	832	031	50
V6	9.1V	Zener Diode	BZX79C9V1	832	799	11
V7	27V	Zener Diode	BZT03C27	832	032	70
V8	BC547B	Transistor		840	054	70
X1	3M	Male connector	20pol	756	020	03
X2	3M	Male connector	16pol	756	016	00
X3	3M	Male connector	16pol	756	016	00
X4	3M	Male connector	34pol	756	034	01
X5	3M	Male connector	16pol	756	016	00

